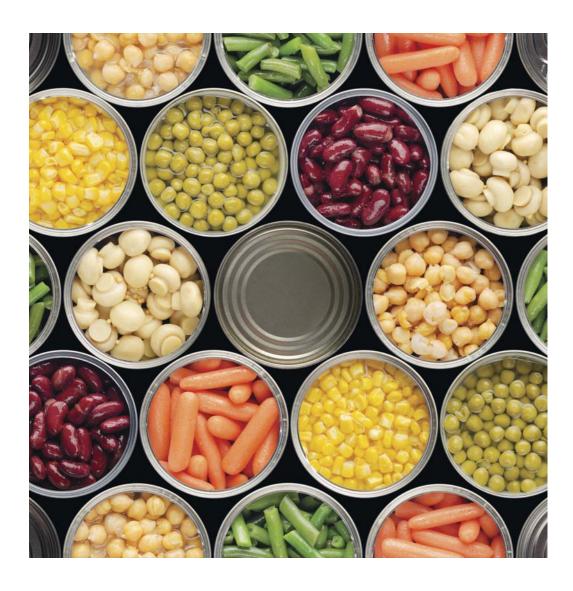
# Processed Food & Bev. Trade SA



The processed food & beverage trade supply chain directory

2022/23

sixth edition





dalrrd.gov.za thedtic.gov.za foodbevtrade.co.za



# WE CARE AS MUCH ABOUT YOUR CATCH AS YOU DO.

We became Africa's leading cold storage company by being just as committed to your haul as you are.

Every second of the day. Every day of the year. With perfect compliance, accountability and efficiency.

And a cool attitude, of course.

Our two quayside and five inland operations offer over

90 000 metric tons of multi-temperature warehousing in SA and Namibia. We have multiple quality accreditations and are container-friendly with de-stuffing and palletisation offerings. We also provide bonded warehousing and blast freezing at selected facilities as well as local container door-to-door transport and logistics solutions.



# Processed Food & Bev. Trade SA

The processed food & beverage trade supply chain directory



sixth edition

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Statistical information was drawn from the International Trade Centre's Trade Map, whose data is based on the United Nations Statistics Division's UN Comtrade, the world's largest database of trade statistics.

The publisher is responsible for the production of this directory and, to the best of its knowledge, the information contained herein is correct at the time of publication. Individual contributors are responsible for the content of their insertions and it should be noted that the products or services they describe may be subject to change without notice. The publishers does not accept responsibility for consequences of actions which may arise from errors contained in this directory.

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# **AgriBusiness**

As a partner in agriculture for over 100 years, Absa AgriBusiness understands that the soil connects us. It is the lifeblood that feeds our communities, opening doors to endless possibilities for shared economic growth. That is why farmers rely on us for supporting their planning and transforming their farming communities.

Absa has deep experience in developing tailored, world-class business solutions for all commodities in this sector. We understand agricultural businesses and the challenges they face. That is why we offer banking products and services that our clients need, from feeding to breeding.

We make managing your business easier by nurturing the crops that feed millions and stimulating the advancement of competitive new sector development. For Absa AgriBusiness, investing in our farming communities means investing in the the livelihoods of our people, thereby growing and sustaining our economy.

# We do more so you can. That's Africanacity.

For more detailed information, please visit our website at www.absa.co.za

#### **Foreword**



The Department of Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development is pleased to say a word on the 6th edition of the Food & Beverage Trade SA Directory. The publication is a unique compilation of information on South African agro-processed exports. It also provides some guide in the form of a step-by-step export chapter for the emerging and aspiring South African exporters.

Agro-industries provide a means of converting raw agricultural materials into value-added products which generate additional income and create employment while contributing to economic development. The South African agricultural and agro-processing

supply chains fulfill a wide range of functions vital to the well-being of our people and the economy. Locally available, accessible and affordable food is important for food security, while sustainable and expanding business provides the country with valuable foreign exchange and jobs. The collection of accurate information on product volumes and trends is an important contribution to showcase South African agro-processors and exporters to international buyers.

The services delivered by government as collective promotes efficient industrialization while also ensuring national food quality control. The agricultural sector provides an business efficient supply chain from farm to fork. Government through its support services aims to contribute to the economy through sustaining and improving on advanced food supply chains, while also endeavor to promote the application of cutting edge of technology to sustain the integrity of the food safety system.

This directory displays some of the advanced products and services that the South African agro-processing sector can offer to international buyers as a credible and reliable supplier of agricultural and food products. South Africa is blessed with a plethora of diverse and advanced agro-processing value chains that instill confidence in South African products. As the country continue to explore new markets to diversify and increase exports, our foreign government offices worldwide could use this publication to market a range of produce and service providers from South Africa.

I wish to thank participants that contributed to the development of this directory to showcase South African products to the world.

Ms A.T. Didiza (MP)

Minister: Department of Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development



As the success of a business is usually measured in its ability to keep track of the effectiveness of business management practices and to proactively implement changes to improve on areas of concern, streamlining your business procedures is required. By going digital, the SIZA Recordkeeping Programme will eliminate redundant and time-consuming processes that usually involve paperwork and streamline business procedures, allowing you to:



Track real-time



Stay effortlessly organised



Enjoy maximum data security



Take care of the planet



Prepare for carbon tax

The SIZA Digital Recordkeeping Programme is integrated as part of the MySIZA platform and is available to all businesses, both locally and internationally, and does not require SIZA Social or Environmental membership.

Find out more: www.siza.co.za

To register for the SIZA Digital Recordkeeping Programme, please contact the SIZA office on 021 852 8184 or send an email to enviro@siza.co.za.





# SUSTAINABILITY INITIATIVE OF SOUTH AFRICA (SIZA)

#### South Africa Supplies Ethically

South Africa remains the only country in the world to incorporate its own history, challenges, legislation, and norms into a globally accepted way forward in the form of a standard such as SIZA. Driving a programme like SIZA is vital in allowing South African producers, emerging growers, agri-workers, and the entire value chain involved in production to adhere to standards, legislation, and global market requirements.

SIZA actively focuses on reducing costs to the member and preventing unnecessary duplication of audits, whilst driving efficiency with an increased focus on corporate social responsibility, accountability, trust, and a foundation of improving the lives of all those living and working within the agri-sector.

#### Local and International Recognition

SIZA is a multisector, agri-wide South African standard, developed, owned, and operated from within South Africa. SIZA is aligned to global best practices on both social (ethical) compliance and environmental assurance which relates into recognition and equivalence in more than 17 countries. SIZA has endorsed a credible third-party social and environmental audit programme with audits conducted by recognised audit companies. SIZA is focused on continuous improvement and drives a cost-effective business approach by supplying one ethical and one environmental audit for growers in South Africa and neighbouring countries.

#### **Ensuring World-Class Agricultural Products**

SIZA, the Sustainability Initiative of South Africa, supports growth, sustainability, and productivity by caring for the environment, respecting the rights of workers, and initiating safe working and living conditions to ensure world-class agricultural products for the local and global market.



#### Digital Monitoring

SIZA has an effective and modern data platform, called MySIZA, which is used for managing and sharing data on social practices and environmental assurance

throughout the value chain. We also share SIZA audit data on Sedex through the SIZA AB account and via an API link with the GLOBALG.A.P. platform.



#### **Environmental Assurance**

The SIZA Environmental programme offers a standalone or a combined solution third-party audit methodology to members who need to complete the GLOBALG.A.P. Integrated Farm Assurance (IFA) audit as well as SIZA Environmental. While the combined audit takes place at the same time, two separate audit reports are generated and the SIZA Environmental Audit Report is uploaded to the MySIZA data platform to ensure visibility to multiple buyers.

SIZA is and remains the way forward for the agricultural industry in South Africa, allowing practices to be monitored, evaluated, and reported to all relevant stakeholders. Facilitating market engagement, governmental partnerships and ensured individual liability leads to a behaviour of change towards becoming improvement-led, rather than focused on mere minimum compliance. To drive this approach, we need the support and the acceptance from our global buyers. We would like to urge you as an important partner and key player in our value chain to trust and accept the programme and to recognise that SIZA is driving a risk and hands-on approach in ensuring global credibility and minimising risks.

Contact details:

# **About the directory**

#### THE DIRECTORY LAYOUT

The directory is divided into 4 sections:

#### **SECTION 1**

#### **Plant Products**

Export product information and statistics.

#### **SECTION 2**

#### **Animal Products**

Export product information and statistics.

#### **SECTION 3**

#### **Step-by-Step Export Manual**

This manual provides a deeper understanding of processes and requirements applicable to processed produce exporters in South Africa.

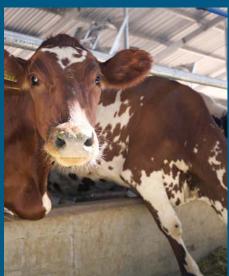
#### **SECTION 4**

#### **Food Trade Service Providers**

The section is in chronological order and contains all relevant service provider contact, produce and service group information.











### PLANTING THE SEEDS TO DEVELOP AGRO-INDUSTRIES

The Industrial Development Corporation's Agro Processing and Agriculture Strategic Business Unit (SBU) supports a wide range of economically viable activities in the horticulture, food and beverage, animal protein (meat, dairy and aquaculture) and forestry sectors. Investing in this industry is critical to the economic direction of the country's development plans. It is for this reason we encourage development in the sector via, amongst others, on-going economic growth, job creation and inclusivity.

Our strategic focus is to facilitate competitive import replacement in South Africa and the rest of the African continent, capitalize on our niche and high value crops (including those exported), as well as to support job-rich sub-sectors, rural development and inclusive development models, thereby promoting transformation and inclusivity in this sector. Currently the SBU has over R5 billion of exposure and commitments in this sector and plans to increase its role in this highly important value chain. We are taking the lead in developing the Agro-Industry to reach its full potential by providing on-site job opportunities and turning raw products into consumable goods in the agro processing sector. We also look at financing projects with backward integration, adopting a value chain approach.

The IDC partners with new or existing companies within the Agro-Industries sector that plan to create new or expand their industrial capacity to create sustainable jobs and viable businesses. We also consider supporting BBBEE acquisitions for expansionary purposes in this sector and can consider financing in the rest of the continent as well.

Agro-Industries are often based in rural areas, and therefore we remain committed to developing the agriculture value chain. An increased agricultural output will not only result in the creation of additional rural agro-processing businesses but will also boost the country's food security and economic growth. Promoting BEE and broad-based participation in turn supports transformation and inclusivity in this sector.

If you require funding, apply to the IDC by submitting a complete business plan. A business plan guide can be found on the IDC website.

For more information visit www.idc.co.za



Your partner in development finance



Agri SA is the biggest federation of agricultural organisations in South Africa. It was established in 1904 as the South African Agricultural Union. It consists of provincial affiliates, commodity organisations and corporate members.



To secure an inclusive and prosperous agricultural sector.



We enable farmers.



# VALUES

Agri SA and its members

Trust • Respect • Collaboration

# What Agri SA offers

- Securing an inclusive, prosperous and growing agricultural sector through various risk, policy and growth solutions.
- Dedicated units focus on mitigating risks brought on through rural safety, disaster management, drought aid, trade, pest control and biosecurity, to name a few.
- Advocates for conducive policy on land, legislation, environment, labour, economics, trade and development.
- Leverage our inclusive network to unlock agricultural growth opportunities, such as agricultural
  development, funding, industry research, trade, training, networking and marketing opportunities.

# SA agriculture overview



The South African agricultural sector had a fruitful 2020. Over and above the 13,1% positive GDP growth, the total export value of agricultural products came in at R167 billion for the year. This was an increase of 18,1% in value terms. This was mainly underpinned by the sterling exports of fruits and nuts, as they accounted for 38% or R63 billion of the total agricultural export basket.

Worth noting is that the exports of cereals had the highest growth rate, 98,3%, relative to the prior year (2019). This comes at the back of the second largest maize harvest in history. Furthermore, cereals led the list of products exported to Zimbabwe, resulting in a 158,4% jump in agricultural exports to the neighbouring country.

Agri SA represents an

# FOOD PRODUCING SECTOR



**16 000 Farmers** 

9 Provinces 26 Commodities







**57** Corporate Members

# **AGRICULTURE CONTRIBUTES TO A GROWING:**

Sector • Economy • Job creation • Social stability

- T | +27 (0)12 643 3400
- E I agrisa@agrisa.co.za
- A I Block A, Inkwazi Office Park 1249 Embankment Road, Centurion, Gauteng, South Africa





Through our engaged people, innovative product solutions and sustainable business practices, AECI Food & Beverage supply a range of technology driven and consumer led additive, ingredients and processing aids into the Food Industry.

Our focussed product portfolio includes products/solutions into the following industries:

- Dairy
- Beverage
- Health & Nutrition
- Commodity and Processing Aids

Contact us today for a solution to suit your needs!
Johannesburg: +27 11 409 5000 / Cape Town: +27 21 958 2180

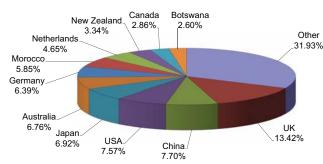


#### PROCESSED PLANT AND BEVERAGE PRODUCTS

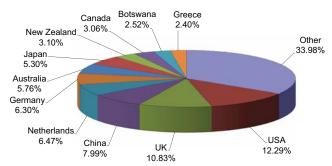
# **SECTION 1**

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Sugar Crop Products	1-43
Grain Crop Products	1-49
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Spices & Additives	1-64
Ready-Made Food*	1-70
Beverages	1-73

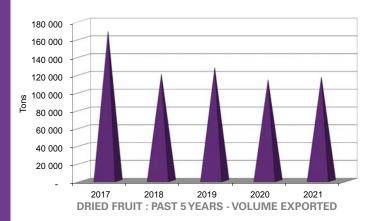
<sup>\*</sup>may contain animal protein



**DRIED FRUIT: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**DRIED FRUIT: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



# **DRIED FRUIT**



HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 0813 30.35% 1.3% 15(14) 2008 1.02% 1.0% 21(20)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

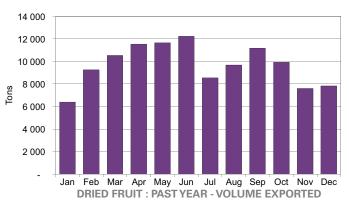
Note that **RAISINS** are not included in this group and features on its own page.

# **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**Dried Fruit Technical Services

**PRESERVATION**Dried or Sugared

# PACKAGING Rottled Tubbed or Ragges

# Bottled, Tubbed or Bagged

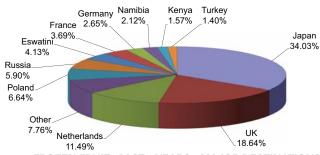


RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES

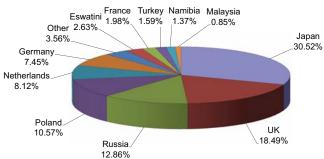


<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

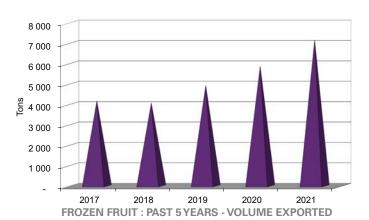
# FROZEN FRUIT

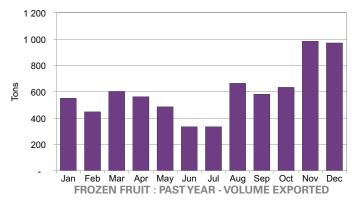


FROZEN FRUIT: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



FROZEN FRUIT: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 0811 21.93% 0.4% 40(45)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PASTYEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

#### INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

PRESERVATION

Frozen

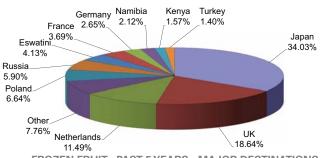
#### PACKAGING

Tubbed or Bagged

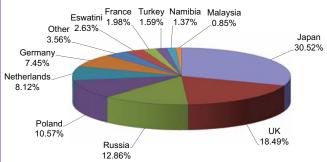
#### **EXPORTERS**



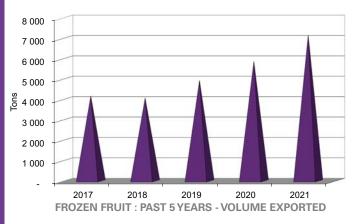
# FROZEN FRUIT



FROZEN FRUIT: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



FROZEN FRUIT: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 0811 21.93% 0.4% 40(45)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION GROWTH PASTYEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

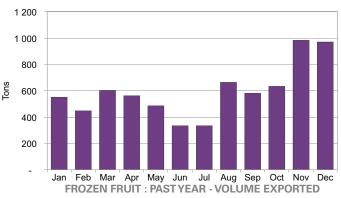
#### **PRESERVATION**

Frozen

#### **PACKAGING**

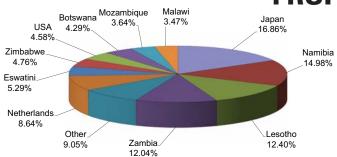
Tubbed or Bagged

#### **EXPORTERS**

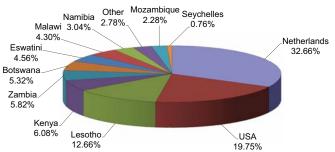


**RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES** 

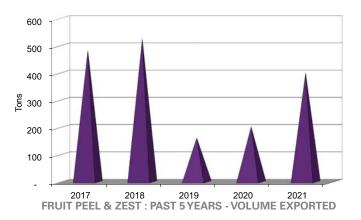
# FRUIT PEEL & ZEST



FRUIT PEEL & ZEST: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



FRUIT PEEL & ZEST: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING: 0814 -90.57% 0.2% 33(24) 200600 164.43% <0.1% 51(49)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED
\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

#### INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

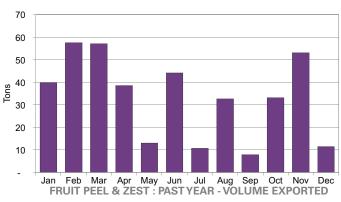
### PRESERVATION

Dried, Sugared

#### PACKAGING

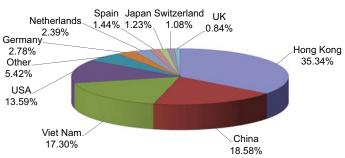
Bottled, Tubbed, Bagged or Boxed

#### **EXPORTERS**

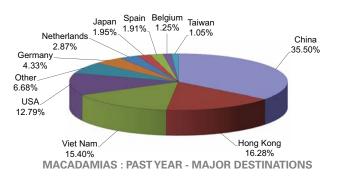


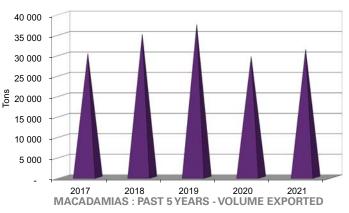
RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES

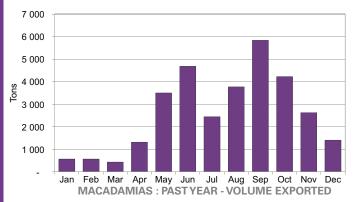
# **MACADAMIA NUTS**



**MACADAMIAS: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 









HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 080261 13.24% 39.4% 1(1) 080262 -3.84% 30.0% 1(1)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

#### \*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

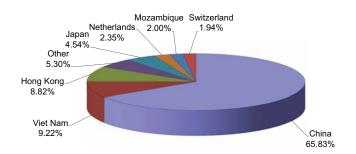
## INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

# **PRESERVATION**Dried

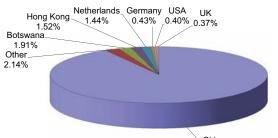
# **PACKAGING**Canned, Tubbed, Bagged or

# Canned, Tubbed, Bagged or Boxed

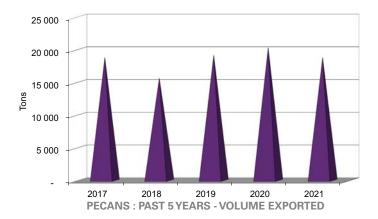


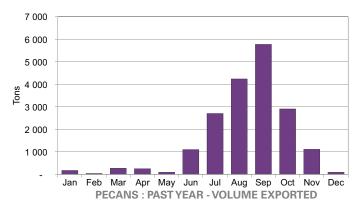


PECANS: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



PECANS: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS





# **PECAN NUTS**



HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 080290 -7.45% 6.8% 4(4)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

\*\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

South African Pecan Nut Association

#### **PRESERVATION**

Dried

#### **PACKAGING**

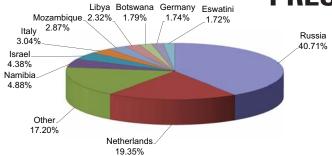
Canned, Tubbed, Bagged or Boxed

#### **EXPORTERS**

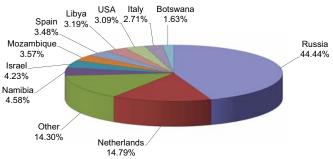




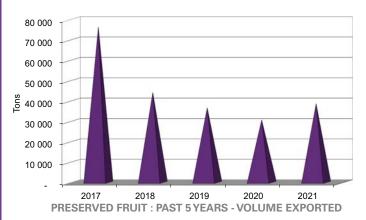
# PRESERVED FRUIT

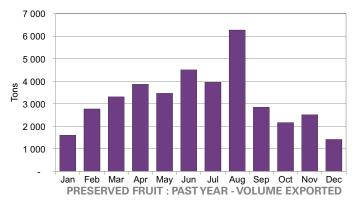


PRESERVED FRUIT: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



PRESERVED FRUIT: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS







HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 0812 213.51% 0.2% 24(28) 2007 24.78% 0.8% 26(28)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PASTYEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED
\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

SA Fruit and Vegetable Canners Association

#### **PRESERVATION**

Pasteurised

#### **PACKAGING**

Canned, Bottled or Tubbed

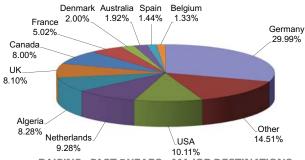
#### **EXPORTERS**



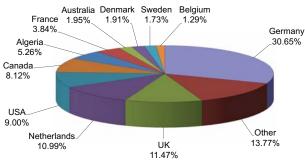


The finest fruit from the sun-filled Breede River Valley

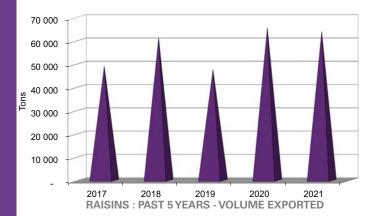
# **RAISINS**

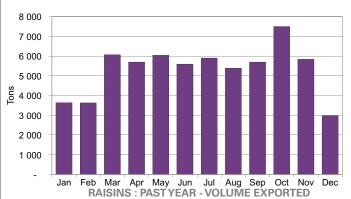


**RAISINS: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**RAISINS: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 080620 -2.44% 6.9% 5(4)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

#### INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

**Dried Fruit Technical Services** 

#### **PRESERVATION**

Dried

#### PACKAGING

Tubbed or Bagged

#### **EXPORTERS**

**RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES** 



<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS



# BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY BEAUTIFUL RAISINS







## RAISINSA.CO.ZA

9 Groenpunt Way, Office 1, Keidebees · +27 54 495 0283 · admin@raisinsa.co.za

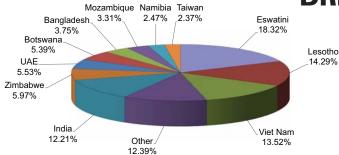








## DRIED LEGUMES



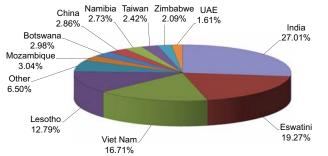
DRIED LEGUMES : PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 0713 -31.01% 0.3% 35(37)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS



**DRIED LEGUMES: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 

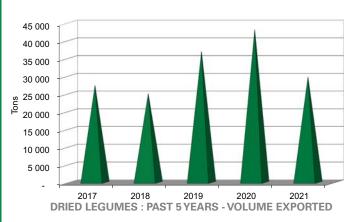
#### INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

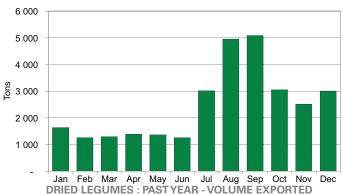
# PRESERVATION

Dried

PACKAGING
Tubbed, Bagged or Boxed

#### **EXPORTERS**







# From Producer to the World WAG



# Responsible Food Production, Sourcing and Supply.









**SUSTAINABILITY** 



**LOW CARBON FOOTPRINT** 

# Good Food. Good Health. Good Life.



Green split peas



Lentils



Beans



Chickpeas



Popcorn

011 762 5261 | www.agtfoods.co.za | sales.za@agtfoods.co.za

















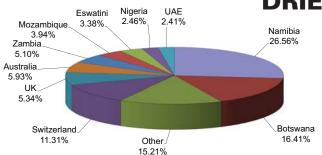








# DRIED VEGETABLES



**DRIED VEGETABLES: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 071290 81.46% < 0.1% 56(48)

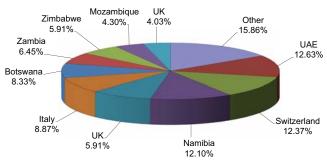
SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

# **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION PRESERVATION** Dried

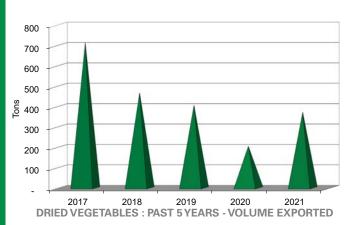
#### **PACKAGING**

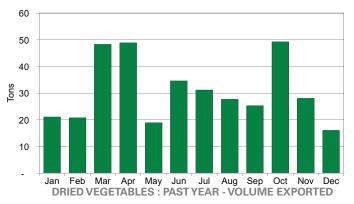
Tubbed, Bagged or Boxed

#### **EXPORTERS**



**DRIED VEGETABLES: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 

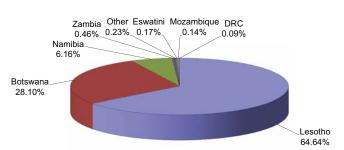




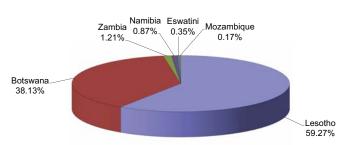
**RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES** 

<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

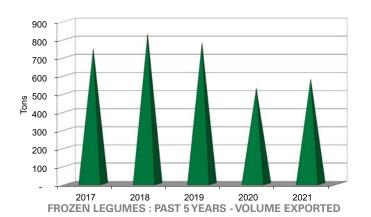
# FROZEN LEGUMES

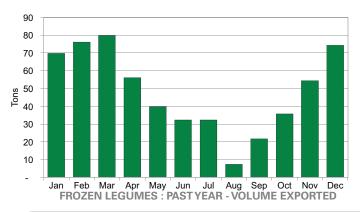


FROZEN LEGUMES: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



FROZEN LEGUMES: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD **MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 071029** 9.45% <0.1% 52(23)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

**PRESERVATION** 

Frozen

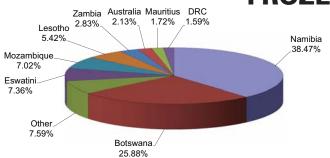
**PACKAGING** Tubbed, Bagged or Boxed

**EXPORTERS** 

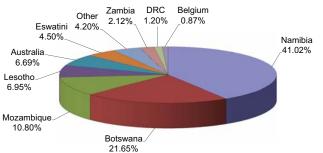


<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

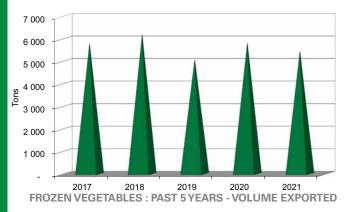
# FROZEN VEGETABLES

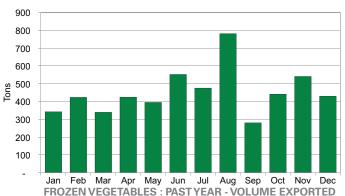


FROZEN VEGETABLES: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



FROZEN VEGETABLES: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS







HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 071080 -6.84% <0.1% 52(49) 071090 -11.81% 0.5% 23(19) 200490 -0.43% 0.3% 24(32)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION

#### INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

**PRESERVATION** 

Pasteurised

PACKAGING
Tubbed, Bagged or Boxed

#### **EXPORTERS**

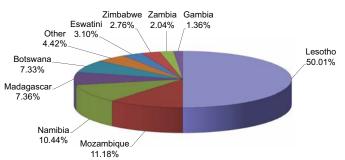
See **Service Providers** section for more information.



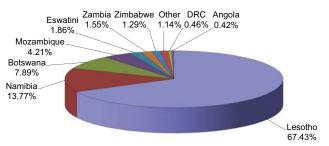
RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES

<sup>\*</sup>GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED
\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

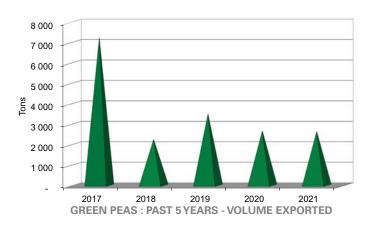
# **GREEN PEAS**



**GREEN PEAS: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**GREEN PEAS: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 071021 -8.20% 0.1% 34(31) 071310 -6.18% 0.3% 35(32) 200540 39.74% 0.1% 39(29)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION

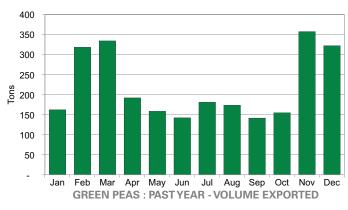
#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

PRESERVATION

Pasteurised

PACKAGING
Canned or Bagged

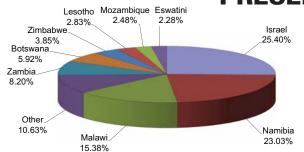
#### **EXPORTERS**



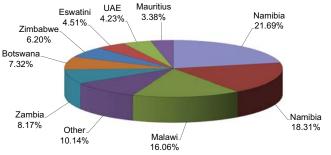
RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES

<sup>\*</sup>GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED
\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

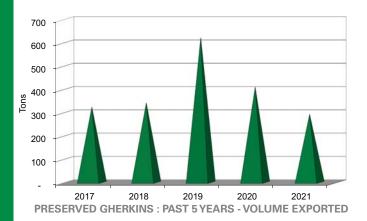
# **PRESERVED GHERKINS**

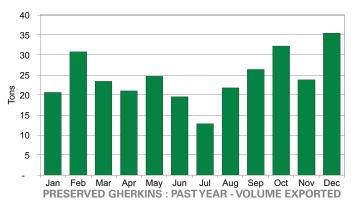


PRESERVED GHERKINS: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



PRESERVED GHERKINS: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 071140 -74.04% 0.1% 25(13) 200110 -13.07% 0.1% 47(44)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

#### INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

PRESERVATION

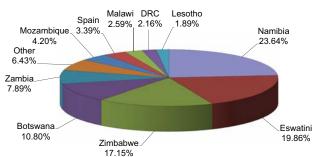
# Pasteurised, Pickled

PACKAGING Bottled

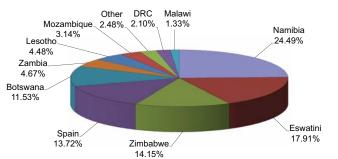
#### **EXPORTERS**



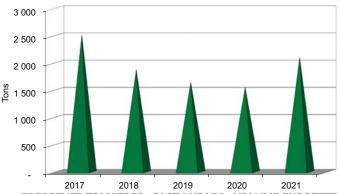
# **PRESERVED TOMATOES**



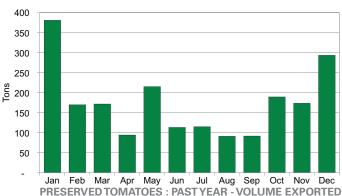
PRESERVED TOMATOES: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



PRESERVED TOMATOES: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



PRESERVED TOMATOES: PAST 5 YEARS - VOLUME EXPORTED



HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 2002 35.22% <0.1% 52(46)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

For **TOMATO SAUCE** see the Sauces & Soups section.

# INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

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# PRESERVATION Pasteurised, Pickled

PACKAGING Canned

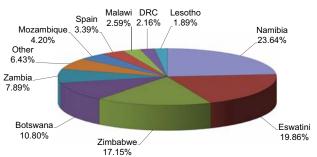
#### **EXPORTERS**



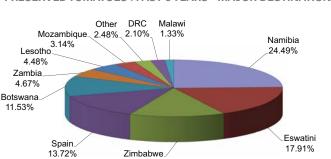
**RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES** 

<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

# PRESERVED TOMATOES

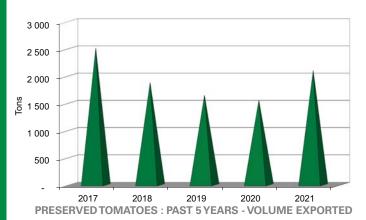


PRESERVED TOMATOES: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



PRESERVED TOMATOES: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS

14.15%



400
350
300
250
150
100
50
Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec PRESERVED TOMATOES: PAST YEAR - VOLUME EXPORTED

HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 2002 35.22% <0.1% 52(46)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

For **TOMATO SAUCE** see the Sauces & Soups section.

INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

**PRESERVATION**Pasteurised, Pickled

PACKAGING Canned

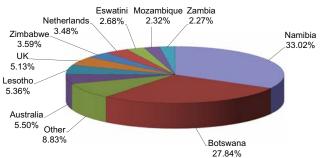
#### **EXPORTERS**



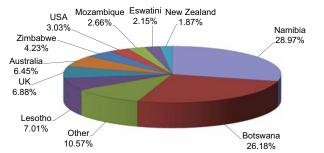
<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

**VEGETABLES & LEGUMES** 

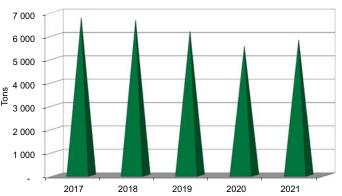
# **PRESERVED VEGETABLES (OTHER)**



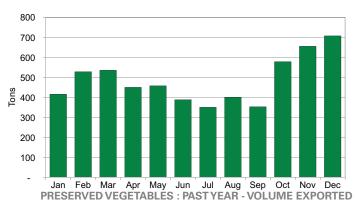
PRESERVED VEGETABLES: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



PRESERVED VEGETABLES: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



PRESERVED VEGETABLES: PAST 5 YEARS - VOLUME EXPORTED



HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 071190 -49.17% 0.5% 25(25) 200599 17.29% 0.2% 43(40)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

# PRESERVATION Pastourised Pickley

Pasteurised, Pickled

#### PACKAGING

Canned or Bottled

#### **EXPORTERS**



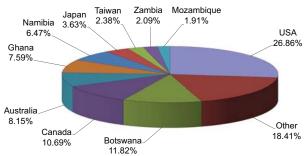
10.94%

### FRUIT & VEGETABLE JUICES

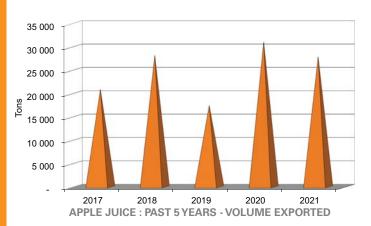
#### Mauritius Germany Philippines Ghana 3.40% 2.15% 1.94% 5.22% Other Japan 30.28% 5.38% Namibia 8.62% Canada USA 8.64% Australia 11.82% **Botswana**

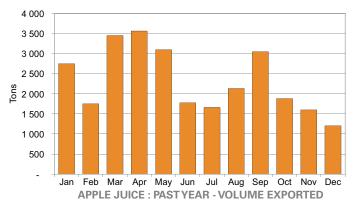
#### **APPLE JUICE: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS**

11.61%



**APPLE JUICE: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





# **APPLE JUICE**



HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 200971 15.31% 1.9% 13(—) 200979 -25.11% 1.3% 14(23)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

SA Fruit Juice Association

### **PRESERVATION**

Pasteurised

#### **PACKAGING**

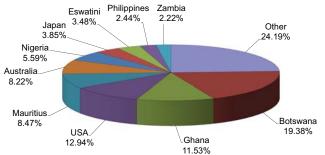
Canned, Bottled or Boxed

#### **EXPORTERS**

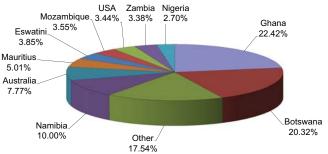




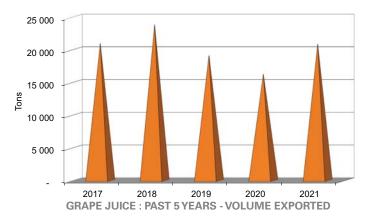
# **GRAPE JUICE**

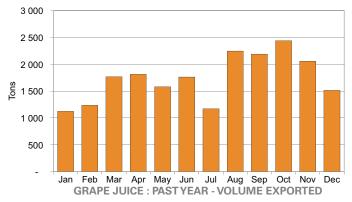


**GRAPE JUICE: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**GRAPE JUICE: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 200961 38.12% 4.3% 6(7) 200969 13.71% 1.2% 6(6)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED
\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

SA Fruit Juice Association

#### **PRESERVATION**

Pasteurised

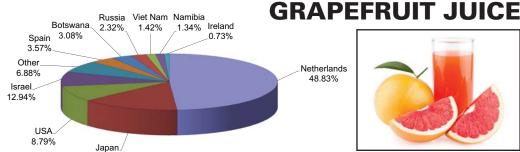
#### **PACKAGING**

Canned, Bottled or Boxed

#### **EXPORTERS**

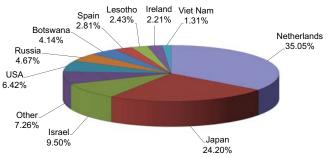




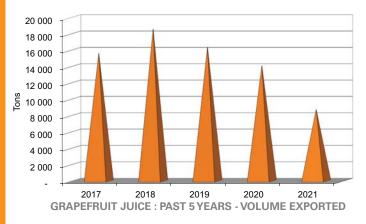


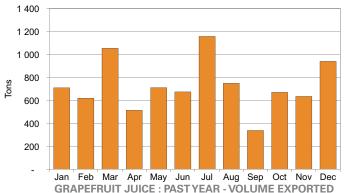
#### **GRAPEFRUIT JUICE: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS**

14.71%



**GRAPEFRUIT JUICE: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 200921 -95.02% 3.9% 9(9) 200929 -15.75% 16.9% 3(2)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

SA Fruit Juice Association

#### **PRESERVATION**

Pasteurised

#### **PACKAGING**

Canned, Bottled or Boxed

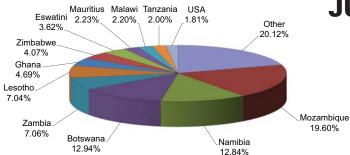
#### **EXPORTERS**



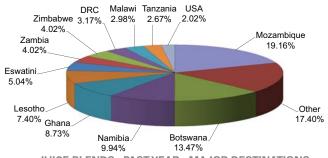


<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

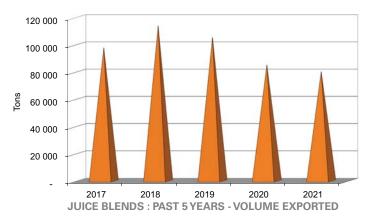
# **JUICE BLENDS**

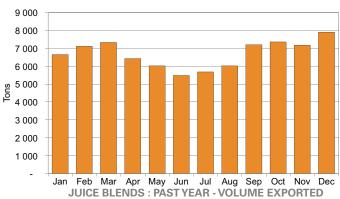


JUICE BLENDS: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



JUICE BLENDS: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 200990 -5.78% 3.3% 8(7)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

# INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

SA Fruit Juice Association

#### PRESERVATION

Pasteurised

#### PACKAGING

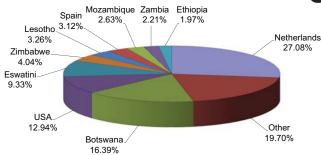
Canned, Bottled or Boxed

#### **EXPORTERS**

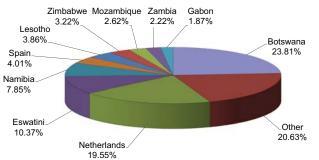




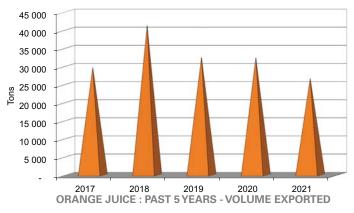
# ORANGE JUICE

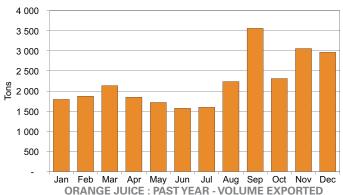


**ORANGE JUICE: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**ORANGE JUICE: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 







HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 200911 -55.57% 1.3% 9(11) 200912 47.87% 0.2% 24(26) 200919 -9.62% 1.6% 5(6)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED
\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

SA Fruit Juice Association

#### **PRESERVATION**

Pasteurised, Frozen

#### **PACKAGING**

Canned, Bottled or Boxed

#### **EXPORTERS**







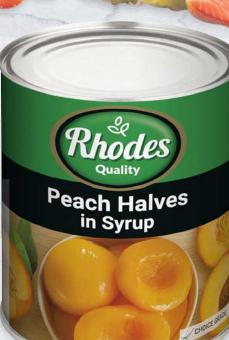
WWW.RFG.COM



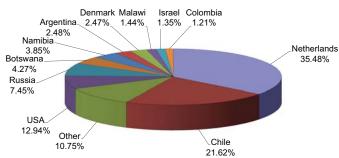




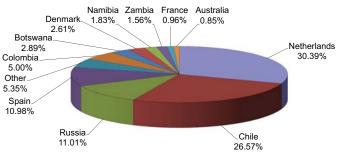




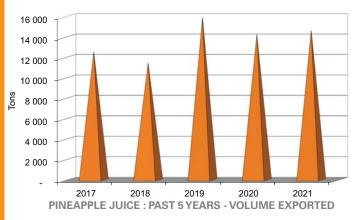
# PINEAPPLE JUICE

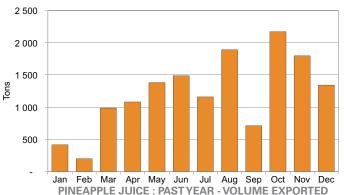


PINEAPPLE JUICE: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



PINEAPPLE JUICE: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS







HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 200941 95.45% 0.1% 45(33) 200949 1.76% 3.4% 7(7)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

SA Fruit Juice Association

### **PRESERVATION**

Pasteurised

#### **PACKAGING**

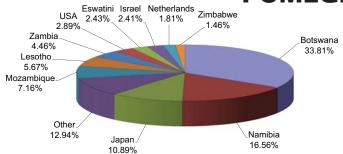
Canned, Bottled or Boxed

#### **EXPORTERS**

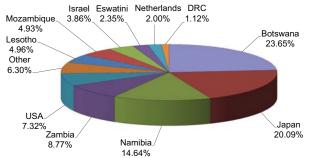




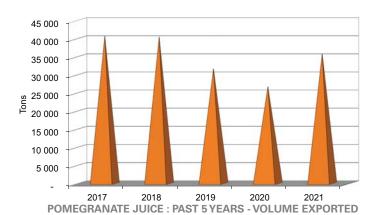
# POMEGRANATE JUICE

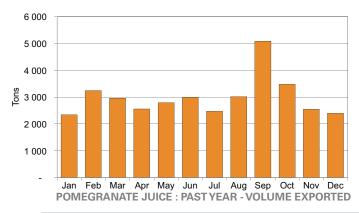


POMEGRANATE JUICE: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



POMEGRANATE JUICE: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 200989 33.99% 0.9% 24(20)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED
\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

SA Fruit Juice Association

#### **PRESERVATION**

Pasteurised

#### **PACKAGING**

Canned, Bottled or Boxed

### **EXPORTERS**

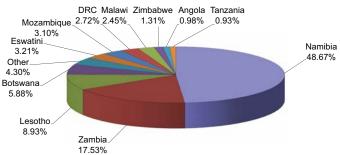
See **Service Providers** section for more information.

#### **RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES**

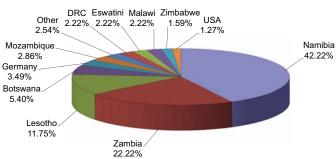


### **TUBERS & FUNGI**

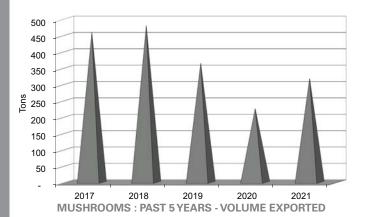
# **MUSHROOMS**



MUSHROOMS: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



**MUSHROOMS: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 071151 975.00% <0.1% 22(12) 071159 83.33% 0.1% 31(20) 071239 -69.57% <0.1% 56(67) 2003 28.00% <0.1% 42(36)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

South African Mushroom Farmers' Association

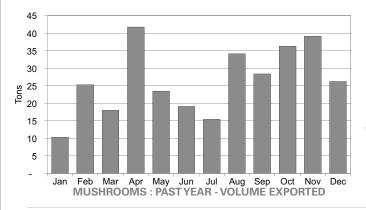
#### **PRESERVATION**

Chilled, Dried or Brined

#### **PACKAGING**

Canned, Tubbed or Boxed

#### **EXPORTERS**

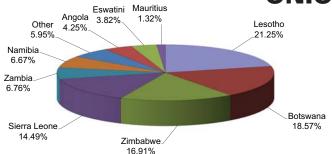


RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES

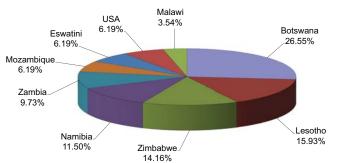
<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

**TUBERS & FUNGI** 

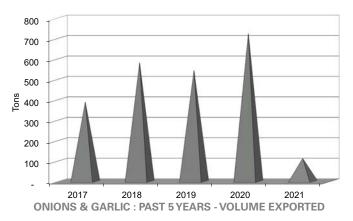
# **ONIONS & GARLIC**

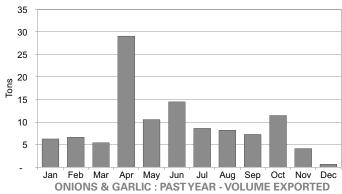


ONIONS & GARLIC: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



**ONIONS & GARLIC: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 071220 -84.41% 0.1% 38(38)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

Potatoes and Onion Committee South African Garlic Growers Association

### **PRESERVATION**

Dried

#### PACKAGING

Bottled, Bagged or Boxed

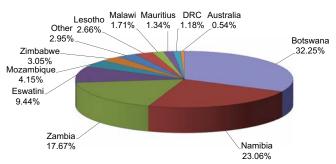
#### **EXPORTERS**



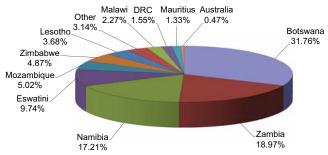
<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

### **TUBERS & FUNGI**

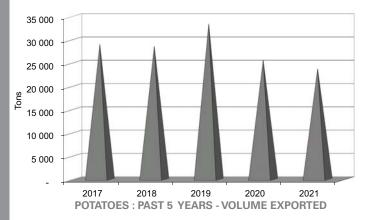
# **POTATOES**



**POTATOES: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**POTATOES: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: **071010** -29.19% 3.5% 10(9) 200410 19.99% 0.1% 19(18) 200520 -16.14% 1.0% 17(13)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED
\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

Potatoes South Africa

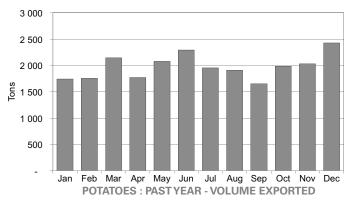
#### **PRESERVATION**

Dried, Fried or Frozen

#### **PACKAGING**

Canned, Bagged or Boxed

#### **EXPORTERS**



**RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES** 





# Smart & Sustainable Farming

We are adopting planet-friendly practices to improve agricultural resource efficiency and address climate change challenges.



# Resource Efficient Operations

As a leader in the potato-processing industry, we have a responsibility to show the way toward a low-carbon economy.



### Good Food

As a responsible food manufacturer, we create food that can be part of a healthy, balanced diet, while providing innovative solutions to meet consumer demands for taste, nutrition and convenience.



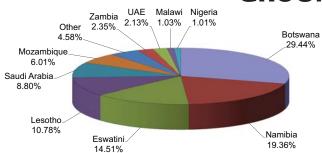
## Thriving Communities

As a family-owned business, with most plants located in rural communities, we care deeply about building long-term, trusted connections with the growers, communities and employees who produce our food globally.





# **GROUNDNUT BUTTER**



**GROUNDNUT BUTTER: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 200811 -1.18% 1.0% 16(16)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

#### Other Zambia Nigeria Mauritius 3.39% 1.38% 1.20% 1 15% Mozambique. 4.53% UAE Botswana 24.17% 4.67% Lesotho 6.88% Eswatini 12.55% Saudi Arabia 23.35% Namibia. 16 73%

**GROUNDNUT BUTTER: PAST YEAR-MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 

# INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

Groundnut Processors Association

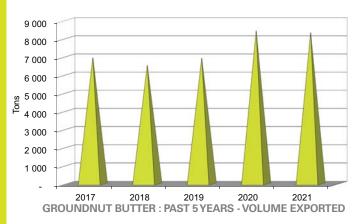
### PRESERVATION

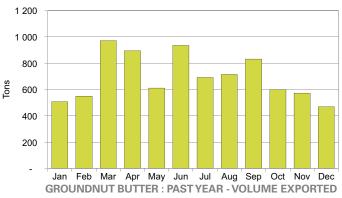
Dried, Cold or Hot Pressed

#### **PACKAGING**

Canned, Bottled or Bagged

#### **EXPORTERS**





RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES



<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

# **MARGARINE**



HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 1517 0.74% 0.6% 25(25)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PASTYEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED
\*\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

# INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

SA Oil Pressers Association

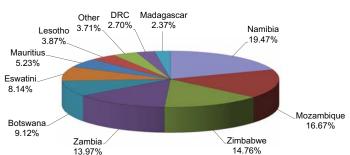
#### **PRESERVATION**

Pasteurised

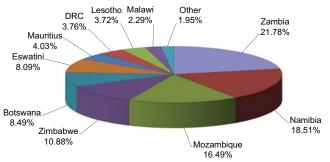
### PACKAGING

Tubbed or Wrapped

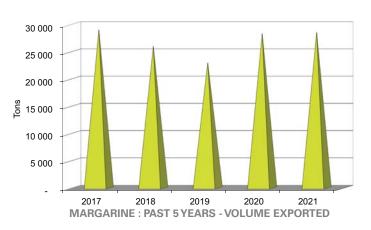
#### **EXPORTERS**



**MARGARINE: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**MARGARINE: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



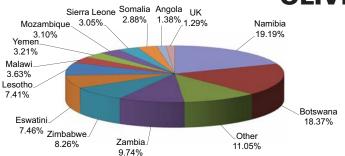
3 500
3 000
2 500
2 000
1 500

Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec MARGARINE : PAST YEAR - VOLUME EXPORTED

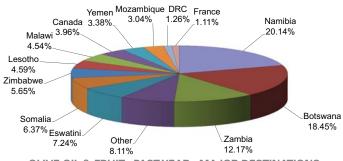
**RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES** 



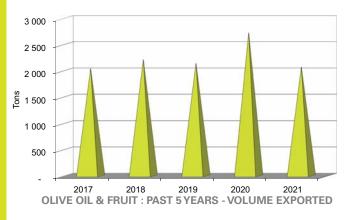
# **OLIVE OIL & FRUIT**

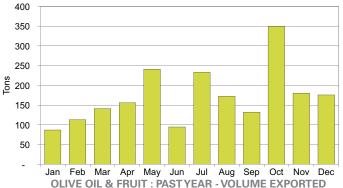


**OLIVE OIL & FRUIT: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**OLIVE OIL & FRUIT: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 







HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 071120 -84.41% 0.1% 21(19) 1509 -8.44% 0.1% 26(27) 1510 31.75% <0.1% 27(31) 200570 16.57% <0.1% 50(38)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

SA Olive Association

#### **PRESERVATION**

Cold or Hot Pressed Dried, Brined, Dehydrated

#### **PACKAGING**

Canned or Bottled

#### **EXPORTERS**





<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS



Based in Swellendam, South Africa, Southern Oil is the local leader in canola agriculture, canola oil production and the largest canola crusher in Africa. Our services include:



# **PRODUCT** DEVELOPMENT

Sauces, cooking oils, salad dressings or whatever product range you want to launch, we have you covered.



# **BOTTLING &** REPACKING

For bottling or repacking a new or existing product range, we will help you create the best possible end product.

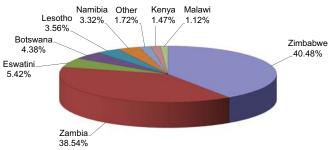


# **BULK** OIL

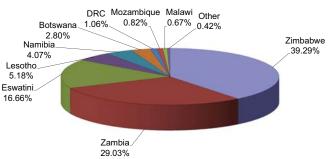
Olive, canola, sunflower, soy or any other large volume requirements, purchase superior quality oil at bulk prices.



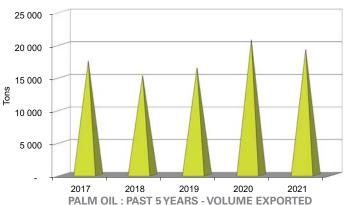
# **PALM OIL**



PALM OIL: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



PALM OIL: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov

PALM OIL: PAST YEAR - VOLUME EXPORTED



Dec

HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 1511 -7.13% 0.1% 41(41)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED
\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

### INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

SA Oil Pressers Association

#### **PRESERVATION**

Dehydrated, Cold or Hot Pressed

#### **PACKAGING**

Canned or Bottled

#### **EXPORTERS**

See **Service Providers** section for more information.

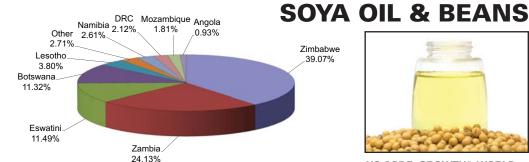




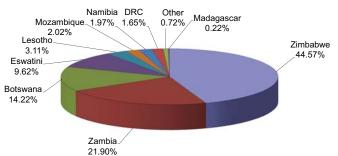
2 000

1 000

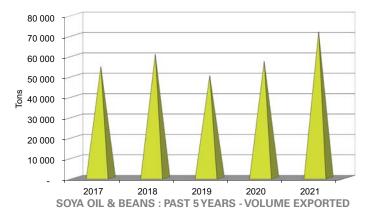
ဥ် 1 500

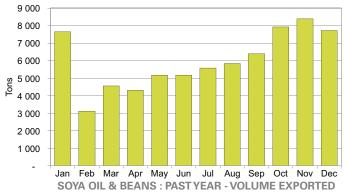


SOYA OIL & BEANS: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



SOYA OIL & BEANS: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD **MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*:** 120810 -3.01% 0.2% 18(15) 1507 27.49% 0.6% 27(25) For Soya Sauce see Sauces & Soups section

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

Southern African Soyfood Association

#### **PRESERVATION**

Milled or Hot Pressed

#### **PACKAGING**

Canned, Bottled or Bagged

#### **EXPORTERS**





<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS



Willowton Group continues to strive toward by producing consumer household for any nutrition and hygien



www.willowtongroup.com

Pietermaritzburg - 266 Ohrtmann Roa



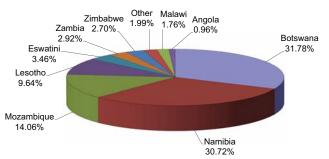
ds making a difference in our customer's lives, avourite brands that provide the quality, e they require every day.



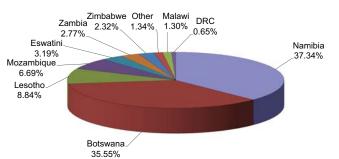
**Head Office** 

d, Willowton, Pietermaritzburg, 3201 **Tel:** +27 (0)33 355 7800

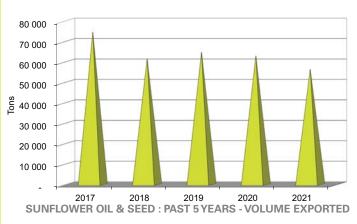
# **SUNFLOWER OIL & SEED**

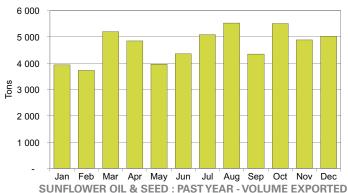


**SUNFLOWER OIL & SEED: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**SUNFLOWER OIL & SEED: PASTYEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





 HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*:

 1206
 10.01%
 0.1%
 36(38)

 151211
 -10.06%
 0.1%
 25(27)

 151219
 -11.00%
 1.4%
 15(15)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

SA Oil Pressers Association

#### **PRESERVATION**

Dried, Cold or Hot Pressed

#### **PACKAGING**

Canned, Bottled or Bagged

#### **EXPORTERS**

**RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES** 



<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

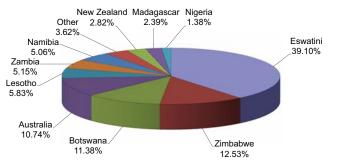
9.36%

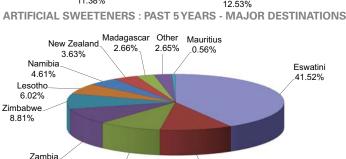
Botswana

9.42%

#### SUGAR CROP PRODUCTS

# ARTIFICIAL SWEETENERS

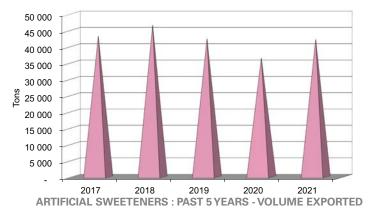


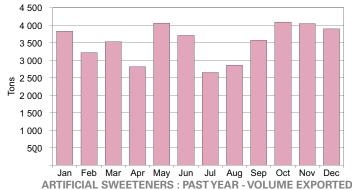


**ARTIFICIAL SWEETENERS: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 

Australia

10.77%





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 1702 15.75% 0.3% 37(34)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED \*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

# **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

**PRESERVATION** 

# Fermented and Dried

**PACKAGING** Canned or Boxed

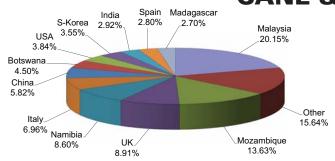
### **EXPORTERS**



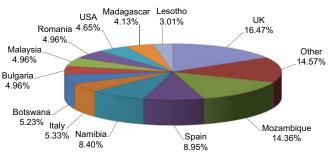


### SUGAR CROP PRODUCTS

# **CANE & BEET SUGAR**



SUGARS: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



**SUGARS: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 1701 -41.84% 1.6% 11(8) 1703 -43.08% 0.4% 35(45)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

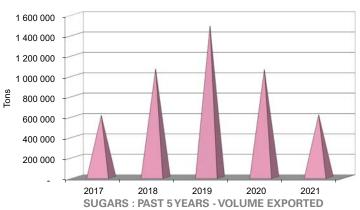
South African Sugar Association

# PRESERVATION

Milled and Dried

PACKAGING Bagged

#### **EXPORTERS**



100 000 90 000 80 000 70 000 60 000 40 000 30 000 20 000 10 000 Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec SUGARS : PAST YEAR - VOLUME EXPORTED

**RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES** 



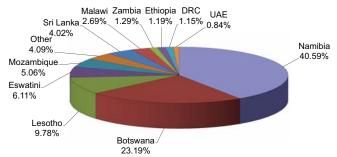


A little Huletts sweetness goes a long way



# SUGAR CROP PRODUCTS

# **HONEY**



**HONEY: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 0409 0.76% 0.1% 50(51)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED
\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

# INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

South African Bee Industry Organisation

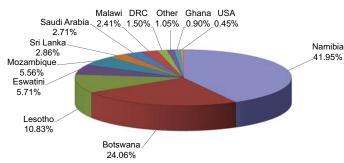
#### **PRESERVATION**

Pasteurised and Filtered

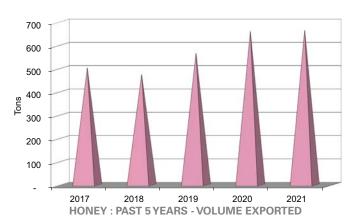
### **PACKAGING**

Bottled

#### **EXPORTERS**



**HONEY: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



120
100
80
40
20
Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec HONEY: PAST YEAR - VOLUME EXPORTED

RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES



# WHO WE ARE

At Honeybee Heroes, we're actively reversing the decline of South African honeybees and uplifting South African beekeepers through community hive adoptions, beekeeper support, and consumer education.

Through our flagship Adopt-A-Hive programme, we place and care for safe, permanent homes for South African honeybees on farms and private nature reserves in the Overberg's Stanford Valley and beyond. Our hives are managed by our team of expert beekeepers using bee-friendly practices. Honeybee Heroes is home to over 300 honeybee hives, cared for on behalf of our supporters worldwide.

South Africa currently imports more than 4 000 tons of foreign honey every year. But this "honey" is often extremely processed and filled with unhealthy additives. Our local beekeepers can't keep up with imported honey's artificially low prices and are being forced to cut corners to keep their farms afloat—and the honeybees are usually the first to suffer.

One of our goals at Honeybee Heroes is to make ethical honey production profitable for local farmers—through free training, equipment, and consumer education—to ensure a better future for South African honeybees and beekeepers alike. In doing so, we're helping bring healthier honey to the market, in hopes of helping raw, ethically sourced South African honey to outcompete imported honey.

# ADOPT A HIVE

More than 50 crops in South Africa rely on honeybee pollination to grow. Unfortunately, due to rampant pesticide use, habitat loss, monocropping and beekeeper malpractice, South Africa's highly unique Apis Mellifera Capensis honeybee subspecies is increasingly at risk. That's why, in 2020, we founded Honeybee Heroes: a honeybee conservancy and education centre created to help protect South Africa's rare Capensis bees while supporting our local beekeepers.

Want to help save South Africa's honeybees? Adopt your own Honeybee Heroes hive and give one honeybee colony a safe home and a place to grow.

### HONEYBEE BOX

#### R2000.00

- Branded hive
- 3kg of raw honey (6 Jars)
- Honey dipper
- Official adoption certificate
- Hive progress updates

### QUEEN BEE BOX

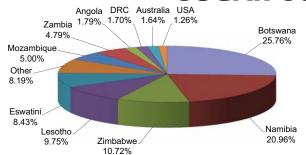
#### Daga

- Branded hive
- 3kg of raw honey (6 Jars)
- Honey dipper
- Official adoption certificate
- Hive progress updates
- Selection of honey-based food and beauty items.

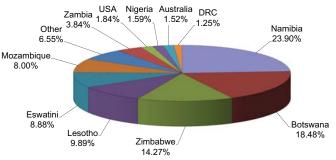


### **SUGAR CROP PRODUCTS**

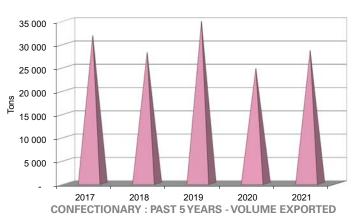
# SUGAR CONFECTIONARY

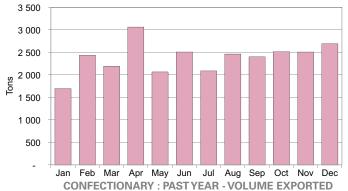


**CONFECTIONARY: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**CONFECTIONARY: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 1704 15.72% 0.6% 38(36)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

Note that **CHOCOLATES** are not

Note that **CHOCOLATES** are not included in this group and features on its own page in the Dairy section.

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

PRESERVATION

Pasteurised

PACKAGING
Boxed or Bagged

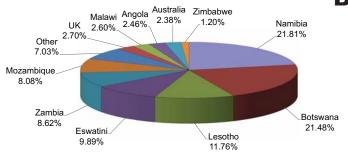
#### **EXPORTERS**

**RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES** 

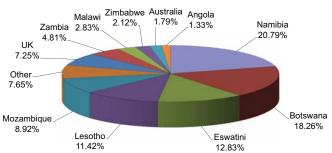


<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

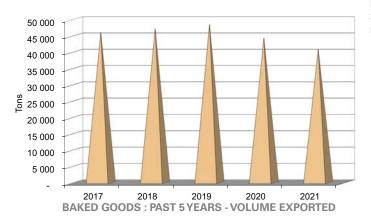
# **BAKED GOODS**

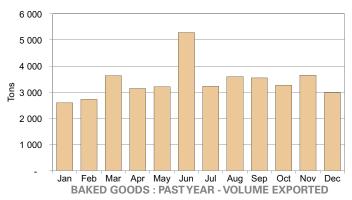


BAKED GOODS: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



**BAKED GOODS: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 1905 -7.87% 0.2% 59(57)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED
\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

### INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

South African Chamber of Baking

### **PRESERVATION**

Baked

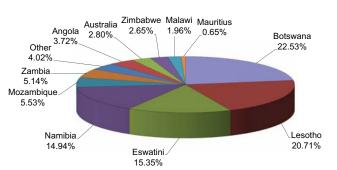
#### **PACKAGING**

Bagged, Boxed, Tubbed or Wrapped

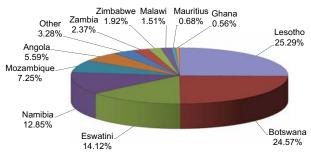
#### **EXPORTERS**



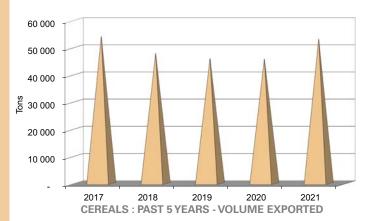
# **CEREALS**



**CEREALS: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**CEREALS: PASTYEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 1904 16.02% 0.9% 21(18)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

### INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

National Chamber of Milling

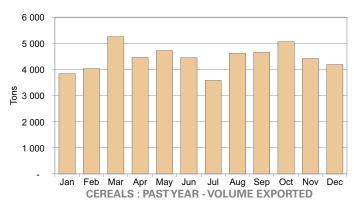
#### **PRESERVATION**

Milled and Dried

#### **PACKAGING**

Bagged or Boxed

#### **EXPORTERS**



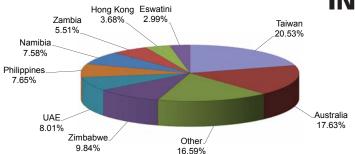
**RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES** 



10.74%

#### **GRAIN CROP PRODUCTS**

# **INULIN STARCH**



**INULIN STARCH: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 1108 -5.39% 0.3% 36(--)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION

GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED \*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

#### 3.35% Australia 3.60% Philippines. 18.71% Zambia\_ 5.24% 6.33% Taiwan 16.73% UAE. 8.41% Zimbabwe

Eswatini Hong Kong

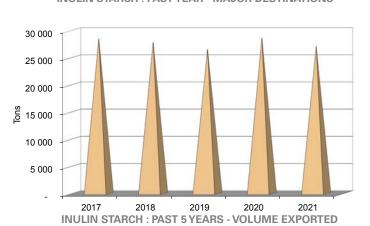
Namibia.

12.43%

**INULIN STARCH: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 

Other

14.46%



### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

National Chamber of Milling

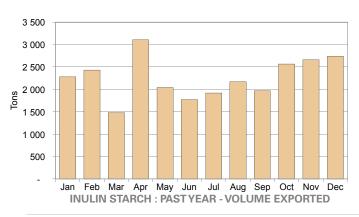
# **PRESERVATION**

Milled and Dried

### **PACKAGING**

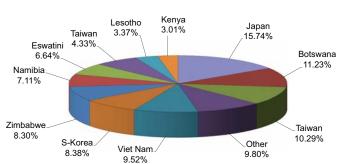
Bagged or Boxed

#### **EXPORTERS**

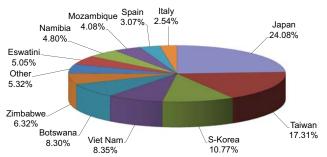


**RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES** 

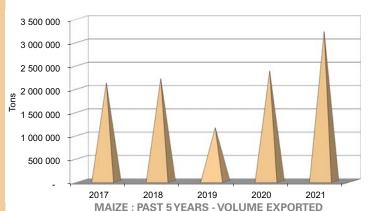


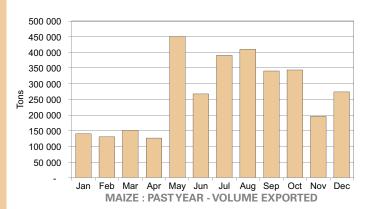


**MAIZE: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**MAIZE: PASTYEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





# **MAIZE**



HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 100590 35.67% 1.5% 9(12)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

National Chamber of Milling

#### **PRESERVATION**

Dried, Milled

#### **PACKAGING**

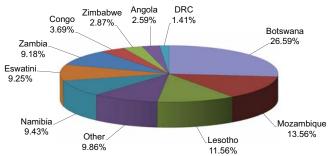
Bagged or Boxed

#### **EXPORTERS**

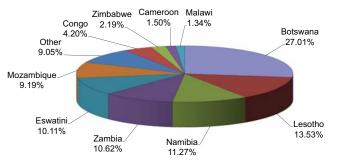




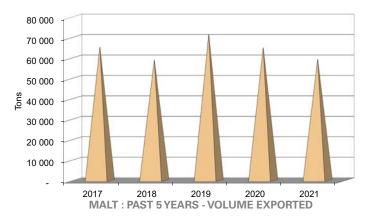
# **MALT**

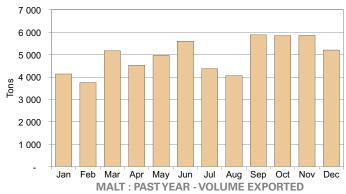


**MALT: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**MALT: PASTYEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 1107 -8.84% 0.4% 27(23) 1901 -8.65% 0.4% 38(34)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PASTYEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED
\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

Sorghum Trust

### **PRESERVATION**

Dried, Milled

#### **PACKAGING**

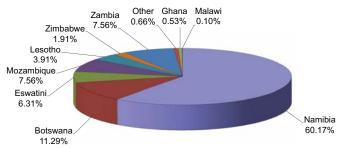
Bagged, Boxed, Tubbed or Canned

#### **EXPORTERS**

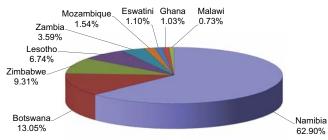




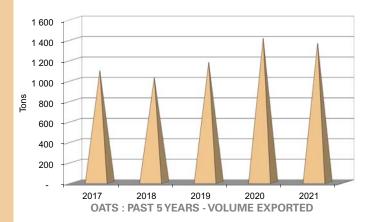
# **OATS**



OATS: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



OATS: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 100490 -3.54% 0.2% 24(26)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

National Chamber of Milling

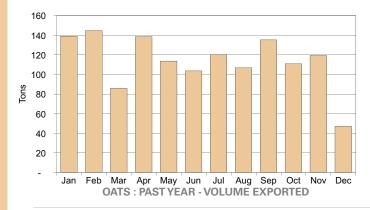
#### **PRESERVATION**

Dried, Milled

#### **PACKAGING**

Bagged or Boxed

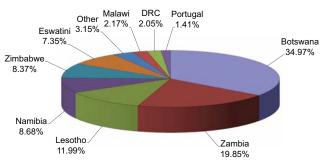
#### **EXPORTERS**



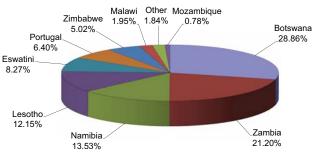
**RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES** 



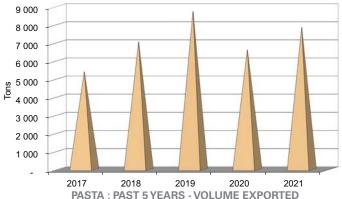
# **PASTA**

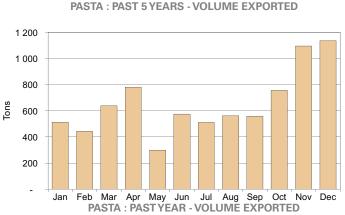


PASTA: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



**PASTA: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 190211 182.35% 0.1% 57(46) 190219 13.98% 0.1% 51(39)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION

Note that **PASTA DISHES** are included in the Ready-Made Food section.

# INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

National Chamber of Milling

### **PRESERVATION**

Dried

### **PACKAGING**

Boxed or Bagged

#### **EXPORTERS**



<sup>\*</sup>GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

# **SWEETCORN**



HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 071040 -1.87% 0.2% 26(26) 200580 4.55% 0.1% 25(25)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

Grain South Africa

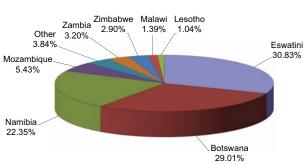
### **PRESERVATION**

Frozen or Brined

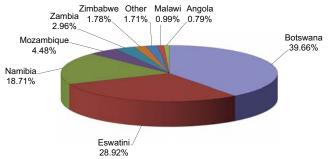
### **PACKAGING**

Canned or Bagged

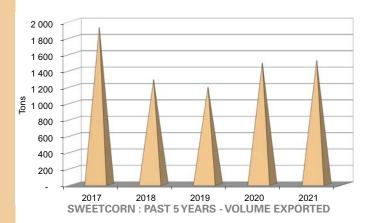
#### **EXPORTERS**

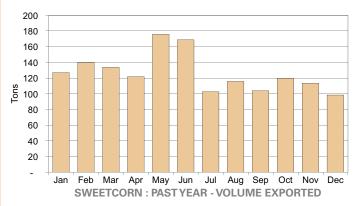


**SWEETCORN: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



SWEETCORN: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



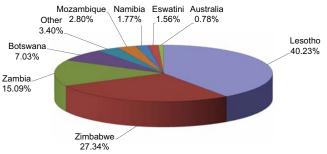


**RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES** 

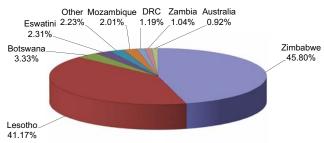


### **GRAIN CROP PRODUCTS**

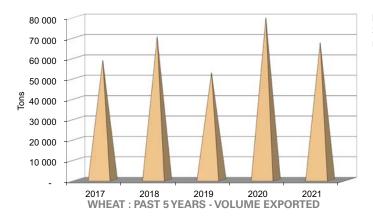
## WHEAT



WHEAT: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



WHEAT: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 1101 -15.62% 0.8% 24(40) 1104 -21.97% 0.2% 41(41) 1109 276.80% <0.1% 31(19)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED
\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

National Chamber of Milling

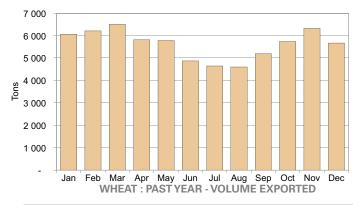
### **PRESERVATION**

Dried, Milled

#### **PACKAGING**

Bagged or Boxed

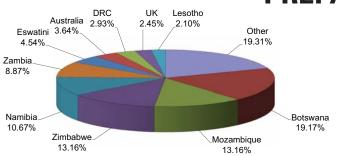
#### **EXPORTERS**



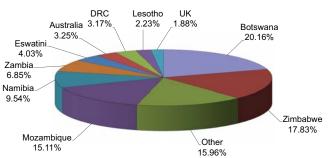
**RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES** 



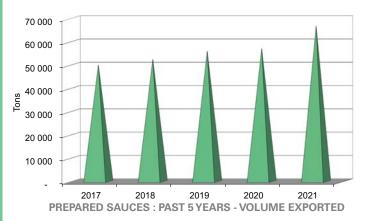
## PREPARED SAUCES



PREPARED SAUCES: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



PREPARED SAUCES: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 210390 16.94% 0.9% 22(23)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

Note that **TOMATO SAUCE** is not included in this group and features on its own page.

### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

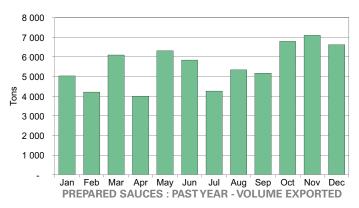
**PRESERVATION** 

Pasteurised

PACKAGING

Canned, Bottled or Tubbed

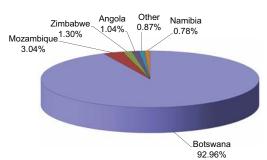
### **EXPORTERS**



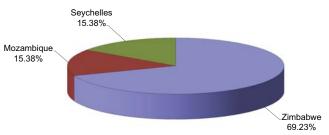
RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES

<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

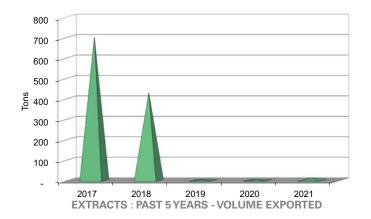
## **SEAFOOD & MEAT EXTRACTS**

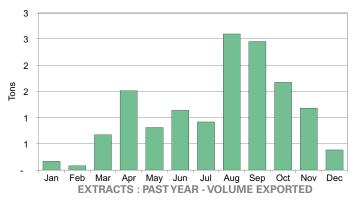


**EXTRACTS: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**EXTRACTS: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 







HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 1603 133.33% <0.1% 47(45)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

**NOTE:** Due to South Africa's 2017-2018 Listeriosis crisis, Botswana, Namibia, Mauritius, Malawi, Kenia and Zambia suspended all imports of processed meat products from the RSA.

### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

-

### PRESERVATION

Pasteurised and Dehydrated

### PACKAGING

Bottled or Wrapped

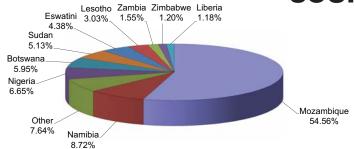
#### **EXPORTERS**





<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

## **SOUPS & BROTHS**



**SOUPS & BROTHS: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 2104 -3.44% 2.0% 17(19)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

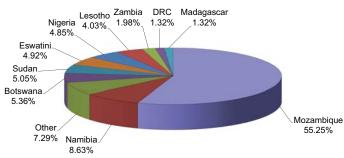
#### **PRESERVATION**

Pasteurised and Dehydrated

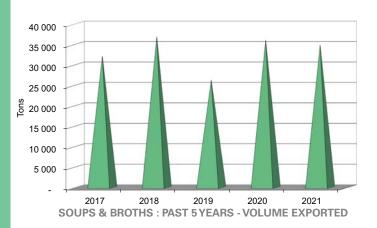
#### **PACKAGING**

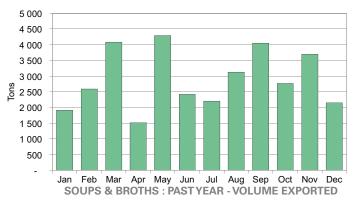
Canned, Bagged or Boxed

#### **EXPORTERS**



**SOUPS & BROTHS: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



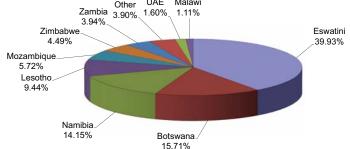


**RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES** 

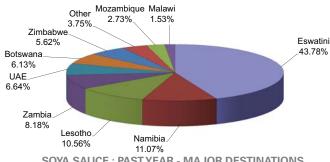


<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

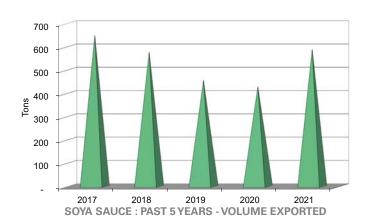
#### **SOYA SAUCE** UAE Malawi Other 1.60% 1.11% Eswatini 39.93%

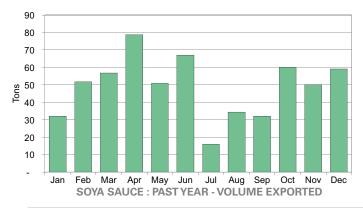


**SOYA SAUCE: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**SOYA SAUCE: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: **210310** 37.30% 32(31) 0.1%

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION

### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

Groundnut Processors Association

#### **PRESERVATION**

Pasteurised and Fermented

### **PACKAGING**

Bottled

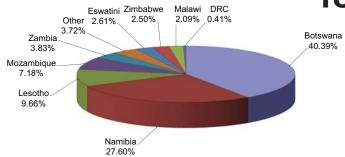
#### **EXPORTERS**





GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED \*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

## TOMATO SAUCE



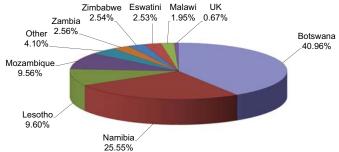
**TOMATO SAUCE: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 210320 2.73% 1.1% 18(15)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION

<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS



**TOMATO SAUCE: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 

# INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

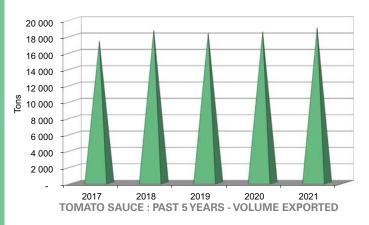
## **PRESERVATION**

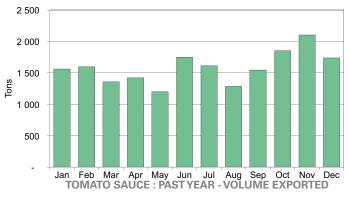
Pasteurised

## **PACKAGING**

Canned or Bottled

#### **EXPORTERS**

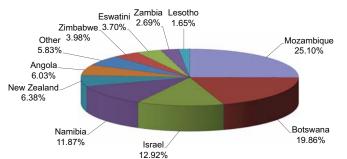




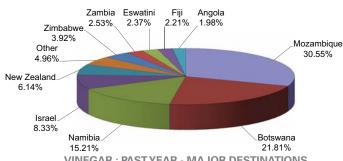
**RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES** 

GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

## **SAUCES & SOUPS** INEGAR



**VINEGAR: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**VINEGAR: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 2209 -14.97% 0.5% 24(22)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED \*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

**PRESERVATION** 

Pasteurised and Fermented

**PACKAGING** Bottled

#### **EXPORTERS**

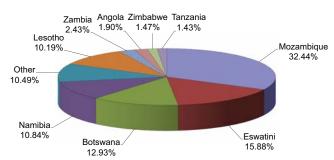
See Service Providers section for more information.



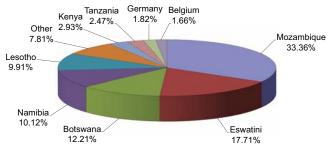


**VINEGAR: PAST YEAR - VOLUME EXPORTED** 

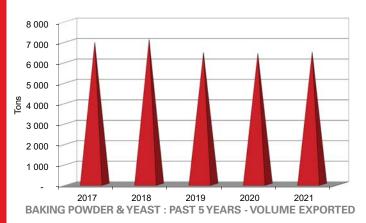
## **BAKING POWDER & YEAST**



**BAKING POWDER & YEAST: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**BAKING POWDER & YEAST: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



900 800 700 600 500 400 300 200 100 Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov **BAKING POWDER & YEAST: PASTYEAR - VOLUME EXPORTED** 

HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 2102 1.09% 0.7% 29(29)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

### INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

**PRESERVATION**Cultured, Dried

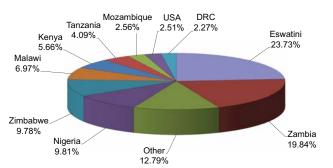
PACKAGING
Canned, Bottled or Boxed

### **EXPORTERS**



<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

## **COLOUR & FLAVOURANTS**



**COLOUR & FLAVOURANTS: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 320300 52.38% 0.1% 43(46) 330210 22.57% 0.3% 25(22)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

#### Tanzania Angola DRC Malawi 2.88% 3.19% Zambia 3.89% 5.10% 20.39% Kenya 5.21% Zimbabwe 6.08% USA Eswatini 7.04% 17.85% Other. Nigeria 13 33% 15.04%

**COLOUR & FLAVOURANTS: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 

## INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

South African Association of the Flavour & Fragrance Industry

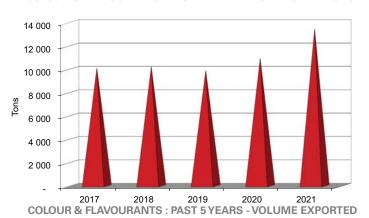
### PRESERVATION

Dried

#### **PACKAGING**

Canned, Bottled or Boxed

#### **EXPORTERS**



1 400
1 200
1 000
800
400
200

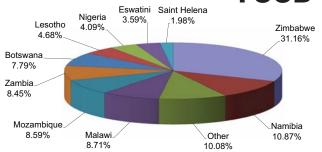
Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec COLOUR & FLAVOURANTS : PAST YEAR - VOLUME EXPORTED

**RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES** 

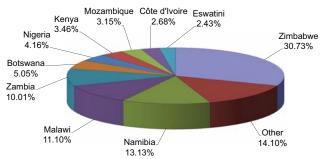


<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

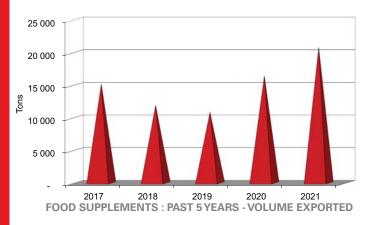
## FOOD SUPPLEMENTS

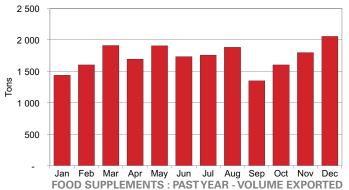


FOOD SUPPLEMENTS: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



**FOOD SUPPLEMENTS: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 210610 24.43% 0.8% 23(21) 2936 31.98% 0.3% 20(21)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

### INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

PRESERVATION

## Dried or Capsuled

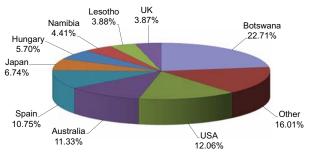
PACKAGING
Canned, Bottled or Boxed

#### **EXPORTERS**

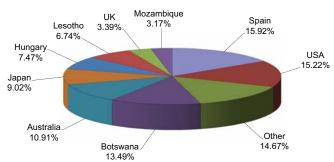


<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

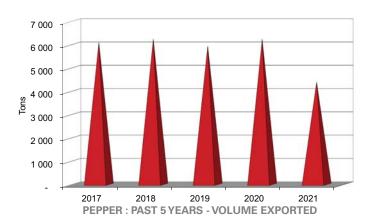
## **PEPPER**

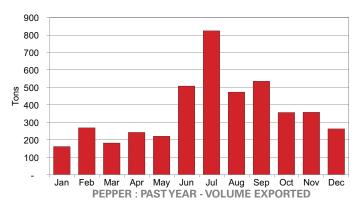


**PEPPER: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**PEPPER: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 0904 -29.61% 0.6% 18(20)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED
\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

## INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

PRESERVATION Date of

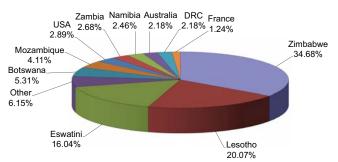
Dried

PACKAGING
Canned, Bottled or Boxed

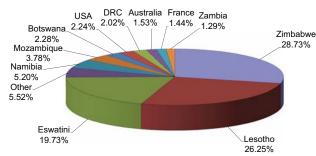
#### **EXPORTERS**



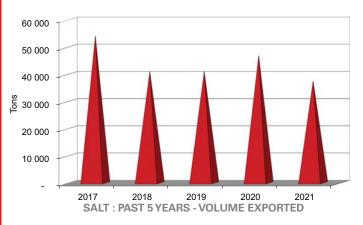
## **SALT**

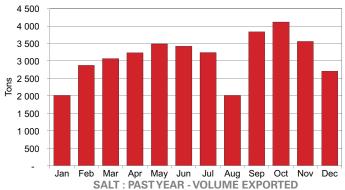


**SALT: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



SALT: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 2501 -19.92% 0.7% 29(28)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

### INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

PRESERVATION
Dried

PACKAGING

Canned, Bottled or Boxed

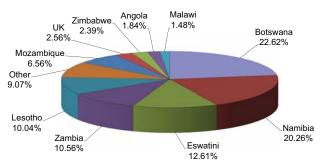
**EXPORTERS** 





<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

## **SPICES & SEASONING**



SPICES & SEASONING: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 0910 1.16% 1.6% 14(10)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

#### Nigeria Malawi DRC UK 2.50% 2.34% 1.60% 3.20% Botswana Mozambique 22.45% 7.01% Other 7.68% 7ambia Namibia 8.99% 18.56% Lesotho. **Fswatini** 11.00% 14.68%

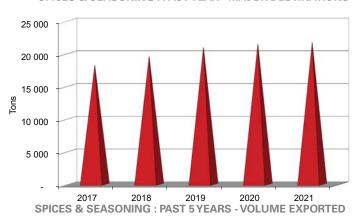
SPICES & SEASONING : PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



## PRESERVATION Dried

PACKAGING
Canned, Bottled or Boxed

### **EXPORTERS**



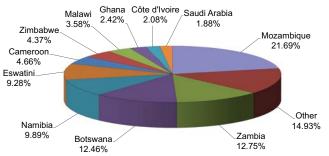
2 500
2 000
1 500
1 000
500
Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec SPICES & SEASONING : PAST YEAR - VOLUME EXPORTED

RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES

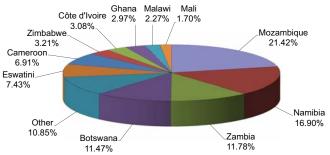
<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

### **READY-MADE FOOD**

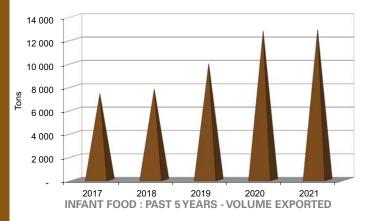
## **INFANT FOOD**



**INFANT FOOD: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**INFANT FOOD: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: **160210** -46.24% 1.4% 17(13) 190110 6.23% 0.4% 32(28) 210420 -4.45% 0.4% 29(42)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED
\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

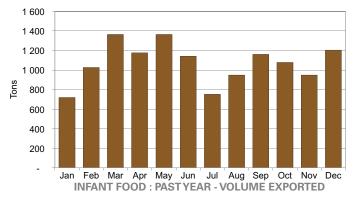
### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

## **PRESERVATION**

Pasteurised

**PACKAGING** Bottled

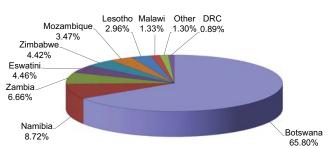
#### **EXPORTERS**



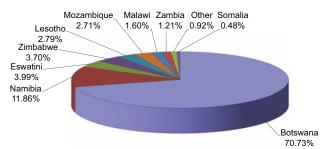
**RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES** 

#### **READY-MADE FOOD**

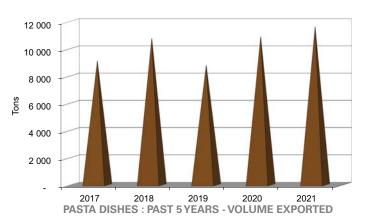
## **PASTA DISHES**

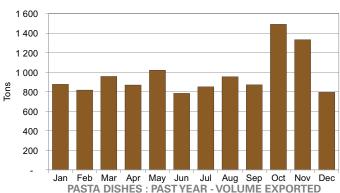


PASTA DISHES: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



PASTA DISHES: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS







HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 190220 12.35% 0.1% 43(41) 190230 6.17% 0.3% 36(34)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

PRESERVATION

## Pasteurised

PACKAGING
Canned or Tubbed

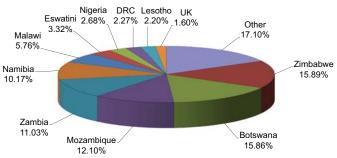
#### **EXPORTERS**



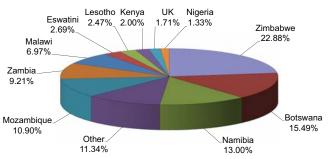
<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

## **READY-MADE FOOD**

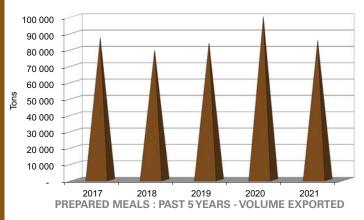
## PREPARED MEALS

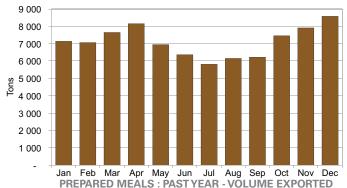


PREPARED MEALS: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



PREPARED MEALS: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 2106 -14.51% 0.4% 40(39)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

## PRESERVATION

Pasteurised

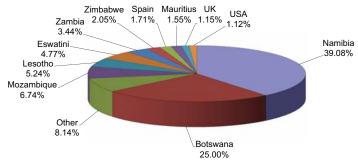
PACKAGING Tubbed

#### **EXPORTERS**

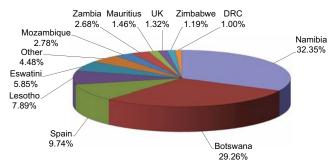




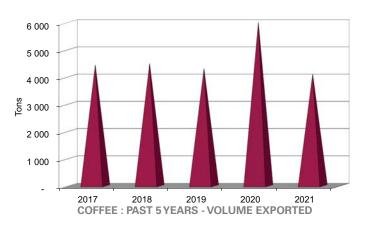
## COFFEE

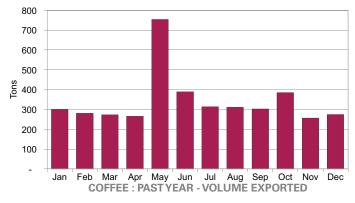


**COFFEE: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**COFFEE: PASTYEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 0901 -31.56% 0.1% 63(60)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PASTYEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED
\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

-

## PRESERVATION

Dried and Roasted

## PACKAGING

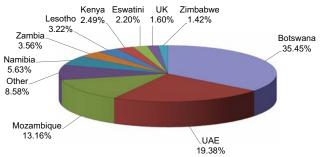
Bottled or Bagged

#### **EXPORTERS**

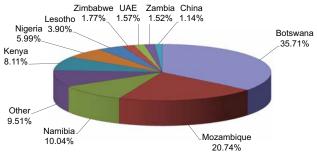




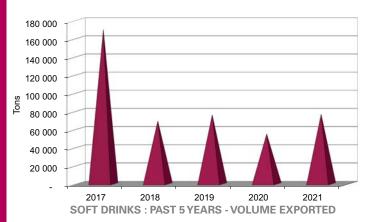
## **SOFT DRINKS**

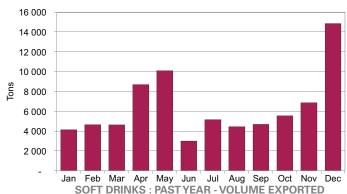


**SOFT DRINKS: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**SOFT DRINKS: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 220299 39.50% 0.3% 34(34)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

Beverage Association of South Africa

#### **PRESERVATION**

Filtering

#### PACKAGING

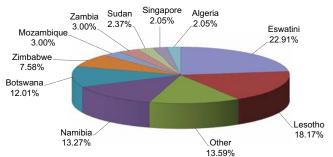
Canned or Bottled

#### **EXPORTERS**

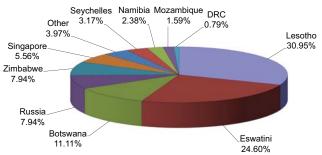


<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

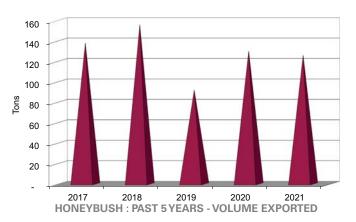
## **TEA: HONEYBUSH**

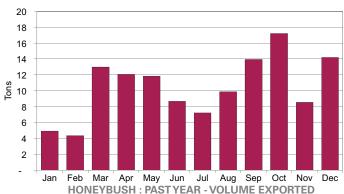


**HONEYBUSH: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



HONEYBUSH: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 090210 33.66% 0.1% 43(45)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED
\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

Note that the above statistics include **Green Tea** and does not reflect Honeybush Tea's true World Market Share and Ranking.

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

South African Honeybush Tea Association

#### **PRESERVATION**

Fermented, Sterilized and Pasteurised

#### **PACKAGING**

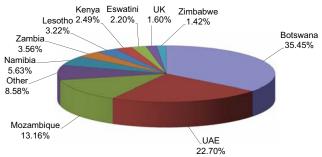
Canned, Bottled, Bagged or Boxed

#### **EXPORTERS**

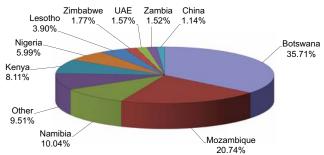




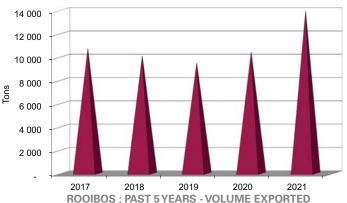
## TEA: ROOIBOS

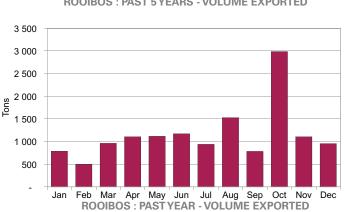


**ROOIBOS: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**ROOIBOS: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD **MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*:** 121299 33.66% 5.9% 2(2)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

The Rooibos Council

#### **PRESERVATION**

Fermented. Sterilized and Pasteurised

#### **PACKAGING**

Canned, Bottled, Bagged or Boxed

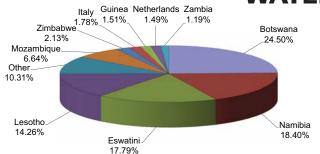
#### **EXPORTERS**

See Service Providers section for more information on exporters.

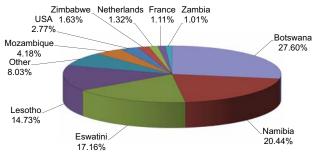




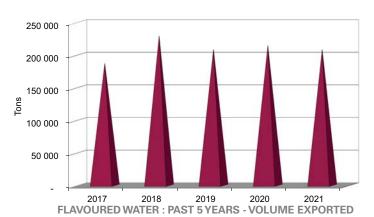
## **WATER: FLAVOURED**

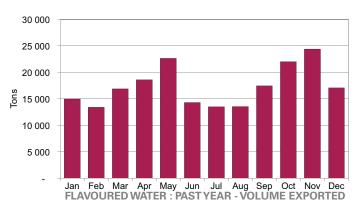


FLAVOURED WATER: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



FLAVOURED WATER: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 220210 -2.80% 0.9% 22(19)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

Beverage Association of South Africa

#### **PRESERVATION**

Filtered or Distilled

#### PACKAGING

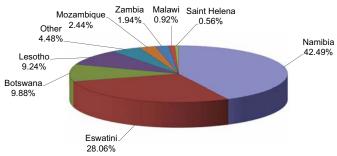
Canned or Bottled

#### **EXPORTERS**

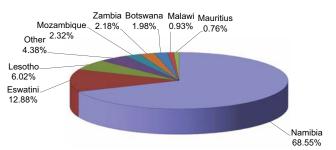




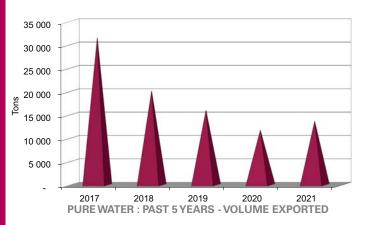
## **WATER: PURE**

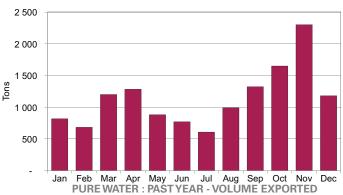


PURE WATER: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



**PURE WATER: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 







HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 2201 16.36% 0.1% 45(43)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION

\*GROWTH PASTYEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

## INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

South African National Bottled Water Association

#### **PRESERVATION**

Natural, Filtered or Distilled

### **PACKAGING**

Bottled

#### **EXPORTERS**



## **PROCESSED ANIMAL PRODUCTS**

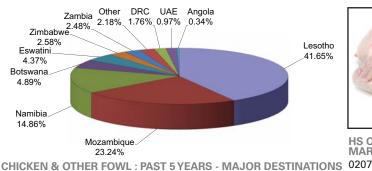
# **SECTION 2**

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Poultry & Eggs	2-2
Red Meats	2-5
Seafood & Aquaculture	2-12
Dairy	2-25

**POULTRY & EGGS** 

## **CHICKEN & OTHER FOWL**

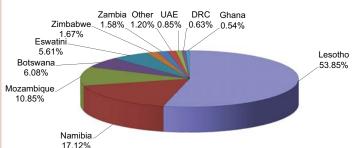


HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD **MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*:** 31(31)

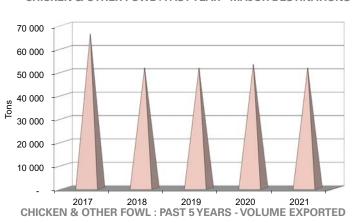
-2.81% 0.3%

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS



### CHICKEN & OTHER FOWL: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



## **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

South African Poultry Association

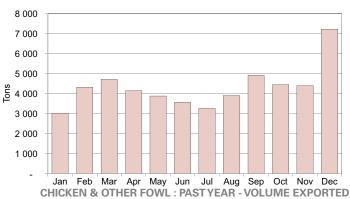
#### **PRESERVATION**

Chilled, Frozen, Smoked, Fried or Grilled

#### **PACKAGING**

Boxed, Tubbed or Wrapped

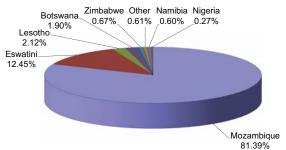
#### **EXPORTERS**



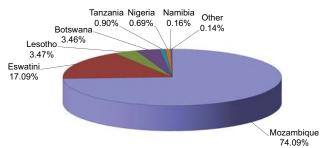


### **POULTRY & EGGS**

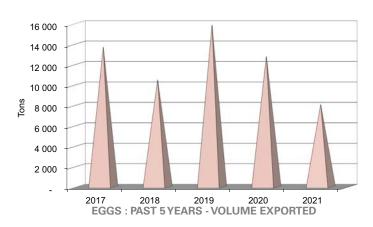
## **EGGS**

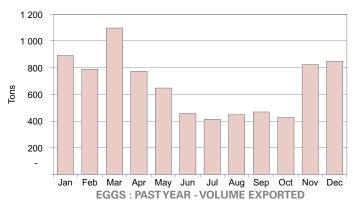


**EGGS: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**EGGS: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 0407 -36.82% 0.5%

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

South African Poultry Association

#### **PRESERVATION**

Chilled, Dried or Cooked

#### **PACKAGING**

Cartoned

#### **EXPORTERS**

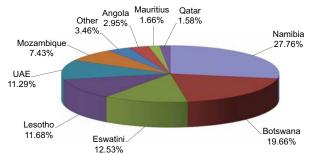




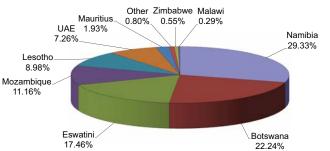
<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

**POULTRY & EGGS** 

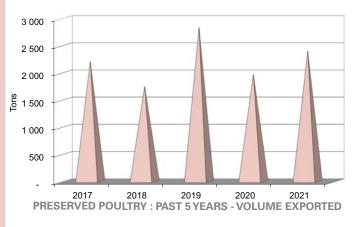
## PRESERVED POULTRY

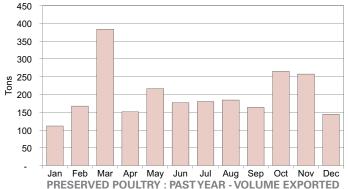


PRESERVED POULTRY: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



PRESERVED POULTRY: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 160232 53.82% <0.1% 52(48) 160239 -16.28% 0.4% 23(24)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

South African Poultry Association

#### **PRESERVATION**

Chilled, Frozen, Smoked, Fried or Grilled

#### **PACKAGING**

Boxed, Tubbed or Wrapped

#### **EXPORTERS**



<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

KARAN BEEF is a premier supplier of the highest quality Class A grain fed beef and beef products, and will continue to set the benchmark in the South African and International Beef Industry.

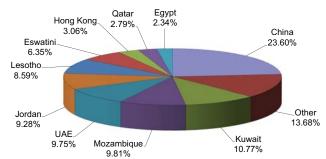


www.karanbeef.com

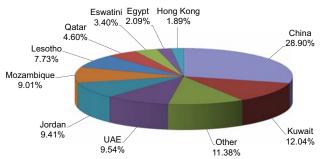


+27 11 995 5000

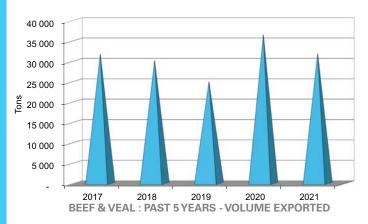


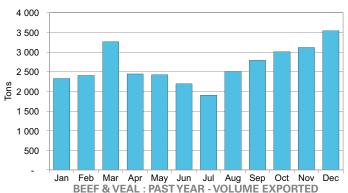


**BEEF & VEAL: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 

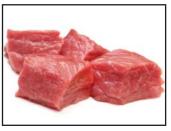


**BEEF & VEAL: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





## **BEEF & VEAL**



HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 0201 -10.45% 0.3% 25(26) 0202 -14.71% 0.3% 26(28)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

Red Meat Industry Forum

#### **PRESERVATION**

Chilled or Frozen

### **PACKAGING**

Boxed

#### **EXPORTERS**





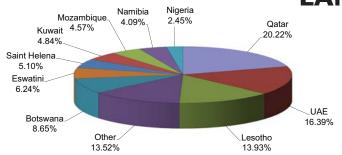
With more than 55 years' in-depth experience of the beef industry, Sparta has earned an enviable reputation as a reputable supplier of quality beef in South Africa and abroad. We are a family-owned and operated business with our agricultural roots dating back more than a century. We have always lived close to the land, and it's this love of our land and our cattle that inspires us to produce great beef.

- Our cattle feeding operation is certified to ISO 22000 standards
- Our beef processing plant is FSSC 22000 certified
- Our fully electronic radio-frequency identification system ensures full traceability throughout our vertically-integrated operation
- We have the capacity to slaughter up to 1 300 cattle and debone up to 150 tons of beef per day
- Our beef processing plant is certified Halaal by the South African National Halaal Authority (SANHA) for the abattoir and deboning process and the National Independent Halaal Trust (NIHT) for our value-add and retail-ready division
- Our beef plant is export-approved by the Department of Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development (DALRRD). Export plant number ZA 91.

To find out more about the Sparta Beef collection, visit SPARTA.CO.ZA



## **LAMB & MUTTON**



LAMB & MUTTON: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 0204 48.78% 0.1% 25(42)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PASTYEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

## INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

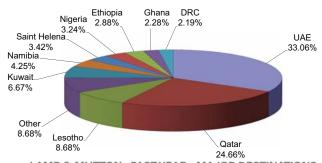
Red Meat Industry Forum

### **PRESERVATION**

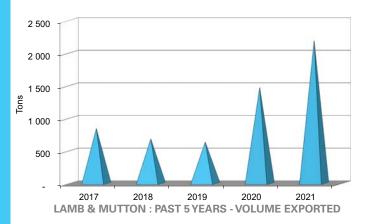
Chilled or Frozen

#### PACKAGING Boxed

#### **EXPORTERS**



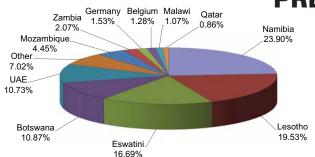
LAMB & MUTTON: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



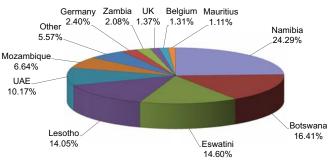
350
300
250
200
150
100
50
Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec LAMB & MUTTON: PASTYEAR - VOLUME EXPORTED

RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES

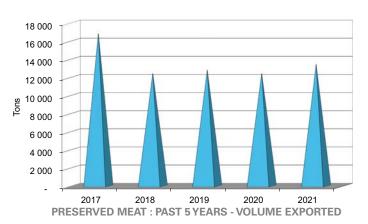
## PRESERVED MEAT

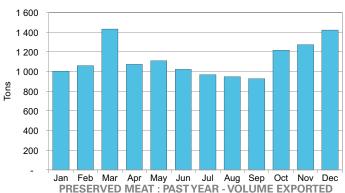


PRESERVED MEAT: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



PRESERVED MEAT: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 1602 8.15% 0.2% 41(41)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

## INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

Red Meat Industry Forum

#### **PRESERVATION**

Brined, Dried, Jellied, Salted or Smoked

#### PACKAGING

Boxed, Canned, Tubbed or Wrapped

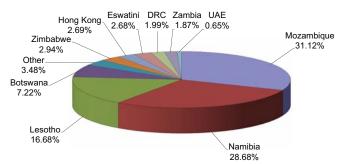
#### **EXPORTERS**



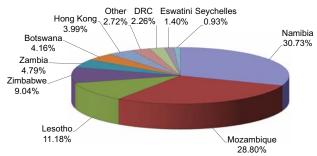


<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

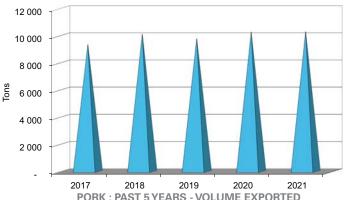
## **PORK**

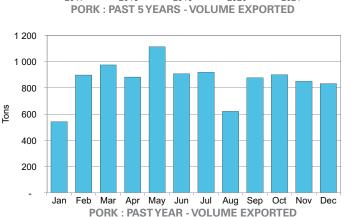


**PORK: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**PORK: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 0203 0.30% 0.1% 31(31)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION

\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

South African Pork Producers' Organisation

#### **PRESERVATION**

Chilled or Frozen

#### **PACKAGING**

Boxed

#### **EXPORTERS**

See Service Providers section for more information.



**RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES** 

# Serious about quality from start to finish

Since 1988, Lynca Meats has grown from a small, family-run piggery to a major contributor of sustainable, premium pork in South Africa and abroad.

Our systems rate amongst the best in class in the world, ensuring full product traceability, from farm to point of sale.

For further info please reach out to the Lynca Meats Sales Team

LYNCA MEATS

Tel: +27 (0) 16 360 4600 or email: info@lyncameats.co.za Visit www.lyncameats.co.za



Our range of Processed Pork Products includes bacon, hams, sausages, cooked marinated ribs, smoked products and more.

We also supply fresh and frozen **Primal Pork Cuts** and offer contract deboning and slaughter services.



**WE'LL TAKE CARE OF YOUR COOLING** AT ZERO CAPITAL COST

Through our unique product "Cooling as a Service" (CaaS) we invest in, own and operate refrigeration assets off balance sheet, enabling clients to free up capital and grow their business.

We take all the risk - you see the savings.

**ENERGY PARTNERS** REFRIGERATION

refrigeration@energypartners.co.za

Tel: 010 276 0125

www.energypartners.co.za/refrigeration

We are a level 4 BEE accredited provider.



Savour the sea

# SEA HARVEST CORPORATION (PTY) LTD

A trusted partner committed to responsible fishing and producing premium quality products

Sea Harvest Corporation comprises the Sea Harvest Group's South African fishing operations. One of the largest Cape Hake (Merluccius capensis/paradoxus) producers in Southern Africa, the corporation supplies a variety of products under the Sea Harvest brand. Sea Harvest has been producing and packing for top local and international brands and retailers since 1964, with a proven track record aligning it with leading brands and role players across the globe.

The extensive range of products, which are caught and produced by the Sea Harvest fleet and factories, includes natural cuts such as skinless and skin-on fillets, loins and portions for both the international and local markets.

Frozen-at-sea production aboard Sea Harvest's freezer vessels ensures that products are prepared and processed within hours of being caught to maintain the best texture and taste in the products. Skinless, sea-frozen fillets are frozen on board and marketed under the Cape Haddie and High Seas brands. An extension of the sea-frozen products includes whole-round Cape Hake (HG&T) and a variety of high-value by-catch species. The most popular by-catch species include Monkfish, Kingklip, Angelfish and John Dory. Horse Mackerel is also caught and frozen at sea, and distributed to customers in South Africa and abroad.

Our value-added products include a wide range of coated, battered and crumbed seafood products for both the retail and foodservice markets.

All Sea Harvest Cape Hake products – whether frozen at sea or on land – are single frozen from fresh catches and are 100% natural with zero additives, produced from an MSC-certified sustainable source.

The Sea Harvest Group's products are present in retail and foodservice markets in over 30 countries across the world with primary export markets in Europe and Australia, Asia, the Middle East, the UK and North America.









A leading, diversified global agribusiness



## Savour the sea

### **SEA HARVEST AQUACULTURE**

In addition to the wild caught operations, the Sea Harvest Group has aquaculture operations spread across South Africa. The aquaculture operations are renowned for the freshest and highest quality farmed seafood products, including live, canned and dried abalone and oysters. The Aquaculture business's sustainable operations harness the skills and expertise of southern Africa's foremost fish farming specialists to produce premium quality seafood products for local and international markets.

### CAPE HARVEST FOODS

The Sea Harvest Group's Cape Harvest Foods segment includes Ladismith Cheese, Mooivallei and BM Foods Group.

### **Ladismith Cheese**

Ladismith Cheese has been an integral part of Cape Harvest Foods for the past three years. Located in the picturesque town of Ladismith in the western Klein Karoo, Ladismith Cheese is a trusted household name for many South African consumers with its rich offering and wide variety of quality cheese, butter and milk powder products. Ladismith Cheese's diverse portfolio includes gouda, cheddar, mozzarella and edam cheese as well as various types of butters and spreads and its milk powder products, including buttermilk powder, whey powder and coffee creamers. Ladismith Cheese products are sold through the foodservice, retail, wholesale and food production industries throughout South Africa and a number of sub-Saharan African countries.

#### Mooivallei

The acquisition of Mooivallei Suiwel (Pty) Ltd in 2021 added an additional 28 products to the Cape Harvest Foods dairy range sold into the retail and foodservice markets. Mooivallei produces value-added dairy products with its main products of cheese and butter sold into the retail and non-retail channels.

## **BM Foods Group**

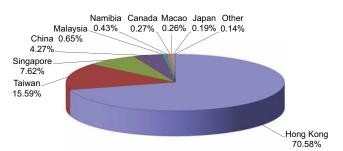
Another addition to the Cape Harvest Foods business is the majority interest in the BM Foods Group. This acquisition gave the Group the opportunity to further diversify into new food categories that align with its dairy and fishing businesses. BM Foods Group manufactures and distributes more than 1 000 chilled and frozen food products, including convenience foods and bakery and dairy products that are marketed and sold to local retailers, food manufacturers and foodservice avenues. BM Foods Group brands include Mediterranean Delicacies, Judy's Preserves, Chelsea Pies and Bettafresh Prepared Foods.



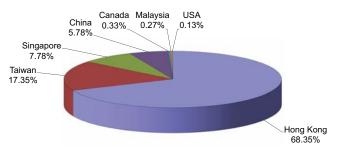


## **SEAFOOD & AQUACULTURE**

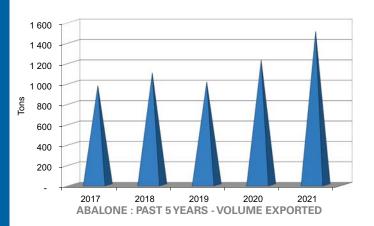
## **ABALONE**



**ABALONE: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**ABALONE: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 5.6% 030781 -15.57% 4(4)030787 132.52% 18.8% 2(3)160557 -17.43% 4.1% 3(5)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED
\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

## INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

South African Abalone Council

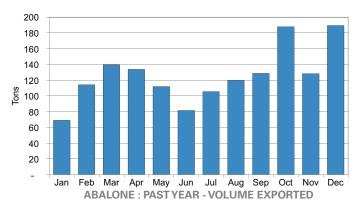
#### **PRESERVATION**

Chilled, Frozen, Dried, Brined or Smoked

### **PACKAGING**

Boxed, Canned

#### **EXPORTERS**







# Cape ABALONE



#### A SOUTH AFRICAN TREASURE

The pristine waters at the southern tip of Africa provide the ideal growing conditions for Cape Abalone, *Haliotis midae*, long prized for its superior appearance, delicate aroma, exquisite flavour and beautiful colour.

Here at Danger Point, some 200 km from Cape Town, we farm our premium quality 1&J Cape Abalone using advanced systems to recreate the natural environment and cultivate this unique delicacy.

Our adherence to the most stringent of standards has earned us ASC certification for responsible aquaculture as well as HACCP and FDA accreditation.

Abalone are slow growing, taking up to ten years to reach maturity. To grow the best, we ensure a constant supply of fresh seawater and natural feed of locally harvested kelp and *Ulva* seaweed. This guarantees the superior sea-fresh taste and succulent texture of our Cape Abalone, which most closely resembles wild abalone. Not only is this delicacy a treat to savour in a wide variety of dishes - it is rich in quality protein, Omega 3, and essential nutrients including iodine, selenium, phosphorus, iron and magnesium.

As one of the largest abalone farms in Africa, we offer a consistent supply of premium quality live, dried, canned and frozen abalone to customers around the globe.







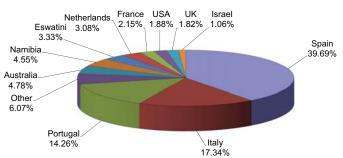




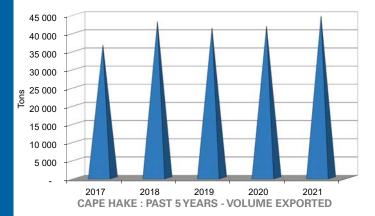


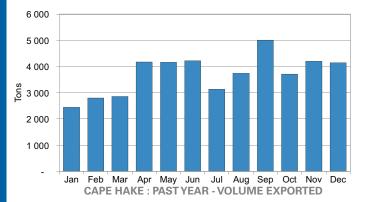
#### UK France Eswatini USA Sweden Netherlands. 2.47% 2.11% 2.08% \_1.35% \_0.79% 3.38% Other Spain 4.61% 40.32% Australia 5.26% Namibia. 5.64% Portugal Italy 14.99% 17.02%

**CAPE HAKE: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**CAPE HAKE: PASTYEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





## **CAPE HAKE**



HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 030254 -10.22% 5.0% 6(7) 030366 2.63% 10.5% 4(5) 030474 11.68% 13.8% 3(3)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

South African Deep-Sea Trawling Industry Association

#### **PRESERVATION**

Chilled, Frozen, Salted or Smoked

### **PACKAGING**

Boxed

#### **EXPORTERS**





<sup>\*</sup>GROWTH PASTYEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED
\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS



## AN ICON OF QUALITY FOR MORE THAN 11 GYEARS

1&J is a globally respected supplier of premium quality, chilled and frozen, sustainably wild caught Cape Hake products since 1910. We are also the leading producer of responsibly fresh farmed Cape Abalone.

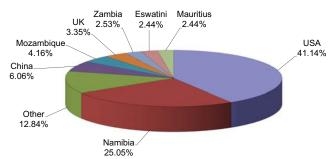
Our HACCP-approved processing facilities enable us to deliver high quality products that have made us a trusted South African icon and a reputable international manufacturer of seafood products which are enjoyed in more than 25 countries world-wide.

Our MSC certified Cape Hake is one of the last sources of pure, preservative-free proteins. 1&J Cape Hake is wild caught in the deep, pristine waters of the south-east Atlantic Ocean and flash frozen to preserve its natural goodness. Our world-class loins, steaks, fillets and innovative value-added products can be packed under our I&J label or under your brand and can be customised to meet your needs, whether in retail or food service. Contact us to discuss how we can help you!

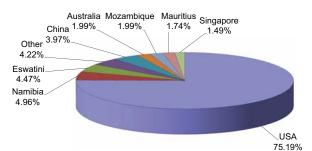




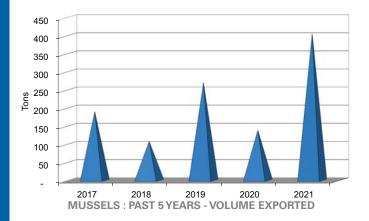




**MUSSELS: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**MUSSELS: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



## **MUSSELS**



HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 030731 -66.67% < 0.1% 25(27) 030739 94.29% 0.2% 18(18) 0.1% 22(20) 160553 241.84%

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED
\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

The Aquaculture Association of Southern Africa

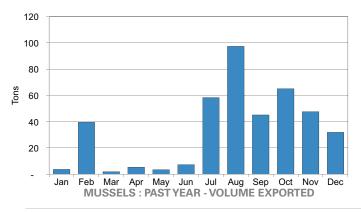
#### **PRESERVATION**

Chilled, Frozen, Smoked, Brined

### **PACKAGING**

Boxed or Canned

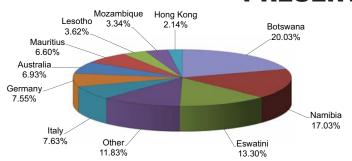
#### **EXPORTERS**



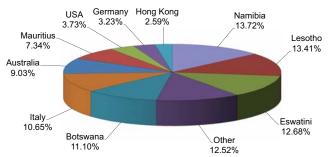
**RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES** 



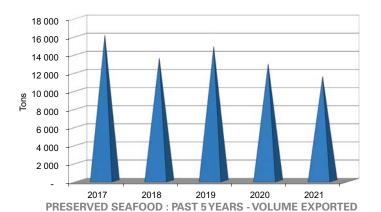
## PRESERVED SEAFOOD

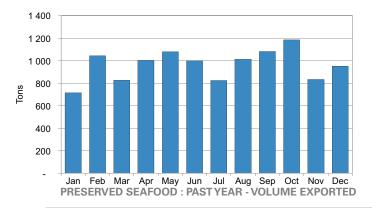


PRESERVED SEAFOOD: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



PRESERVED SEAFOOD: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS







HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 1604 -12.25% 0.2% 48(42) 1605 13.14% 0.2% 39(41)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

#### INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

## PRESERVATION

Pasteurised

#### PACKAGING

Canned, Tubbed or Boxed

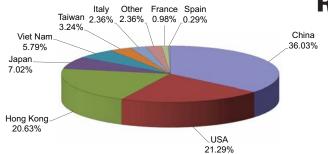
#### **EXPORTERS**



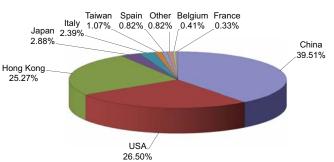


<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

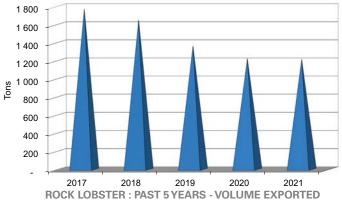
## **ROCK LOBSTER**



**ROCK LOBSTER: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**ROCK LOBSTER: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



180
160
140
120
80
60
40
20
Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec ROCK LOBSTER: PAST YEAR - VOLUME EXPORTED

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATIONS**

West Coast Rock Lobster Association South Coast Rock Lobster Industry Association

#### **PRESERVATION**

Frozen or Cooked & Brined

#### PACKAGING

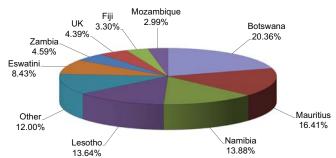
Boxed or Canned

#### **EXPORTERS**

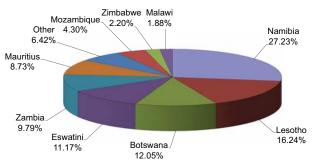




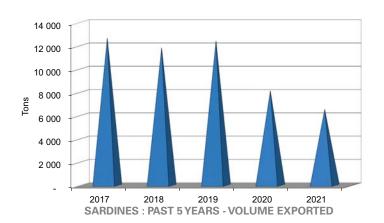
<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

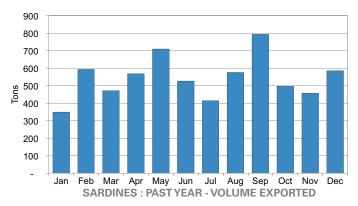


**SARDINES: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**SARDINES: PASTYEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





## **SARDINES**



HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 030243 25.16% 0.2% 25(32) 030353 -3.66% 0.4% 27(19) 160413 -26.26% 1.0% 18(11)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED
\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

South African Pelagic Fish Industry Association

#### **PRESERVATION**

Chilled, Frozen

#### **PACKAGING**

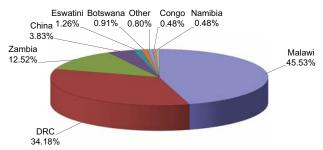
Boxed, Canned

#### **EXPORTERS**

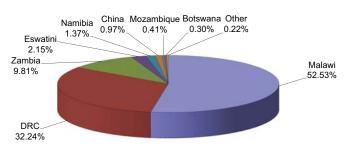




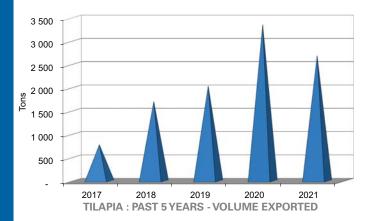
## **TILAPIA**



**TILAPIA: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**TILAPIA: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 030271 -46.04% 6.0% 6(16) 030323 90.51% 0.2% 17(10)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

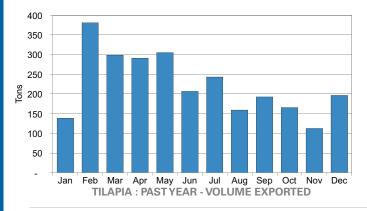
The Aquaculture Association of Southern Africa

## PRESERVATION

Chilled, Frozen

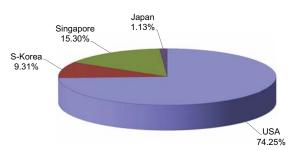
PACKAGING Boxed

#### **EXPORTERS**

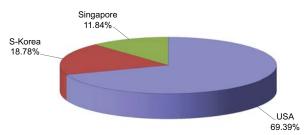




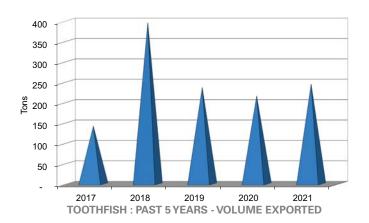
## **TOOTHFISH**

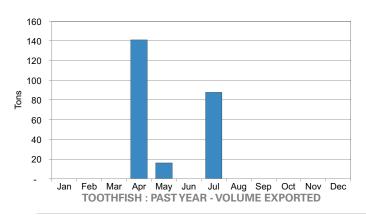


**TOOTHFISH: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**TOOTHFISH: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 







HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 030383 13.43% 1.2% 14(14)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PASTYEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

South African Patagonian Toothfish Association

#### **PRESERVATION**

Frozen

#### **PACKAGING**

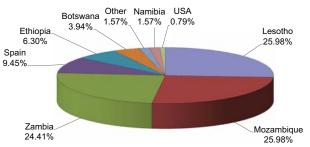
Boxed

#### **EXPORTERS**

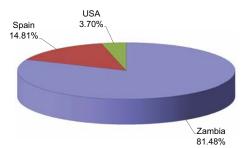




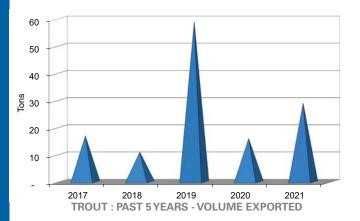
## TROUT



**TROUT: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



TROUT: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 030211 40.00% < 0.1% 41(26) 030482 700.00% < 0.1% 42(40)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED
\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

#### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

The Aquaculture Association of Southern Africa

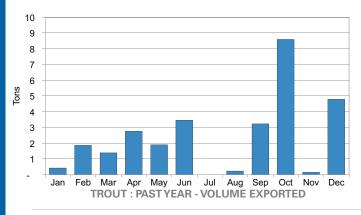
## **PRESERVATION**

Chilled, Frozen

#### **PACKAGING**

Boxed

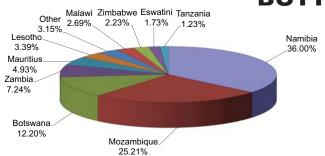
#### **EXPORTERS**



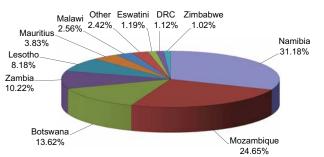
**RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES** 



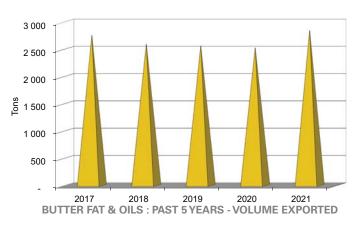
## **BUTTER FAT & OILS**

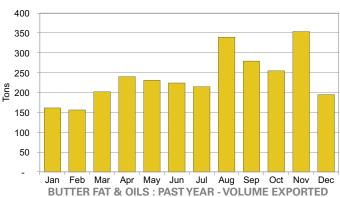


**BUTTER FAT & OILS: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**BUTTER FAT & OILS: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 0405 12.56% 0.1% 33(34)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED \*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

## INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

Milk South Africa

## **PROCESSING**Cultured

PRESERVATION
Chilled

## PACKAGING

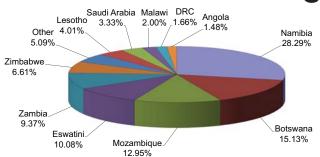
Tubbed or Wrapped

#### **EXPORTERS**

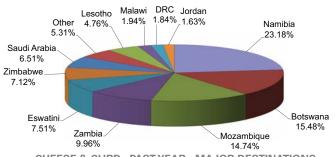




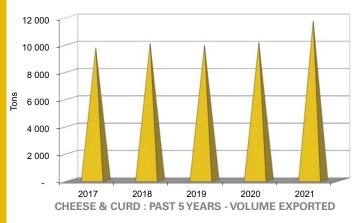
## **CHEESE & CURD**

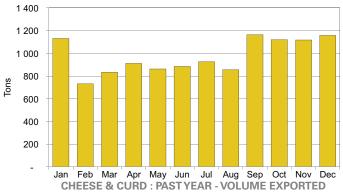


**CHEESE & CURD: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 



**CHEESE & CURD: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 0406 15.40% 0.1% 45(45)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

## **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

Milk South Africa

#### **PROCESSING**

Cultured

#### **PRESERVATION**

Chilled or Ambient

#### **PACKAGING**

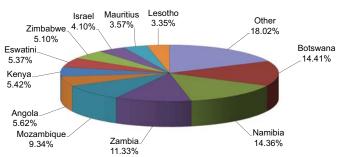
Bottled, Tubbed or Wrapped

#### **EXPORTERS**

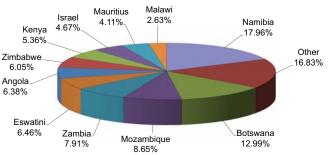




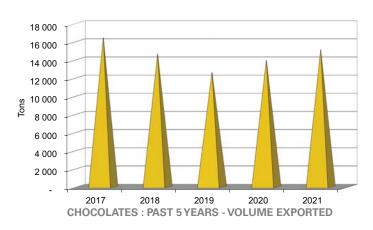
<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

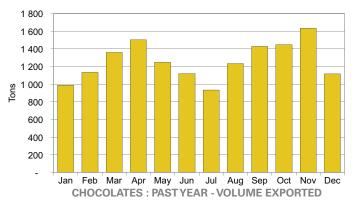


#### **CHOCOLATES: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS**



**CHOCOLATES: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





## **CHOCOLATES**



HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 1806 8.21% 0.2% 41(43)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED
\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

#### INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

PRESERVATION

Pasteurised

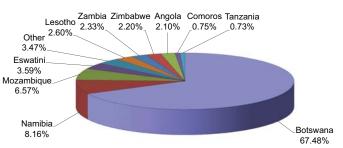
PACKAGING
Canned, Wrapped or Boxed

#### **EXPORTERS**

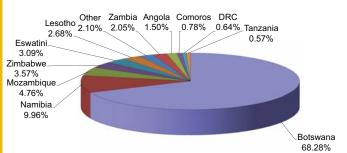




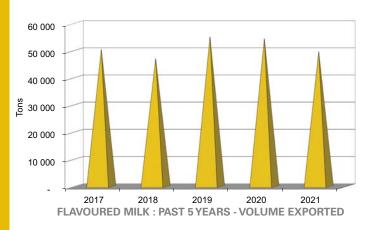
## **FLAVOURED MILK**

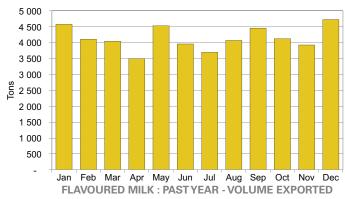


FLAVOURED MILK: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



FLAVOURED MILK: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 0402 -8.78% 0.3% 33(33)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

Milk South Africa

#### **PRESERVATION**

Pasteurised

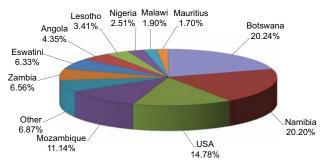
#### **PACKAGING**

Bottled, Boxed or Canned

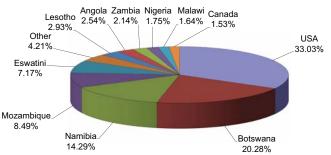
#### **EXPORTERS**



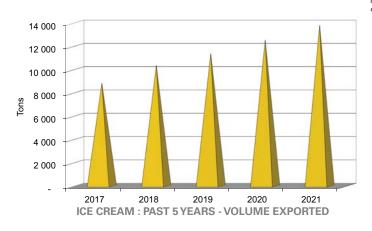


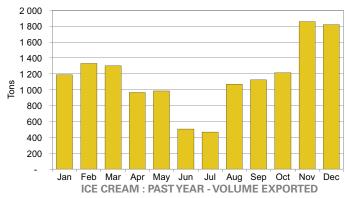


#### **ICE CREAM: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS**



**ICE CREAM: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS** 





## **ICE CREAM**



HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 2105 10.08% 0.6% 31(30)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED
\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

### INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

PRESERVATION

Pasteurised, Chilled

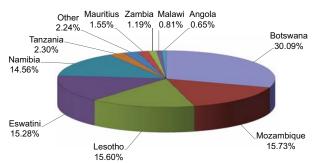
**PACKAGING**Tubbed

#### **EXPORTERS**

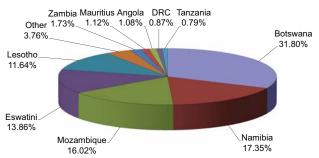




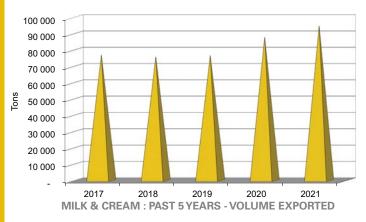
## **MILK & CREAM**

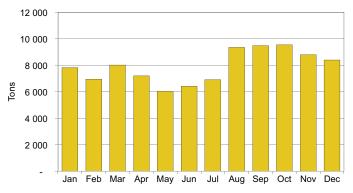


MILK & CREAM: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



MILK & CREAM: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS





HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 0401 7.97% 0.6% 29(28)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION \*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

Milk South Africa

#### **PROCESSING**

Pasteurised, Dehydrated or Dried

#### **PRESERVATION**

Chilled or Ambient

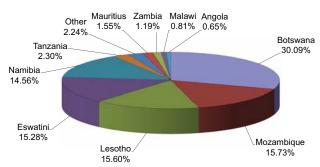
#### **PACKAGING**

Bottled, Boxed, Canned or Tubbed

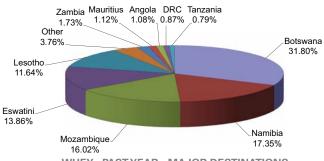
#### **EXPORTERS**



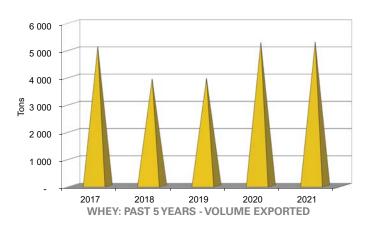




WHEY: PAST 5 YEARS - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



WHEY: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS







HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 0404 0.38% 0.1% 43(42)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION
\*GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED
\*\*PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

## INDUSTRY ORGANISATION

Milk South Africa

#### **PROCESSING**

Pasteurised, Dehydrated or Dried

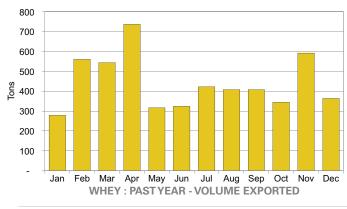
#### **PRESERVATION**

Ambient

#### **PACKAGING**

Canned, Bottled, Tubbed, Bagged or Boxed

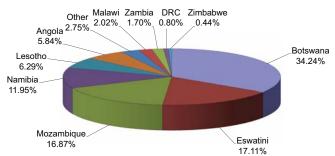
#### **EXPORTERS**



**RSA: PRODUCING PROVINCES** 

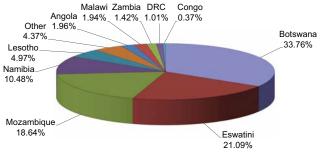


## YOGHURT & KEPHIR

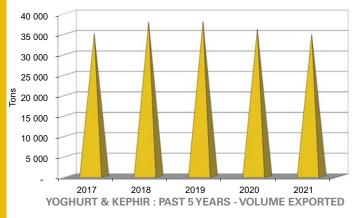








YOGHURT & KEPHIR: PAST YEAR - MAJOR DESTINATIONS



4 000 3 500 3 000 2 500 ဥ် 2 000 1 500 1 000 500 Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec YOGHURT & KEPHIR: PAST YEAR - VOLUME EXPORTED

HS CODE, GROWTH\*, WORLD MARKET SHARE & RANKING\*\*: 0403 -3.54% 0.8% 26(23)

SEE INSIDE BACK COVER FOR HS CODE SHORT DESCRIPTION GROWTH PAST YEAR IN QUANTITY EXPORTED

### **INDUSTRY ORGANISATION**

Milk South Africa

#### **PROCESSING**

Cultured or Fermented

#### **PRESERVATION**

Chilled or Ambient

#### **PACKAGING**

Canned, Bottled or Tubbed

#### **EXPORTERS**





<sup>\*\*</sup>PREVIOUS YEAR'S RANKING IN BRACKETS

## **SECTION 3**

## STEP-BY-STEP MANUAL FOR EXPORTERS OF SOUTH AFRICAN PROCESSED FRUITS, VEGETABLES AND NUTS



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This section has been compiled by the Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development and every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of the information contained herein. The Dept. cannot, however, be held responsible for any errors, omissions or inaccuracies in such information and data, whether inadvertent or otherwise. The Dept. of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries, therefore, accepts no liability that can be incurred resulting from the use of this information. No parts of this document may be reproduced without the permission of the copyright holder.

#### **ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS**

AGOA Africa Growth and Opportunity Act
ARC Agricultural Research Council
BAF Bunker adjustment factor

**BFAP** Bureau for Food and Agricultural Policy

BRC British Retail Consortium

CAF Currency adjustment factor

**CBI** Centre for the Promotion of Imports from Developing Countries

CCP Critical control points
CFR Cost and freight

CIF Cost, insurance and freight CIP Carriage and insurance paid to

**CPT** Carriage paid to

DALRRD Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development

DAP Delivered at place
DAT Delivered at terminal
DDP Delivered duty paid

DFTS Dried Fruit Technical Services
DoH Dept. of Health

EAN European Article Number
EFTA European Free Trade Area

**EMIA** Export Marketing & Investment Assistance

EU European Union
EXW Ex works
FAS Free alongside ship
FBO Food Business Operator

FCA Free carrier
FCL Full container load

FDA Food & Drug Administration in the USA

FDI Foreign Direct Investment

**FUT** Full liner terms FOB Free on board

GSP Generalised System of Preferences
HACCP Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points

**HS** Harmonised System.

IATA International Air Transport Association
ICC International Chamber of Commerce
IDC Industrial Development Corporation
IPPC International Plant Protection Convention
ISO International Standards Organisation

ISPM 15 International Standard on Phytosanitary Measures

ISPS International Security Port Surcharge
JETRO Japanese External Trade Organisation
LCL Less than a full container load
MRA Mutual recognition agreement
NEF National Employment Fund

NPPO National Plant Protection Organisation

PMR Primary Market Research

PPECB Perishable Products Export Control Board
SABS South African Bureau of Standards
SACU Southern African Customs Union
SADC Southern Africa Development Community
SARJA South African Fruit Juice Association

SAFVCA South African Fruit and Vegetable Canners Association
SAFVCEC South African Fruit and Vegetable Canners Export Council

SAMAC South African Macadamia Growers Association
SANAS South African National Accreditation System

SARS South African Revenue Service
SEDA Small Enterprise Development Agency
SEFA Small Enterprise Finance Agency
SGS Société Générale de Surveillance

TDCA Trade, Development and Co-operation Agreement

The dtic Dept. of Trade, Industry and Competition TISA Trade & Investment South Africa

UPC Universal Product Code
USDA United States Dept. of Agriculture

VAT Value added tax

WHO World Health Organisation

#### INTRODUCTION

#### WHYTHIS MANUAL?

Producers of processed fruits, vegetables and nuts frequently approach the Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development's Directorate: International Trade for information regarding the export of their products to foreign markets. Producers and traders are anxious to know how to export, where they can export to and where to find details about the requirements and standards of various importing countries around the world.

This manual aims to provide the answer to most of these questions and to guide potential exporters towards more detailed information regarding the export of processed (canned/dried/frozen) fruits, vegetables and nuts.

#### **HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL**

This manual should be used as a reference. It covers regulations governing the export of processed fruit, vegetables and nuts from South Africa, requirements and standards for these products to be imported into major foreign markets, and procedures to ensure that the products enjoy a favourable rate of import duty into those foreign markets with which South Africa has a trade agreement.

We have given as much detailed information as possible in a manual of this sort. However, regulations and procedures vary from product to product and we have therefore included references to the sources of precise information for different types of processed fruits, vegetables and nuts. Users of the manual should take care to follow these references and familiarise themselves with the specific information for their products.

The manual is structured in a way that takes the potential exporter stage by stage through the procedure to export processed produce:

- Chapter one gives an overview of the whole procedure to assist readers to understand the more detailed explanations that follow and how each stage fits into the total picture.
- Chapter two provides guidance on how to register for production and inspection with the Dept. of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries.
- · Chapter three has information on traceability, packaging, labelling and packing of the product.
- · Chapter four provides information about quality control, specifically Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points (HACCP).
- Chapter five outlines the standards that are required in foreign markets by government dept.s, private companies or individual retailers. These standards include British Retail Consortium Global Standards (BRC), Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points (HACCP) and International Standards Organisation (ISO) and ISO 22000 series on food management.
- Chapter six provides information on how to register with the South African Revenue Service as an exporter.
- · Chapter seven explains the documentary requirements for exporting processed fruits, vegetables and nuts.
- Chapter eight delivery terms (Incoterms<sup>a</sup>) used in international contracts and modes of transport that can be used when
  exporting.
- Chapter nine indicates the cost breakdown of a shipment, showing percentages of money spent in different stages of a value chain.
- Chapter ten is a guide to where potential exporters can find help. It covers industry associations and export councils
  that can assist with information on how markets operate, as well as some of the organisations that can provide training
  and coaching to potential exporters.
- Chapter eleven is a guide to various sources and types of financial support, both in the government and private sector, that are available for exporters.
- Chapter twelve is a checklist that potential exporters can use to check if they are ready to export their products.
- Chapter thirteen gives some basic guidelines on international marketing and some of the databases that can be used when identifying potential markets and investigating how competitors are doing business.

## CHAPTER 1 OVERVIEW OF THE EXPORT PROCEDURE

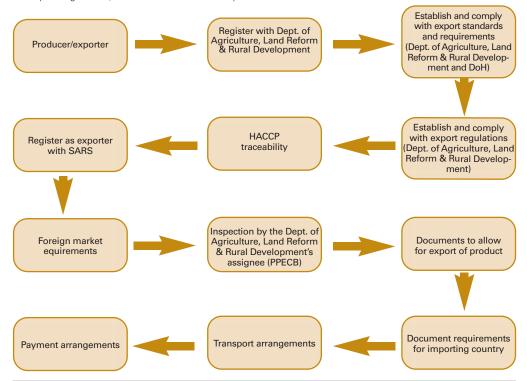
Exporting any product is complex; exporting food products, such as processed fruits, vegetables and nuts, is especially complex because health and food safety requirements must be considered in addition to the foreign marketing, distribution, logistics and, of course, payment issues. With regard to health and food safety requirements, the exporter has first to ensure that the production facilities comply with South African legislation governing what may be marketed locally.

Next there are regulations governing exports from South Africa, which are usually the result of agreements between South Africa and other countries. There are then regulations governing imports into foreign countries. In addition, buyers in foreign markets may have their own requirements. As referred to above, linking threads running through these complexities are logistics requirements to move the goods to the destination market and banking requirements to ensure that payment is received in South Africa.

The following is a short summary of the export process for canned fruit and vegetables, canned mushrooms, canned pastas, frozen fruit and vegetables, dried fruit, jams, jellies and marmalades, Honeybush, Rooibos and apricot and peach kernels:

- Register for the necessary Food Business Operator (FBO) codes with the Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development's Directorate Food Safety and Quality Assurance.
- 2. Consult Dept. of Health food safety requirements.
- 3. Consult the Export Standards and Requirements for the product concerned
  - Minimum/Maximum quality requirements for the grades concerned
  - Prescribed packing and marking requirements
- 4. Consult the Export Regulations for the product concerned which will provide the following information:
  - Prohibition applicable
  - Application for approval of export
  - Presentation for inspection
    - Procedure at inspection
  - Approvals and rejections
  - Appeals
- 5. Check the import requirements of the foreign market.
- Arrange for inspection of the consignment concerned with the appointed assignee, namely the Perishable Products Export Control Board (PPECB).
- For certain products, analysis of samples is required.
- 8. If the consignment is approved for export, an export certificate is issued by the PPECB.

The following diagram briefly explains the full process for the export of processed fruits, vegetables and nuts regulated by the Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development:



## CHAPTER 2 REGISTRATION AND REGULATIONS

The Departments of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development and of Trade and Industry (the dti) have entered into agreements with other countries in order to facilitate the flow of goods, especially food products, by ensuring that basic regulations concerning food safety are implemented.

#### 2.1 REGISTRATION AS AN FBO

All processors of fruit, vegetable and nuts destined for sale on export markets must be registered with the Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development as a Food Business Operator (FBO). This basic registration can be done with the Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development's Directorate: Food Safety and Quality Assurance (FSQA) by e-mail, fax or online registration. Registration forms and further details can be found at:

- ⇒ www.dalrrd.gov.za
  - ⇒ Branches
    - ⇒ Agricultural-Production-Health-Food-Safety
      - ⇒ Food-Safety-Quality-Assurance
        - ⇒ Food-Business-Operator-Registration

#### 2.2 REGULATION OF SPECIFIC PROCESSED FRUITS AND VEGETABLES FOR EXPORT

The following specific processed fruits and vegetables for export are subject to the Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development regulation:

- Apricot and peach kernels
- Frozen fruit and vegetables
- Dried fruit
- Canned vegetables
- Canned fruit
- Canned mushrooms
- Rooibos and rooibos mixtures
- Jam, jelly and marmalade
- Canned pasta products
- Honeybush and green honeybush

The regulations are designed to ensure that these products going into foreign markets meet basic food safety and quality standards; they cover aspects such as:

- Quality and food safety standards, including grading
- Requirements for containers
- Packing requirements
- Marking requirements
- Sampling procedures
- Methods of inspection

The overall approach of these regulations is similar for each group of products, although there are specific details for individual items. For example, the standards and requirements for the export of dried fruit give specific standards for dried deciduous fruit, dried subtropical fruit, raisins and currants, and other dried fruit.

These standards can be downloaded at:

- ⇒ www.dalrrd.gov.za
  - ⇒ Branches
    - ⇒ Agricultural-Production-Health-Food-Safety
      - $\Rightarrow$  Food-Safety-Quality-Assurance
        - ⇒ Export Regulations and Standards
          - ⇒ Processed Products

#### 2.3 REGULATION OF PROCESSED NUTS FOR EXPORT

Nuts are divided into two types: groundnuts (peanuts) and tree nuts. The standards for groundnuts can be downloaded at:

\*\*www.dalrrd.gov.za\*

- ⇒ Branches
  - ⇒ Agricultural-Production-Health-Food-Safety
    - ⇒ Food-Safety-Quality-Assurance
      - ⇒ Export Regulations and Standards
        - ⇒ Agronomy

Currently tree nuts are not subject to the South African Agricultural Standards Act. Exporters of tree nuts should ensure that they comply with the international standards laid down by the International Nut and Dried Fruit Council Foundation (information is available at www.nutfruit.org) and should also check if their target market countries impose any additional standards.

#### 2.4 COMPLIANCE WITH FOOD SAFETY STANDARDS

In addition to the above specific standards, exporters of these regulated processed fruits, vegetables and nuts must adhere to the Agricultural Product Standards Act of 1990 (Act No. 119 of 1990) regarding food safety and food suitability, available at:

- ⇒ www.dalrrd.gov.za
  - ⇒ Branches
    - ⇒ Agricultural-Production-Health-Food-Safety
      - ⇒ Food-Safety-Quality-Assurance
        - ⇒ Export Regulations and Standards
          - ⇒ Food Safety

They must also comply with Dept. of Health (DoH) standards as set out in Notice R.908 of 27 June 2003. The regulations relating to the application of the hazard analysis and critical control point system (HACCP system) is available at http://extwprlegs1.fao.org/docs/pdf/saf73208.pdf

Both of these standards regulations (Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development and DoH) relate specifically to compliance with a Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points (HACCP) system, which is covered under Chapter 5. Compliance with the regulations is checked through inspections and certification carried out by authorised bodies.

#### REGISTRATIONS/REGULATIONS NOT APPLICABLE 2.5

Note that, unlike the export of fresh fruit, vegetables and nuts, processed plant products are not required to undergo phytosanitary inspection unless specified by the importing country. Furthermore, other members of the distribution chain such as transport operators, pack houses, wholesale warehouses and the like are not bound by the food safety standards referred to under 2.4 above and in Chapter 5. They are, however, bound by traceability issues, covered in Chapter 3.

## CHAPTER 3 TRACEABILITY, PACKAGING, LABELLING AND PACKING

#### 3.1 PACKAGING AND TRACEABILITY

A vital element in ensuring safety, quality and sanitary handling throughout the processing and distribution chain is traceability. This means that a specific item purchased by a consumer can, if necessary, be traced back through the transport route to the processing plant and finally to the farm where the fruit, vegetable or nuts were grown. This is a requirement not only in South Africa, but also in all major foreign markets.

The purpose of traceability legislation, here and abroad, is to ensure that, in the event of any danger alert regarding a product, the product can be identified back to its source throughout the supply chain. It is therefore necessary for each company in the supply chain to keep precise records about products that are received, processed and despatched while the products are under its control.

The importance of precise record-keeping in any quality management system cannot be over-estimated. Record-keeping is at the core of a traceability system as well as Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points (HACCP) compliance. Ideally, export producers should implement a total quality management system that covers traceability and HACCP as a continuous process. Typically, a traceability system requires the following information:

TRACEABILITY INFORMATION		
Who?	Company/branch/dept. Responsible person	
When?	Date/time Shift	
What?	Product item(s)/logistics item/quality factors	
Where?	Locations Company/area/containers used for storage Locations of input material (fruit or vegetables and other ingredients) Location to which processed products are sent Other relevant locations, if any	
How?	Processing details: temperature, treatments, special requirements, warnings	
How much?	Total number/total mass Batch/run	

In order for a specific item to be traced the unit sold needs to be identifiable. A batch or lot number may be allocated to a traceable item, linking it to a specific process. Typically, all products in a batch would be of the same type and have undergone the same treatment at the same time.

Operating guidelines for traceability can be downloaded at:

- ⇒ www.dalrrd.gov.za
  - ⇒ Branches
    - ⇒ Agricultural-Production-Health-Food-Safety
      - *⇒ Food-Safety-Quality-Assurance* 
        - ⇒ Export Regulations and Standards
          - ⇒ Food Safety
            - Departing guideline for traceability of regulated agricultural products of plant origin that are destined for export (MS Word)

Further information on traceability and other food safety issues can be obtained from the International Standards Organisation (ISO), which has produced a 'family' of food safety standards at www.iso.org (Search "ISO 2200")

#### 3.2 INSPECTION AND AUDITING

It is the responsibility of the exporter to request an inspection by the Perishable Products Export Control Board (PPECB) before loading of the consignment and application of the export certificate, before any consignment of the regulated processed product of plant origin may be exported. PPECB, as the appointed assignee by the Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development, inspects the final product to ensure that it conforms to export quality requirements, for which a typical process will be as follows:

- 1. When the processed fruits/vegetables or groundnuts are in their final form, PPECB is to be contacted for inspection of the product. Depending on the Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development regulations, samples will either be inspected at the exporter's premises or taken to an authorised laboratory for further testing. The quantity samples per batch or weight are regulated by the Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development. The inspection request application form and inspection facility requirements are available on the PPECB website at www.ppecb.com.
- 2. Once the product has passed inspection, an export certificate is issued by PPECB. Where a sample is analysed by the laboratory, a certificate of analysis is issued, upon which the export certificate is also issued.
- Upon receipt of the export certificate, the exporter can arrange for export customs clearance and for shipment to the foreign country in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contract of sale between the seller and the buyer.

A list of these regulated products is available on PPECB's website at www.ppecb.com Contact details: Tel: +27 21 930 1134, E-mail: info@ppecb.com

## 3.3 DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE, LAND REFORM & RURAL DEVELOPMENT PACKAGING AND LABELLING REQUIREMENTS

The packaging and labelling requirements for processed fruits, vegetables and nuts that are regulated for export (refer to the list under Chapter 2, sections 2.2 and 2.3) are set out in the Export Standards and Requirements referred to for each type of product. The requirements refer to containers (packaging) and marking (labelling) and give specific details of what is required and acceptable.

In general, containers must be suitable for the product (e.g. suitable quality cans/ jars in good condition and lined where appropriate for the contents, or bags in the case of nuts) and capable of being sealed to preserve the contents.

Marking (labelling) must, amongst other things, state the type of product, the grade, name and contact details of the producer including the FBO code, and date of manufacture. A true description of the contents must be given, and the net and drained mass. Country of origin (South Africa) must be stated.

Exporters of regulated processed fruits, vegetables and nuts, should refer to the specific standards for each type of product, as referred to in Chapter 2:

- ⇒ www.dalrrd.gov.za
  - ⇒ Branches
    - ⇒ Agricultural-Production-Health-Food-Safety
      - ⇒ Food-Safety-Quality-Assurance
        - ⇒ Export Regulations and Standards
          - ⇒ Agronomy
          - ⇒ Processed Products

#### 3.4 FOREIGN MARKET PACKAGING AND LABELLING REQUIREMENTS

It is possible that the foreign buyer may want the products to be exported from South Africa in unmarked containers (cans/jars); in this case, the Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development regulations require all the necessary marking information to be included on the outer container and the export certificate accompanying the consignment. More commonly, legal requirements governing the labelling of food products in the foreign market may require information to be expressed in a certain way or position on the label or in a certain language.

Approval to deviate shall be applied for with the executive officer of the Agricultural Product Standards Act (Act No. 119 of 1990). This is an important element of foreign market research and some indications are given in Chapter 5.

#### 3.5 PACKING FOR EXPORT

Packing for export refers to placing the individual cans, jars or packets of processed product into cartons (also known as the shipper/outer carton), which are then palletised. Note that the regulations governing exports of regulated processed fruits, vegetables and nuts contain guidelines on palletising. It would be normal for palletised cargo to then be containerised. To ensure the safe transit and handling of the products, the exporter must mark each shipper and the packed pallet correctly and completely.

The symbols for package handling instructions are internationally standardised in ISO 780 and in DIN 55 402. These symbols must never be omitted as they are self-explanatory and so overcome language problems in international transport operations. Handling symbols can be applied using templates, stamps, embossing or branding.

Pallets used are either made of wood or plastic. All regulated wood packaging (e.g. wooden pallets) must be debarked, treated with methyl bromide or heat treated and bear the relevant International Plant Protection Convention (IPPC) mark to indicate that it complies with ISPM 15 (International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures No. 15). The IPPC mark should be legible, permanent and not transferable, placed in a visible location, preferably on at least two opposite sides of the pallet.

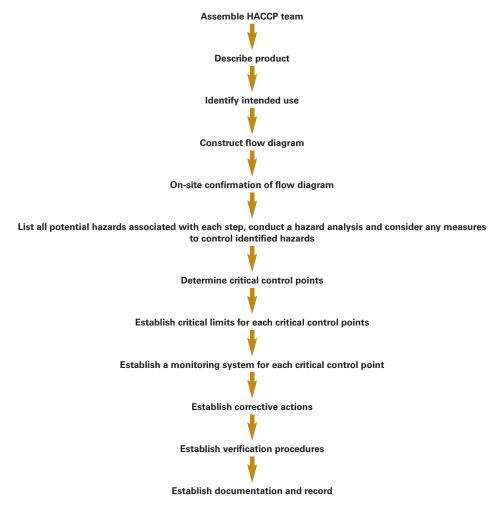
## CHAPTER 4 HAZARD ANALYSIS AND CRITICAL CONTROL POINTS (HACCP)

As already mentioned in Chapter 2, both the Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development and the DoH require food processors, including producers/exporters of processed fruits, vegetables and nuts, to be compliant with the system known internationally as HACCP. It is also a minimum food safety standard set by foreign markets.

The HACCP system calls for the operations of the processor to be analysed and evaluated in order to identify key points at which controls should be imposed to prevent or eliminate a food safety hazard or reduce it to an acceptable level. These key points are known as Critical Control Points (CCPs). The seven principles involved in HACCP are:

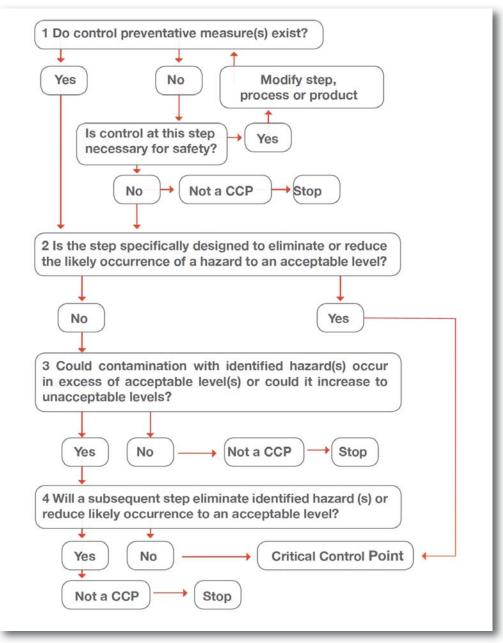
- Conduct a hazard analysis.
- 2. Determine the Critical Control Points.
- 3. Establish critical limits.
- 4. Establish a system to monitor control of the Critical Control Points.
- 5. Establish the corrective action to be taken when monitoring indicates that a particular Critical Control Point is not under control.
- 6. Establish procedures for verification to confirm that the HACCP system is working effectively.
- 2. Establish documentation concerning all procedures and records appropriate to these principles and their application.

On the basis of these principles the sequence to be followed to apply a HACCP system is:



The diagram above has been taken from Dept. of Health standards as set out in Notice R.908 of 27 June 2003, available at http://extwprlegs1.fao.org/docs/pdf/saf73208.pdf. The Notice contains full details of each step and gives the following example of a "decision tree" to help identify critical control points.

Example of a 'decision tree' to identify CCPs:



It is essential that the design of a HACCP system is done under supervision or with the assistance of specialists conversant with the system. It is also essential that key personnel in the operation are trained in the HACCP system.

Once a HACCP system has been developed and compliance has been verified/ certified by an accepted inspection body (Perishable Products Export Control Board – PPECB), regular audits are conducted, initially possibly every three to six months and later annually (it depends upon the nature of the processing operation). Regulatory authorities and buyers require up-to-date HACCP compliance certificates to be produced.

Exporters should, however, note Chapter 5, which has information about the common standards required in major foreign markets.

## CHAPTER 5 FOOD STANDARDS REQUIRED IN FOREIGN MARKETS

In many countries, especially in highly developed economies such as the European Union (EU) and the United States of America (USA), food products must meet specific legislated standards. For processed fruits, vegetables and nuts that are subject to the Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development regulation when exported from South Africa, the the Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development regulations usually ensure that the products meet EU and USA legislated requirements.

Food products derived from plant material and not subject to the Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development regulation may have to be tested against the legislated standards of the foreign market. This can usually be done in South Africa.

Most food products exported to the USA have to be tested by the US Food and Drug Administration; the exceptions are products such as confectionery, dairy products, eggs and egg products, meats, fruits, nuts and vegetables, which are subject to the requirements of the Dept. of Agriculture (USDA). The Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development has strong working relationships with the USDA.

In addition, all suppliers of food products (including processed fruits, vegetables and nuts) must register with the US Food and Drug Administration in terms of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, as amended in terms of the bioterrorism act.

Japan imposes regulations and controls on imported food products, including processed fruits, vegetables and nuts. The website of the Japanese External Trade Organisation (JETRO) gives details of the relevant Acts and provides manuals on import regulations at <a href="https://www.jetro.go.jp/en/reports/regulations">www.jetro.go.jp/en/reports/regulations</a>.

In addition to the legislated standards, the private sectors in many countries have introduced their own standards with which suppliers in developing countries, such as South Africa, have to comply.

Should the foreign buyer request to deviate from the labelling requirements of the Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development, the exporter is required to apply for approval from the Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development by submitting legal/official legislation from the importing country to the executive officer of the Agricultural Product Standards Act, 1990 (Act No. 119 of 1990).

#### 5.1 HACCP SYSTEM

Although HACCP has been discussed in Chapter 4 it is important to note that, although a requirement of the South African Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development/Dept. of Health for food products, it is not necessarily a legal requirement in EU countries. However, it is the minimum standard required in the retail trade in these countries.

#### THE EU COMPRISES 28 MEMBER COUNTRIES

Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxemburg, Malta, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, The Netherlands and the United Kingdom (exiting).

During the last 15 years or so 'consumer health and safety' has become an increasingly important issue in international trade, and for major retail chains in Europe HACCP is no longer regarded as the required standard.

#### 5.2 BRITISH RETAIL CONSORTIUM GLOBAL STANDARDS (BRC)

The BRC Global Standards are a suite of four industry-leading technical standards that specify requirements to be met by an organisation to enable the production, packaging, storage and distribution of safe food and consumer products. Originally developed in response to the needs of Uk members of the British Retail Consortium, the standards have gained usage worldwide and are specified by growing numbers of retailers and branded manufacturers in the EU, North America and further afield. Information on BRC is available at:

- ⇒ www.brcglobalstandards.com
  - ⇒ BRC Global Standards
    - ⇒ Food Safety

Training in BRC standards is available in South Africa – refer to Chapter 10 where information about training organisations is given.

#### 5.3 INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS ORGANISATION (ISO) AND ISO 22000 SERIES ON FOOD MANAGEMENT

The International Standards Organisation (ISO) was founded in 1946 to promote the development of international standards and related activities, including conformity assessment, in order to facilitate the exchange of goods and services worldwide.

ISO is composed of member bodies from many countries. The member body and the national standards marking body for South Africa is the South African Bureau of Standards (SABS). ISO's work covers all areas except those related to electrical and electronic engineering.

The ISO 22000 family of international standards addresses different aspects of food safety management; ISO 22000:2005 contains the overall guidelines for food safety management. Information is available at:

⇒ www.iso.org

⇒ Search "ISO 2200"

ISO 22000 has been designed to align with the ISO 9000 series on quality management (see below) and can be aligned or integrated with existing related management system requirements. It includes the principles of HACCP and application steps developed by the Codex Alimentarius Commission.

Allied to ISO 22000 is the FSSC 22000 certification scheme developed by the Foundation for Food Safety Certification.

#### ISO 9000 QUALITY MANAGEMENT SERIES 5.4

ISO developed the ISO 9000 standard series, covering different aspects of quality assurance management to meet differing sector needs, not only the processed food sector. ISO 9000 is a guidance document and ISO 9001, 9002 and 9003 describe distinct quality system models of varying stringency for use in different applications. ISO 9000 does not itself set specific standards for products, nor is it limited to processed fruits, vegetables and nuts; it is designed to ensure that producers have in place a management system that will enable them to maintain any product standard they choose to implement. ISO 9000 is not required by government legislation; however, more and more buyers internationally are demanding that suppliers are ISO 9000 compliant.

#### ACCREDITATION AND CERTIFICATION 5.5

A certificate of compliance to a certain standard is a requirement of many importers in foreign countries. This certificate must be issued by an accredited international certification body that must validate systems, products and personnel against the required standards. In South Africa, the South African National Accreditation System (SANAS) is recognised as the single national accreditation authority and has established mutual recognition arrangements (MRAs) with South Africa's major trading partners. This means that certificates issued by SANAS-accredited certification companies are recognised and accepted in those countries with which SANAS has an MRA in place. Chapter 10 gives details of training organisations that specialise in HACCP, BRC, ISO 22000 and ISO 9000 training and certify compliance.

# CHAPTER 6 REGISTRATION AS AN EXPORTER WITH SOUTH AFRICAN REVENUE SERVICE (SARS)

There are two aspects to registration as an exporter with SARS. The first is that every exporter of any product out of South Africa has to be registered with the Customs and Excise division of SARS. The second is that exporters to countries with whom South Africa has trade agreements usually need to be registered specifically in terms of those agreements in order to enjoy the foreign market import duty concessions – usually this means duty-free entry for the product concerned.

#### 6.1 REGISTRATION AS AN EXPORTER

Registration is required of any person, company, or other entity wishing to export any goods out of South Africa. The basic registration requires the following application forms to be completed:

- DA 185 Application form: registration/licensing of Customs and Excise clients
- DA 185.4A2 Registration client type 4A2 exporter.

Forms are available from Customs and Excise offices and may also be downloaded at:

- ⇒ www.sars.gov.za
  - ⇒ Customs and Excise
    - ⇒ Processing
      - ⇒ Pre-assessment
        - ⇒ Registration

⇒ Local exporter

Completed forms, together with all required supporting documents should be submitted to the nearest Customs and Excise branch. There is no charge for registration and the validity period is indefinite. Registration usually takes about 10 working days from date of submission.

#### 6.2 REGISTRATION AS AN EXPORTER UNDER PREFERENTIAL TRADE ARRANGEMENTS

South Africa has several trade agreements with other countries or groups of countries that give South African products preferential duty entry into the countries concerned. The Trade, Development and Co-operation Agreement (TDCA) between South Africa and the European Union (EU) allows for duty-free entry of a wide range of South African goods into EU member countries (Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovak Republic, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden and the United kingdom).

The Free Trade Agreement of the Southern African Development Community (SADC) gives a wide range of South African products duty-free entry into 10 of the 15 SADC members (Botswana, Lesotho, Malawi, Mauritius, Mozambique, Namibia, Swaziland, Tanzania, Zambia and Zimbabwe), who, with South Africa, have implemented the FTA.

The Southern African Customs Union (SACU), which links South Africa, Botswana, Lesotho, Namibia and Swaziland, has a Free Trade Agreement with the European Free Trade Area (EFTA) comprising Norway, Liechtenstein, Iceland and Switzerland. Some developed countries grant the Generalised System of Preferences (GSP) status to South Africa, specifically EU members, Norway, Russia and Turkey. The United States also grants GSP to South Africa and in addition extends to South Africa and other sub-Saharan African countries a wide range of duty preferences under the African Growth and Opportunity Act (AGOA).

in order for the relevant importing country to be sure that the products entering the market are eligible for the preferential duties provided by these arrangements, additional registration by South African exporters with SARS is required. These requirements are in addition to registration as an exporter (DA 185 and DA 185.4A.2) and are outlined below.

#### SADC/TDCA/SACU-EFTA

• DA 185.4A7 Registration Client Type 4A7 - Producer

#### AGOA

DA 185.4A4 Registration Client Type 4A4 - Manufacturer

#### GSP

- DA 46A2.01 Exporter's Application for Registration for the purposes of the GSP
- DA 46A2.02 Producer's Application for Registration for the purposes of the GSP

#### APPROVED EXPORTER -TDCA & SACU-EFTA

DA 49A.02 Application for approved exporter status

In practice, exporters usually apply for all registrations to ensure that they can exercise all suitable market selection options.

All the forms may be downloaded on the SARS web site at the address specified in 6.1.

Completed forms, with required supporting documentation, should be submitted to the nearest Customs and Excise office.

#### 6.2.1 Rules of origin

All trade agreements stipulate Rules of Origin that need to be complied with in order to qualify for preferential import duty rates. The exporter is responsible for establishing the Rules of Origin as well as for proving to customs (upon request) that the product does indeed comply. If the product does comply the exporter can register for the applicable trade agreement. This registration will allow for access to the relevant Certificate of Origin document.

#### SARS Customs defines the four basic principles of rules of origin as being:

- The first is wholly produced. In the case of these rules, products are regarded as originating in a specific territory if all
  the materials used in producing the product are from that territory or if the product is wholly obtained. For example,
  wheat flour made exclusively from wheat that was grown in a country and milled in that country would be regarded as
  wholly produced.
- The second is the principle of value added in the manufacturing of a product. If this principle is applied, the product is normally considered to have originated in a specific country if a specified percentage of the product value has been added there.
- The third type of rule determines origin on the basis of a change in tariff classification. By using this system, the origin of a product is determined in the country where, as a result of processing, its tariff classification changes.
- The fourth is the specific process test/principle, e.g. manufacturing from yarn.

More detailed information on Rules of Origin can be obtained from SARS – Customs Division. Refer to Chapter 7 for further discussion on the various Certificates of Origin.

# CHAPTER 7 DOCUMENTARY REQUIREMENTS FOR EXPORTING PROCESSED FRUITS, VEGETABLES AND NUTS

Exporting requires an enormous amount of thought and attention to detail, especially to documentation. If documents are missing or wrongly completed the transaction could be void. The documents required depend on the type of product being exported, the South African documentary requirements for export from South Africa, as well as the regulations set out by the importing country. An exporter should therefore research and map the documentation process applicable in South Africa for the specific product and then request the potential importer to provide details of the importing country requirements. The exporter then needs to establish if it is indeed possible to meet the import requirements.

#### 7.1 CHECKLIST OF BASIC EXPORT DOCUMENTS

On the next page is a list of basic export documents. The documentation may be required by both the importing country's customs and the industry to allow for successful importation and use of the product.

#### 7.1.1 Commercial documents

#### Proforma Invoice

The Proforma Invoice is a common and important document in international trade. It is meant to mirror the commercial invoice but is sent beforehand by the exporter. In some cases it might be used as the first legally binding offer, in other cases it might be used by the exporter to confirm the importer's purchase order. The Proforma Invoice specifies the basic terms of sale, including the price, delivery and payment terms.

#### Commercial Invoice

The commercial invoice is prepared by the exporter and can reflect some the following information:

- Names and addresses of buyer and seller
- Invoice number and date
- Complete description of goods
- Unit prices where applicable and final prices as per the agreed Incoterm®
- Terms of payment
- Transport mark and number
- Weight and quantity of goods
- Name of vessel if known and applicable

#### Certified invoices

In most cases require that the commercial invoice be certified by an authority, such as a Chamber of Commerce or the importing country's embassy/high commission or consulate in South Africa, certifying that:

- the goods are in accordance with a specific contract or pro forma,
- the goods are, or are not, of a specific country of origin
- and certifying any statement the buyer requires from the seller.

#### Packing list

A packing list itemises the goods shipped in each individual package, such as a box, crate, drum or carton. Also included will be the number, weight and measurement of the consignment.

#### 7.1.2 Official documents

#### Export Certificate

Products regulated by the Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development are to be inspected by PPECB. Once the product has passed inspection an Export Certificate is issued. This document is required by SA Customs to authorise exportation of the shipment. Refer to Chapter 3 for a detailed discussion on this process.

#### Phytosanitary Certificate

A document that shows the origin of the shipment and confirms inspection in the source country by the member of the importing country's National Plant Protection Organisation (NPPO).

Should the importing country require a phytosanitary certificate, the exporter should establish the phytosanitary conditions of the importing country. The exporter may obtain the import conditions from the importer or his/her agent in the importing country or from the NPPO of South Africa. In order to adhere to these conditions it might be that further analysis of the product is required in order to issue the phytosanitary certificate as per import requirements. The NPPO of SA liaises with the NPPO of importing countries to establish phytosanitary export programmes. In conjunction with the NPPO of South Africa, the exporter establishes whether or not it is possible to comply with the import conditions of the importing country. The agent or importer in the importing country must apply for an import permit from the NPPO of the importing country. If the import conditions can be complied with, the exporter may proceed to apply for a phytosanitary certificate from the NPPO of South Africa:

- ⇒ www.dalrrd.gov.za
  - ⇒ Branches
    - ⇒ Agricultural-Production-Health-Food-Safety
      - ⇒ Plant Health
        - ⇒ Exporting from SA
          - ⇒ Phytosanitary registrations for special export markets

#### Certificate of Origin

The certificate of origin certifies the country in which the goods originated. This document is especially required when goods are being imported into the country of destination under a trade agreement between South Africa and the country concerned. The preferential import duty rate allowed for under the trade agreement will apply only if the correct certificate of origin is presented.

Types of certificates of origin administered by SARS - Customs:

- EUR1 Movement certificate EUR1
- FORM A Generalised System of Preferences Certificate of Origin
- SADC Certificate of Origin

Refer to Chapter 6 for guidelines on registering for the various trade agreements. The Chamber of Commerce also administers a Certificate of Origin, for exporters to benefit under the General System of Preferences for countries such as Japan and Canada.

#### Customs Declaration Form SAD 500

In order to obtain approval to export goods from South Africa this document need to be submitted to the customs and excise division of South African Revenue Service (SARS).

#### 7.1.3 Insurance documents

#### Insurance certificate

Under Incoterm® CIP/CIF the seller (exporter) is responsible for procuring marine insurance for the shipment and the Insurance Certificate is then issued by the insurance company in proof thereof.

#### 7.1.4 Transport documents

#### Air Waybill

This is a non-negotiable shipping document used by airlines for airfreight.

#### Bill of Lading

Used for seafreight, this is a legal contract between the owner of the consignment and the shipping line or agent to transport consignments. It states all details of cargo loaded onto a vessel.

#### Road Waybill

The Road Waybill serves as evidence of contract of carriage and as a receipt for consignments of goods.

#### 7.1.5 Financial and financing documents

The method of payment (Pre-Payment, Open Account, Bill for Collection or Letter of Credit) agreed upon by the seller and buyer will dictate which financial document applies to a given transaction. Inexperienced exporters should contact the international division/branch of their bank for advice.

#### 7.2 REQUIRED DOCUMENTS CHECKLIST

DOCUMENT	ROAD FREIGHT	AIR FREIGHT	SEA FREIGHT
Quotation	Х	Х	Х
Pro Forma Invoice	Х	X	Х
Commercial Invoice	Х	Х	Х
Consular Invoice	X	X	X
Packing List	X	X	Х
Export Certificate	X	X	X
Specification Sheet/Certificate of Analysis	X	X	Х
Certificate of Origin	X	X	Х
Phytosanitary Certificate	Upon request		
Marine Insurance Certificate		a) Incoterm® dependen er agreement between	
Air Waybill		X	
Bill of Lading			Х
Road Waybill	Х		
SAD 500	X	X	X

## CHAPTER 8 DELIVERY TERMS (INCOTERMS®) AND INTERNATIONAL TRANSPORT MODES

#### 8.1 INCOTERMS®

Incoterms® are standard international trade terms developed by the International Chamber of Commerce and are recognised by abbreviations such as "FOB" and "CIF". These terms are essential elements of a properly drafted international contract of sale, as they notify the buyer what is "included" in the sales price. Incoterms® allocate the following key contract elements between the seller and buyer:

- · transport cost
- risk of loss or damage to the goods
- · export and import customs clearance and payment of duties
- · insurance responsibilities
- · responsibilities between seller and buyer

Incoterms<sup>®</sup> are divided into two distinct classes: those for all modes of transport (road, air, rail, sea) and those for sea and inland waterway.

#### Rules for all modes of transport (road, air, rail, sea):

INCOTERM®		DESCRIPTION
EXW	Ex-Works	The seller's responsibility is to make the goods available, packed and ready for collection, either at its own premises or another named warehouse or factory. The buyer bears all cost and risk of transport. This term carries the minimum obligation for the seller.
FCA	Free Carrier	The seller is responsible for delivering the goods to the transport carrier or another person (such as a freight forwarder) nominated by the buyer. The responsibility for, and the risk of damage to or loss of, the goods are transferred from the seller to the buyer at this point. It is required of the seller to customs clear the goods for export.
СРТ	Carriage Paid To	The seller delivers the goods to the carrier and contracts for and pays the cost of carriage to named place of destination. It is required of the seller to custom clear the goods for export.
CIP	Carriage and Insurance Paid To	In addition to the obligations under CPT, the seller also procures insurance cover against the buyer's risk of loss of or damage to the goods during carriage.
DAT	Delivered At Terminal	The seller is responsible for making the goods available to the buyer at a named terminal at the named port or place of destination. The seller is responsible for unloading of the goods but not for import customs clearance. NOTE: A terminal can refer to any place whether covered or not, such as a quay, warehouse, container yard, road, rail or air cargo terminal.
DAP	Delivered At Place	The seller is responsible for delivering the goods to a named place/point of destination. The buyer is responsible for unloading the goods from the transport vehicle as well as import customs clearance.
DDP	Delivered Duty Paid	The seller is responsible to deliver the goods, not unloaded from the transport vehicle, to the named place/point of destination and to clear the goods through customs for import. This term represents the maximum obligation for the seller but is not recommended if unable to obtain import clearance.

Rules for sea and inland waterway (when point of delivery and the place to which goods are carried are both ports):

INCOTERM®		DESCRIPTION
FAS	Free Alongside Ship	The seller is responsible for delivering the goods, customs cleared, alongside (quay or barge) the ship at the nominated loading point at the port of dispatch. The buyer must bear all cost and risk from that point onward. This term applies best to bulk and breakbulk cargo.
FOB	Free On Board	The seller is responsible for delivering the goods, cleared for export, on board the vessel at the named port of shipment. The risk of damage to or loss of, the goods pass from the seller to the buyer when the goods are on board the vessel, and the buyer bears all cost and risk from that moment onwards.
CFR	Cost and Freight	The seller delivers the goods on board the vessel and contract for and pays the costs and freight necessary to bring the goods to the named port of destination. The risk of loss or damage to the goods passes when the goods are on board the vessel.
CIF	Cost Insurance and Freight	In addition to obligations under CFR, the seller also contracts for insurance up to the named port of destination.

This summary only serves as an awareness of the importance of Incoterms® when engaging in international transactions. It is recommended that potential exporters attend an Incoterms® workshop at their local Chamber of Commerce or refer to other training institutions noted in Chapter 10.

#### 8.2 INTERNATIONAL TRANSPORT MODES

Freight options for the exporter of processed fruit, vegetables and nuts are road freight, airfreight, sea or rail or a combination of these methods. This is obviously dependent on various factors such as:

- Nature of the product (for example frozen vegetables need to be shipped in a temperature regulated container whereas
  this is not a requirement for groundnuts).
- Place of destination (does the destination port/airport/depot etc., have the necessary equipment to handle and off-load the cargo).
- · The time-frame within which the buyer wants the goods vs. the transit time and route for a selected transport mode.
- The frequency with which the transport service is offered to a destination as well as the reliability of such service.
- The most cost-effective transport method, taking the quantity ordered and the infrastructure at the place of destination into account.
- Security issues, both on the transport route and in the country of destination.

#### 8.2.1 Containers

There are various types of ISO containers available to accommodate the international shipment of products. For example, most products are exported in a general purpose container (GP) whereas products that require a regulated temperature for shipment would make use of a reefer container. When making use of a reefer container (example the shipment of deep frozen vegetables) PPECB needs to be contacted in order to manage and regulate the correct temperature setting for product, for shipment.

#### 8.2.2 Sea Freight

The majority of products relating to processed vegetables, fruit and nuts will be shipped in containers via sea. Making use of seafreight leaves the exporter with two options:

- Full Container Load (FCL): Full Container Load (FCL) refers to when the exporter has sufficient cargo to utilise a whole
  container.
- Less Container Load (LCL): With a LCL shipment the exporter delivers the goods to a container depot (or a groupage operator's warehouse), where the goods are packed

together with other consignments in order to fill up a container.

### 8.2.3 Air Freight

Airfreight allows for fast delivery of goods but is expensive and will substantially increase the price of the product in the foreign market. Exporters must also take into consideration limitations such as weight, volume and cargo restrictions.

### 8.2.4 Road Freight

Road transport is often the most effective mode of transport for freight in Southern African countries, especially when exporting to land-locked countries such as Zambia, Zimbabwe and Malawi. Other countries that are also serviced by road are Namibia, Angola, Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC), Botswana, Lesotho, some parts of Mozambique and Tanzania.

#### 8.2.5 Rail

For South Africa, Transnet's Freight Rail division offers rail services and maintains an extensive rail network across South Africa that connects with other rail networks in the sub-Saharan region. For services offered visit website: www.spoornet.co.za

# CHAPTER 9 COST BREAKDOWN OF SHIPMENTS

The international environment introduces exporters to logistical scenarios and payment challenges that are not part of their domestic environment.

In the market research phase, the exporter should have obtained some idea of the price the market will bear for the product. The next phase then is to establish whether the product will compete in the selected market segment. Many exporters make the mistake of using the price they sell the product for in the local market and adding the additional export-related costs. The first step should therefore be to reinvestigate production costs and deduct any costs that do not form part of the export process.

#### 9.1 FACTORS TO TAKE INTO ACCOUNT WHEN CALCULATING EXPORT PRICES

#### 9.1.1 Export and Import process

- The exporter's own logistical environment and needs.
- · Packing requirements for the specific product.
- Product specific requirements (example: label and inspection fees).
- Incoterms<sup>®</sup>.
- Exchange rate fluctuations (and the management thereof).
- Methods of payments (advantages and disadvantages).
- Transport methods available (advantages and disadvantages) both in South Africa and in the importing country.
- Customs processes and requirements for both South Africa and the importing country.
- Services offered by various service providers to assist exporters.

#### 9.1.2 Complexity of distribution channels in the foreign market

Often more than one intermediary is involved but for food the channel is mostly manufacturer-wholesaler-retailer.

#### In the USA for example, the exporter can:

- Sell to an importer who in return sells the product to a distributor.
- Sell direct to the distributor who sells to the retailer.
- · Work with a broker to sell to a distributor or retailer.

### In the EU the distribution channel could include:

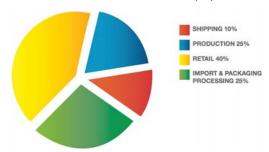
- An agent, who provides the link between the foreign supplier and the importer.
- Importers, who source products from abroad and supply wholesalers or direct to the large retail group.

The large retail groups in the EU generally buy through an agent or importer, although in some cases they may have direct contact with a foreign supplier. Channels of distribution for food ingredients or intermediary food products, such as fruit juice concentrate or even dried fruit, are somewhat different.

Due to the vast number of products under the processed fruit, vegetable and nuts category as well as the various grades within which most of these products can be sold and possible niche markets, it is difficult to provide a standard percentage that needs to be added to a costing structure for overseas markets. The exporter needs to do proper research on all factors named to establish individual applicable percentages. Exporters should make contact with their industry body (if one is available) to assist with various cost breakdowns and market price indicators.

Some indications for the EU market on pricing and percentages can be found on www.cbi.eu website. CBI is a Dutch government agency established to assist producers/exporters in developing countries to market their goods in the EU.

#### 9.2 STANDARD PRICE BREAKDOWN INDICATOR (EU)



Shipping costs may vary depending on type of shipment (air or sea) and inland transportation. Import costs may vary due to seasonality, weather conditions and offered volumes.

POSSIBLE EXPORT COSTS TO CONSIDER				
Labelling and packaging cost (In addition to Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development Standards and Requirements)	Labelling requirements for overseas markets differ from those in South Africa and often from country to country. Exporters should consider how this will impact on their pricing strategy.			
Packing for exports (In addition to Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development Standards and Requirements)	Cartons: Strong cartons are required in order to limit possible damage to goods. Palletisation: Loose cartons should be palletised (10 pallets can fit into a 20ft container).			
Inspection Cost	For example, PPECB's fee to inspect regulated products for exports and issue the export certificate.			
Documentation	Issuance cost of various documents needed for export and import such as a Certificate of Origin or a Phytosanitary Certificate.			
Inland Transport	Cost will depend on the selected mode of international transport and area where supplier is situated.			
Method of Payment	Bank charges are applicable to each selected method of payment.			
Freight Forwarder & Clearing Agent	A freight forwarder is a service provider appointed by either the seller or buyer to arrange the necessary logistics and customs clearance for export; a clearing agent is a service provider appointed to arrange the same for import.			
Credit Insurance	Insurance premium payable to over risk of non-payment by buyer.			
Courier Fee	Cost to courier documents as per the agreed method of payment			
Marine Insurance	The premium payable to procure insurance for a shipment.			
Import Duty & VAT	The Customs authorities in the importing country require import duty and import VAT to be paid, before cargo will be released to the buyer.			
Cost of inland transport to final destination	The charges payable normally relate to transport via rail and/or road.			
	SEA FREIGHT			
Cargo Dues	Port levy payable for use of port facilities.			
Terminal handling charges	Collected by terminal authorities at each port against handling equipment and maintenance.			
Terminal handling charges  Container Rate 'Box Rate' (FCL Shipment)	maintenance.  A 'box rate' is charged for an FCL, regardless of its contents. Ocean freight rates are normally quoted on the basis of 'full liner terms' (FLT); that is, the loading and off-loading costs are included in the freight rate. Rates are quoted			
Container Rate 'Box Rate'	maintenance.  A 'box rate' is charged for an FCL, regardless of its contents. Ocean freight rates are normally quoted on the basis of 'full liner terms' (FLT); that is, the loading and off-loading costs are included in the freight rate. Rates are quoted in US dollars and converted into rands at the bank's selling rate on a date nom-			
Container Rate 'Box Rate' (FCL Shipment)	maintenance.  A 'box rate' is charged for an FCL, regardless of its contents. Ocean freight rates are normally quoted on the basis of 'full liner terms' (FLT); that is, the loading and off-loading costs are included in the freight rate. Rates are quoted in US dollars and converted into rands at the bank's selling rate on a date nominated by the shipping line.  These are additional fees that can be applied by shipping lines to absorb increases in costs. Examples: BAF (Bunker Adjustment Factor); CAF (Currency Adjustment Factor); Port Congestion; ISPS (International Security Port Sur-			
Container Rate 'Box Rate' (FCL Shipment)  Surcharges	maintenance.  A 'box rate' is charged for an FCL, regardless of its contents. Ocean freight rates are normally quoted on the basis of 'full liner terms' (FLT); that is, the loading and off-loading costs are included in the freight rate. Rates are quoted in US dollars and converted into rands at the bank's selling rate on a date nominated by the shipping line.  These are additional fees that can be applied by shipping lines to absorb increases in costs. Examples: BAF (Bunker Adjustment Factor); CAF (Currency Adjustment Factor); Port Congestion; ISPS (International Security Port Surcharge), etc.  LCL shipments, bulk and break bulk cargo are charged on the basis of			
Container Rate 'Box Rate' (FCL Shipment)  Surcharges	maintenance.  A 'box rate' is charged for an FCL, regardless of its contents. Ocean freight rates are normally quoted on the basis of 'full liner terms' (FLT); that is, the loading and off-loading costs are included in the freight rate. Rates are quoted in US dollars and converted into rands at the bank's selling rate on a date nominated by the shipping line.  These are additional fees that can be applied by shipping lines to absorb increases in costs. Examples: BAF (Bunker Adjustment Factor); CAF (Currency Adjustment Factor); Port Congestion; ISPS (International Security Port Surcharge), etc.  LCL shipments, bulk and break bulk cargo are charged on the basis of 1000 kg/1 m³			
Container Rate 'Box Rate' (FCL Shipment)  Surcharges  Less than Container Load (LCL)	maintenance.  A 'box rate' is charged for an FCL, regardless of its contents. Ocean freight rates are normally quoted on the basis of 'full liner terms' (FLT); that is, the loading and off-loading costs are included in the freight rate. Rates are quoted in US dollars and converted into rands at the bank's selling rate on a date nominated by the shipping line.  These are additional fees that can be applied by shipping lines to absorb increases in costs. Examples: BAF (Bunker Adjustment Factor); CAF (Currency Adjustment Factor); Port Congestion; ISPS (International Security Port Surcharge), etc.  LCL shipments, bulk and break bulk cargo are charged on the basis of 1000 kg/1 m³  AIR FREIGHT  Airfreight rates are based on whichever is the higher of: Actual weight vs. Volumetric weight Volumetric weight (cm) x Width (cm)			
Container Rate 'Box Rate' (FCL Shipment)  Surcharges  Less than Container Load (LCL)  Freight Rate	maintenance.  A 'box rate' is charged for an FCL, regardless of its contents. Ocean freight rates are normally quoted on the basis of 'full liner terms' (FLT); that is, the loading and off-loading costs are included in the freight rate. Rates are quoted in US dollars and converted into rands at the bank's selling rate on a date nominated by the shipping line.  These are additional fees that can be applied by shipping lines to absorb increases in costs. Examples: BAF (Bunker Adjustment Factor); CAF (Currency Adjustment Factor); Port Congestion; ISPS (International Security Port Surcharge), etc.  LCL shipments, bulk and break bulk cargo are charged on the basis of 1000 kg/1 m³  AIR FREIGHT  Airfreight rates are based on whichever is the higher of: Actual weight vs. Volumetric weight  Volumetric weight calculation:  Length (cm) x Height (cm) x Width (cm)			
Container Rate 'Box Rate' (FCL Shipment)  Surcharges  Less than Container Load (LCL)  Freight Rate	maintenance.  A 'box rate' is charged for an FCL, regardless of its contents. Ocean freight rates are normally quoted on the basis of 'full liner terms' (FLT); that is, the loading and off-loading costs are included in the freight rate. Rates are quoted in US dollars and converted into rands at the bank's selling rate on a date nominated by the shipping line.  These are additional fees that can be applied by shipping lines to absorb increases in costs. Examples: BAF (Bunker Adjustment Factor); CAF (Currency Adjustment Factor); Port Congestion; ISPS (International Security Port Surcharge), etc.  LCL shipments, bulk and break bulk cargo are charged on the basis of 1000 kg/1 m³  AIR FREIGHT  Airfreight rates are based on whichever is the higher of: Actual weight vs. Volumetric weight  Volumetric weight calculation: Length (cm) x Height (cm) x Width (cm) [divided by] 6 000  War and Security Surcharge.			
Container Rate 'Box Rate' (FCL Shipment)  Surcharges  Less than Container Load (LCL)  Freight Rate  Surcharges also apply to airfreight	maintenance.  A 'box rate' is charged for an FCL, regardless of its contents. Ocean freight rates are normally quoted on the basis of 'full liner terms' (FLT); that is, the loading and off-loading costs are included in the freight rate. Rates are quoted in US dollars and converted into rands at the bank's selling rate on a date nominated by the shipping line.  These are additional fees that can be applied by shipping lines to absorb increases in costs. Examples: BAF (Bunker Adjustment Factor); CAF (Currency Adjustment Factor); Port Congestion; ISPS (International Security Port Surcharge), etc.  LCL shipments, bulk and break bulk cargo are charged on the basis of 1000 kg/1 m³  AIR FREIGHT  Airfreight rates are based on whichever is the higher of: Actual weight vs. Volumetric weight  Volumetric weight calculation: Length (cm) x Height (cm) x Width (cm)  [divided by] 6 000  War and Security Surcharge.  ROAD FREIGHT  Some road haulers charge a fixed rate per truck load while others charge per freight ton of cargo. While for airfreight the volumetric calculation is standard for all airlines, as shown above, for road freight, this calculation can differ. It is therefore important that exporters establish the volume/weight ratio of a			

Note that this list is only a guide to possible export costs and is not all-inclusive. More charges can apply depending on the product, international transporter and the rules and regulations of the country of import.

# CHAPTER 10 WHERE TO FIND HELP (GUIDANCE, TRAINING, COACHING)

This chapter is a guide to industry associations and the export councils that represent the interests of members and can provide some training, coaching and guidance to prospective exporters of processed fruit, vegetables and nuts.

#### 10.1 SOUTH AFRICAN FRUIT AND VEGETABLE CANNERS ASSOCIATION (SAFVCA)

The association describes itself as a voluntary grouping of fruit and vegetable canning industry members and its mission is to protect and promote their interests. SAFVCA covers canned fruit and vegetables, concentrates, juices, jams and sauces. Its head office is situated in Paarl, Western Cape. For further details and contacts go to www.safvca.co.za.

#### 10.2 SOUTH AFRICAN FRUIT AND VEGETABLE CANNERS' EXPORT COUNCIL (SAFVCEC)

Linked to SAFVCA, this export council liaises with the Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development and with the Dept. of Trade and Industry on international trade issues such as market access, tariffs and non-tariff barriers. It helps members to participate in selected international trade fairs and trade missions and represents members where required. It addresses technical matters concerning exports such as product quality food safety, regulations concerning packaging, labelling and grading, as well as can/tin plate specifications and the like. SAFVCEC also coordinates export studies and market related research. For further information or to contact the council follow the link through SAFVCA's website at www.safvca.co.za.

### 10.3 SOUTH AFRICAN FRUIT JUICE ASSOCIATION (SAFJA)

This voluntary body represents companies that process, convert and package fruit juices, concentrates and cordials for the local and export markets. Much of its work concerns regulation of the industry and the establishment of norms and standards to engender consumer confidence both here and abroad in South African fruit juices. SAFJA has associations with similar organisations in Australia and Europe. For further information go to www.safja.co.za.

#### 10.4 DRIED FRUITTECHNICAL SERVICES

The DFTS was established to keep the local dried fruit industry abreast of the need for agricultural research, strategic information on volumes and quality to meet all sanitary and phytosanitary requirement for local and export marketing to serve the best interest of the industry as the need arises and keep the National Agricultural Marketing Council (NAMC) and Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries informed on strategic issues. It is authorised to receive and manage the statutory levy applied on South African dried fruit. It has introduced the Dried Fruit Production Protocol, which is essentially a HACCP-type quality control system. For further information go to www.hortgro.co.za.

#### 10.5 AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH COUNCIL (ARC)

ARC was established in 1990 and is the principal agricultural research institution in South Africa. Among the many services that it renders to the agricultural and agro-business sectors are certain training programmes for producers. For the sector that this export manual is intended for, the relevant training programmes are in fruit processing, sub-tropical fruit processing and vegetable processing. A typical programme for fruit processing covers fruit juice extraction, clari cation and preservation, jam making, and packaging. For further information on ARC's services and training programmes visit www.arc.agric.za.

### 10.6 SA OLIVE INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION

This association represents the common interests of olive growers, olive oil producers, table olive producers, tree nurseries and olive importers. Since June 2012, SA Olive membership has become compulsory due to the implementation of the Statutory Measure Memorandum whereby a legislated levy is applied to olives. The Statutory Measure is applicable to growers, table olive processors, olive oil processors and table and olive oil importers. For information about this association go to www.saolive.co.za.

### 10.7 THE SOUTH AFRICAN MACADAMIA GROWER'S ASSOCIATION (SAMAC)

SAMAC comprises macadamia nut growers, processors and marketers that work together in sustaining and developing the industry. SAMAC has introduced certain standards for the handling and packing of raw macadamia nuts guided by the quality specifications proposed by the International Nut and Dried Fruit Council (INC). More information is available at www.samac.org.za > Standards. The INC describes itself as the international source for information on nuts and dried fruits for health, nutrition, food safety, statistics, government standards and government regulations regarding trade barriers and trade quality standards. Information is available at www.nutfruit.org.

#### 10.8 GRAIN SA

Grain SA is the industry body under which groundnuts (peanuts) fall. Part of its function is to stimulate research into issues of importance to its members, including groundnut producers. A report compiled by the Bureau for Food and Agricultural Policy (BFAP) on the South African groundnut industry was published in May 2012: it is available at www.grainsa.co.za and enter 'groundnuts' into the search facility.

#### 10.9 THE BUREAU FOR FOOD AND AGRICULTURAL POLICY (BFAP)

BFAP is a virtual network linking individuals with multi-disciplinary backgrounds to a coordinated research system that informs decision making within the food system. BFAP produced a report on the sustainability of the South African groundnut industry in 2012 which is available at www.bfap.co.za.

#### 10.10 PERISHABLE PRODUCTS EXPORT CONTROL BOARD (PPECB)

The PPECB is a recognised inspection body responsible for implementing the Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development regulations regarding the export of both fresh and much processed produce from South Africa. In addition to its inspection services, the PPECB also provides training programmes for producers/exporters; relevant training programmes for users of this manual are those covering product quality, cold chain management and food safety. Training programmes can be developed to meet individual needs. For further information on training go to www.ppecb.com.

#### 10.11 SA AGRI ACADEMY

The Agri Academy provides a wide range of training programmes developed specifically for the agricultural sector, including producers and exporters. Training in various aspects of accreditation and certification is given, covering the requirements of EurepGap, British Retail Consortium (BRC), HACCP and Fair Trade certification. The academy also runs the Market Access Development Programme to assist SMEs to gain market access through local, regional, Fair Trade and conventional routes and an export readiness programme. More information can be obtained from www.agriacademy.co.za.

#### 10.12 OTHER TRAINING ORGANISATIONS SPECIALISING IN FOOD SAFETY

#### 10.12.1 SA Bureau of Standards (SABS)

SABS is South Africa's official standards authority and regulatory body and represents South Africa on the International Standards Organisation (ISO). In addition to developing standards and norms for products and services in South Africa, SABS also offers testing and accreditation, auditing and certification and training; the Design Institute also falls within SABS' ambit. Training programmes cover a range of sectors and subjects, including ISO 9000 quality management series and ISO 22000 food safety management. The training brochure can be downloaded from www.sabs.co.za.

#### 10.12.2 Swift Silliker

Swift Silliker offers training courses aimed at all levels of employees in the food, beverage, hospitality, cosmetics, and pharmaceutical industries; the company is a FoodBev SETA accredited training provider. Programmes cover traceability, HACCP, BRC requirements and ISO 22000. Further information on the training calendar can be obtained from www.swift.co.za. The company also provides consulting services on food labelling as well as microbiology testing and nutritional analysis.

#### 10.12.3 SGS

SGS in South Africa is part of the international Swiss-based Société Générale de Surveillance, which is one of the world's leading inspection and standards compliance organisations. It offers services covering auditing, certification, testing, inspection, verification, consulting and training. Training programmes cover all major international standards regimes, such as HACCP, ISO 22000 and BRC. More details and contact information can be obtained from www.sgs.co.za.

### 10.12.4 HACCP Academy

HACCP Academy is a private sector food safety consulting company providing services in the fields of training and development, food safety systems development, auditing services and food technology. Training programmes include HACCP, ISO 22000 and BRC; further information can be obtained from www.haccpacademy.co.za > training and development.

#### 10.13 OTHER TRAINING ORGANISATIONS SPECIALISING IN EXPORT TRAINING

There are several institutions and companies offering training in various aspects of exporting. Note that these are not specific to exporters of processed fruit, vegetables and nuts; nonetheless, whatever the product being exported, fundamental principles are the same.

#### 10.13.1 Small Eenterprise Development Agency (SEDA)

SEDA is an agency of the national Dept. of Trade and Industry. In addition to the wide range of entrepreneurial development services the agency offers, it also manages four Trade Points in South Africa (in Johannesburg, Port Elizabeth, Durban and Mbombela). To learn about the Trade Points go to www.seda.org. Export training is also provided through SEDA branches; for information click on the relevant province and the branch nearest to you.

#### 10.13.2 GetSmarter

GetSmarter is a private educational company that provides a wide range of training courses online. Included is an import export management course, which covers all basic aspects of international trade. For information go to www.getsmarter.co.za.

#### 10.13.3 Freight Training

Freight Training specialises in training in export and freight/logistics related matters. In-company training tailored to specific problem areas is also offered. For details visit www.freighttraining.co.za.

#### 10.13.4 School of Shipping

School of Shipping offers courses in import, export, customs clearing and freight forwarding, which are accredited by the South African Transport Education and Training Authority (TETA). More information is available from www.schoolofshipping.co.za.

#### 10.13.5 Logtrain International

Logtrain International offers skills training, e-learning, courses and workshops in supply chain management, international freight, transport and shipping, and Incoterms. More information is available at www.logtrain.co.za.

#### 10.13.6 Chambers of Commerce and Industry

Chambers of Commerce and Industry in major centres frequently offer export assistance and training. Note that educational institutions, such as Universities, the IMM Graduate School of Marketing (IMM GSM) and the International Trade Institute of Southern Africa (Itrisa) offer long-term diploma or degree programmes in international trade or related subjects. IMM GSM and Itrisa also offer short training programmes from time to time.

#### 10.14 REGIONAL INVESTMENT AGENCIES

There are regional investment organisations in all provinces, and many of these provide guidance and assistance programmes to enterprises.

#### 10.14.1 Western Cape Investment and Trade promotion Agency (Wesgro)

In the Western Cape, Wesgro is an agency supported jointly by the Province and the City of Cape Town; it provides export development, tourism promotion and inward investment services. Export development programmes include export training at various levels, foreign trade fair participation and outgoing trade missions. For more information go to www.wesgro.co.za.

#### 10.14.2 Other regional investment agencies

Gauteng Growth and Development Agency: www.ggda.co.za Invest North West: www.nwdc.co.za Mpumalanga Economic Growth Agency: www.mega.gov.za Northern Cape Economic Development Agency: www.nceda.co.za Trade and Investment KwaZulu-Natal: www.tikzn.co.za Trade and Investment Limpopo: www.til.bz

# CHAPTER 11 FINANCIAL SUPPORT FOR EXPORTERS

When the exporter has drawn up the export plan and is ready to export, possibly the next step on the export road is to give consideration to how the enterprise will finance its exports. Exporting is a complicated and expensive process. It requires time, considerable planning, extensive research (much of it overseas), highly skilled staff, product adaptations, international travel, expensive international promotions and management involvement. At the same time, profit margins are often low and payment terms may mean that the exporter receives payment only in 30, 60 or 90 days. Together, this translates into high expenses and slow income. Cash-flow is often a major problem facing the small exporter.

#### 11.1 WHEN IS FINANCE NEEDED?

Financing is required almost from the moment the enterprise decides to get into exports. Financing requirements can be divided into four stages (the first three are the pre-contract phases, while the last stage is the post-contract phase).

#### 11.1.1 Financing to carry out research and spend time on Planning & Cost Benefit analysis

Expenses at this stage are related more to the time needed to put into the planning and preparation process than to actual outlays on travel, research and promotion. The enterprise should be able to cover these financing outlays itself.

#### 11.1.2 Financing for export market research efforts

This stage requires time and effort to be spent in selecting target countries and then gaining a better understanding of the targeted markets. In this stage, expenses will probably be related to a fairly extensive desk research effort (which may involve purchasing market research reports online and accessing other information for which there may be a charge). In addition, there should be at least one visit to the target market to obtain information from industry associations, chambers of commerce, potential buyers; if possible, a visit to a trade fair or two should be included. If the research is carefully planned, it may be possible to achieve all in-market research goals in one visit. A second visit may, however, be desirable. Larger potential exporters may want to acquire the services of professional research agencies, which would push up the cost considerably. At this point the company may already need to consider finding financing for this research (the dti provides assistance to exporters for their in-market research efforts: se para.11.4).

#### 11.1.3 Financing to implement the export plan

Based on the research completed, the enterprise will re ne its initial planning and will now need to implement its export plan. This is another expensive step in the export process, because it can involve promoting the product over the internet, via direct mail, through advertising in trade magazines, taking part in one or more trade fairs and visiting potential buyers. It is highly unlikely that an enterprise will be able to achieve its objectives without visiting the market in question. Indeed, it is possible that at least two or three visits to the market will be necessary before the marketing drive has any effect.

#### 11.1.4 Financing to help the exporter achieve contractual obligations

Assuming that the marketing effort has paid off and the enterprise has secured a contract, the next step is to produce the goods, package and label them, ship them off to the customer, provide the agreed upon service and wait for payment. This is perhaps the costliest part of the whole process and is very difficult to estimate. This will be the stage where financing needs are the most acute. It is also likely that this will take place only two years or so from the initial export development steps and already thousands of rands have been spent to secure this first order.

#### 11.2 TYPES OF FINANCING AND FINANCIAL SUPPORT AVAILABLE TO THE EXPORTER

Sources of pre-shipment finance are:

- bank overdrafts
- loans from financial institutions.

Sources of post-shipment finance are:

- hank overdrafts
- · loans from financial institutions
- factoring facilities
- discounting of bills of exchange/drafts

### 11.2.1 Banks

One of the most common ways of financing exports is by obtaining credit from commercial banks (much domestic activities are financed). This credit may be in the form of an overdraft negotiated with the bank or it may be a loan for a specific project. However, banks prefer not to finance individual orders as they prefer to establish an on-going business relationship with customers. Banks are the key source of finance around the world and they take care in considering and analysing the requests for financing received from prospective exporters. In doing this, they do take many factors into consideration.

#### 11.2.2 Factoring

Factoring services are designed to take the payment risks inherent in export sales away from the manufacturers or producers. A company might approach a factor where it requires cash to finance further production and development. The factor buys the exporter's 'book', either advancing up to 90% of the value as soon as the 'book' is received with the balance on collection of debts, or paying certain amounts on specific dates as agreed with the exporter. The factor takes a commission of between 0,75% and 2%, depending on the nature of the business, sales volumes, invoice value and client spread, and credit terms. As the new 'owner' of the debt, the factor assumes responsibility for collection of the debt when it falls due. Collections are carried out in the importing countries via correspondent factors or branch offices.

#### 11.2.3 Discounting of bills of exchange/drafts

When payment is by a letter of credit, a bill of exchange is often stipulated and required to be drawn on the nominated negotiating bank. Once this bank accepts the bill, it becomes liable under it. An exporter holding such an accepted bill of exchange can use it to raise finance by 'selling' it to a bank on a discounted basis. A major advantage of discounting a bill of exchange is that an exporter receives payment in SA rands as soon as he negotiates the bill, and thus is freed of any further risk of exchange loss. However, before adopting this method of finance, exporters should discuss this option with the foreign or international branch/division of their banks.

### 11.3 SMALL ENTERPRISE DEVELOPMENT AGENCY (SEDA)

The Small Enterprise Development Agency (SEDA) is the Dept. of Trade and Industry's agency for supporting small business in South Africa. SEDA offers the following services: Business registration (close corporation, cooperatives, patents); business planning and management; marketing research and planning; facilitating access to nance; assistance with access to markets; trade exhibitions; technology access such as product testing, development and certifications; business training. For more information on SEDA visit its website: www.seda.org.za.

### 11.4 EXPORT MARKETING AND INVESTMENT ASSISTANCE (EMIA) SCHEME

The purpose of assistance under the EMIA scheme is to give partial compensation to exporters for costs incurred in developing export markets for South African products and services and to recruit new foreign direct investment into South Africa.

EMIA is broadly divided into two types – individual participation schemes and group schemes:

#### Individual Participation Schemes

- Individual Exhibitions and In-Store Promotions
- Primary Market Research (PMR) and Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) Individual Inward-Bound Missions

## Group Participation Incentive Schemes

- Group Inward Buying Trade Missions
- Group Investment Missions
- National Pavilions
- Outward Selling Trade Missions and Outward Investment Missions Sector-Specific Assistance

For more information contact the EMIA Director at the dti:

Sithembile Tantsi

Tel: +27 (0)12 394 1258 / 2258

STantsi@thedti.gov.za

Also visit the dti website at www.thedti.gov.za for other business assistance incentive schemes available to enterprises.

### 11.5 DEVELOPMENT FINANCE INSTITUTIONS

### SMALL ENTERPRISE FINANCE AGENCY (SEFA)

SEFA was established in 2012 as a result of the merger of South Africa Micro Apex Fund, khula Enterprise Finance Ltd and the small business activities of the Industrial Development Corporation (IDC). Loan facilities to enterprises include:

## Bridging loan

Bridging loan is a short-term loan to an enterprise to finance working capital needs (i.e. stock and/or operating overheads)

#### Term loan

Term loan is a loan for a specific amount, which has a specified repayment schedule and a floating or fixed interest rate. Term loan is used to finance assets that have a medium- to long-term lifespan, such as machinery, fixtures and fittings, vehicles, office equipment; it can also be used for start-ups, expansions and acquisitions of businesses.

#### Structured finance

Structured finance is used to finance businesses that require funding but fall outside the parameters of term and bridge loan facilities. The support is provided by way of a debt facility but mainly tailored around the requirements of the project (tailored finance).

#### · Wholesale lending

Wholesale lending (debt/equity) is offered to intermediaries, joint ventures, partnerships and other collaborative relationships with the target market and funding gap being:

- Survivalists and micro-enterprises loans between R500 and R50 000.
- Small enterprises loans being between R50 000 and R1 million.
- Medium enterprises loans being between R1 million and R5 million.

For more information on SEFA: visit www.sefa.org.za, call 086 000 7332 or e-mail: helpline@sefa.org.za.

#### NATIONAL EMPOWERMENT FUND (NEF)

Established by the National Empowerment Fund Act No 105 of 1998 (NEF Act), the National Empowerment Fund (NEF) promotes and facilitates black economic participation by providing financial and non-financial support to black empowered businesses, and by promoting a culture of saving and investment among black people. The NEF implements its mandate in providing asset management, fund management as well as strategic projects funding.

Funding is currently obtainable from four funds, namely the iMbewu Fund, uMMnotho Fund, Rural and Community Development Fund and the Strategic Projects Fund. For further information on the qualifying criteria and services offered as well as the contact details for the NEF provincial offices visit www.nefcorp.co.za, call 0861 843 633 or e-mail applications@nefcorp.co.za (funding) or info@nefcorp.co.za (general enquiries).

#### INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION (IDC)

The IDC is a self-financing, state-owned development finance institution whose primary objectives are to contribute to the creation of balanced sustainable economic growth in Southern Africa and to further the economic empowerment of the South African population, thereby promoting the economic prosperity for all citizens.

The IDC provides finance for industrial development projects by proactively identifying and funding high-impact and labour-intensive projects; leading the creation of viable new industries; using South Africa's diverse industry expertise to drive growth in priority sectors; and taking up higher-risk funding projects.

Various development funds are available of which the Agro-Processing Competitiveness Fund is one. For more information on this fund, the qualifying criteria and the application process, visit www.idc.co.za, call 0860 693 888 or e-mail callcentre@idc.co.za.

# CHAPTER 12 EXPORT READINESS CHECKLIST

Many enterprises fail in their early attempts to export because they under-estimate what is involved in exporting and do not have sufficient resources. Resources include money, materials, equipment and labour, as well as management, technical and administrative skills. Export readiness is therefore dependent not only on the product but also the enterprise, its finances and infrastructure.

There are various export readiness questionnaires available on the Internet, but the following should provide a good indication on how ready the enterprise and its product is to begin exporting and, more important, which areas should be improved in order to raise the chances of success.

MISSION AND BUSINESS PLANNING	YES	NO
Is the legal structure appropriate for your enterprise? (Is your company registered as a CC, Pty/Ltd, Partnership, etc.?)		
Do you have a written business/marketing plan covering 12 to 24 months? (Not an export plan, but an overall business plan)		
Is your plan being implemented and monitored properly? (Are there proper weekly or monthly reports on production/sales/business development?)		
Do you understand the importance of doing it right first time and a commitment to this? (Have there been repeated problems with planning, delivery, etc.?)		
FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT	YES	NO
Do you have a recent audited or certified financial report for your business? (including balance and profit/ loss statements & explanatory notes)		
Do you have an efficient internal accounting system producing monthly financial performance reports and cash flow overviews?		
Do you prepare a budget annually?		
Did your turnover grow last year?		
Did you have a net profit?		
PRODUCTION	YES	NO
Are your production facilities reasonably up-to-date and functioning smoothly?		
Is your production consistent in volume and quality?		
Could you increase your production by about 30% or more at short notice?		
Do you maintain detailed records of your suppliers, of your internal processes and of your buyers in order to maintain a traceability system?		
Do you meet all DoH food safety standards?		
Are you at least HACCP compliant and are you audited regularly?		
If your product is regulated by the Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development, can you meet the specific Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development requirements, regulations and standards for export?		
If yes to the above question, do you have an account with PPECB?		
Is your company registered as an FBO with the Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development?		
Do you have an accurate product costing system based on a bill of materials?		
HUMAN RESOURCES AND ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE	YES	NO
Does your company have the resources and experience to handle administrative matters efficiently?		
Do you have efficient communications systems (telephone, fax, e-mail) and do you respond quickly to enquiries, complaints, etc.?		
Do you have clear and up-to-date job descriptions for your employees?		
Are your workers trained for their jobs?		

MARKETING	YES	NO
Do you have a marketing strategy/marketing plan for your local market which consistently incorporates the main marketing aspects (i.e. product, price, distribution and promotion)?		
Do you have a person responsible for marketing?		
Have you analysed which market segments are the most attractive (i.e. which buyers yield the most profit consistently?)		
Do you regularly develop new products and do you have a recorded procedure for product development?		
Do you have a realistic pricing policy based on an accurate product costing system?		
EXPORTING	YES	NO
Have you achieved any exports?		
Do you have any export experience?		
Do any employees have recent export administration experience?		

If the enterprise cannot answer 'yes' to at least two-thirds of these questions, then it should take a serious look at what corrections/improvements need to be made before attempting to export. Of especial importance are the questions relating to production, because without an exportable product produced in a viable operating plant, exports cannot take place. However, any business activities need to be set in the framework of a well-thought through plan and, if the enterprise still has a way to go before it is likely to be export-ready, planning to achieve export-readiness is an essential first step.

An enterprise that can answer 'yes' to most of the questions, and especially to those concerning production, could well develop an export plan and then begin to explore export possibilities and undertake preliminary export market research, while it makes the necessary improvements in other areas.

# CHAPTER 13 INFORMATION SOURCES FOR EXPORT MARKET RESEARCH

#### 13.1 NICHE MARKETING/MARKET SEGMENTATION

Before considering where to find information about foreign markets, the potential exporter should understand one of the most important principles of export marketing – the concept of niche markets or market segmentation (the two terms have the same meaning).

The aim of every marketer is to be a preferred supplier to the chosen markets. The challenge for small companies is to achieve such a position even though they may be competing against much larger firms. The small company can do this by identifying in the overall market small niches or segments whose specific needs it can meet and by tailoring its marketing efforts to those niches.

For food products, including processed fruits, vegetables and nuts, the following are examples of some niche or market segments:

#### Income levels

Products might offer exclusivity to the very rich or exceptional value for money for the less affluent.

#### Pack sizes

Small packs might be offered to consumers who cannot afford to buy large ones, or who do not have the space to store large ones (e.g. dwellings in the Far East are often very much smaller than those found in the West). On the other hand, bulk packs could be offered to institutions (schools, universities, hospitals, prisons, hotels, etc.).

#### · Health consciousness

Products with natural ingredients might be preferred by the health-conscious, who might be reached through membership of health and sports clubs.

- The concept might extend to residents of old age homes, or perhaps to exclusive nursing homes and recuperation centers.
- Age-related products: there are any number of products that appeal to people of a specific age group. Older, more conservative people have different tastes in food to younger people.
- Cultural and /or religious differences create a demand for certain food products, such as Kosher and Halal certification.

Readers of this manual should already have a good idea of many of the essential issues that have to be taken into account when exporting and therefore have to be researched. Following is a summary of necessary market research issues:

## Different cultures, languages, business customs and laws

Some of the factors that can affect business negotiations across cultures are: decision making time; thought patterns; social behaviour; attitude to material possessions; family relationships; risk avoidance; competitiveness; and short- and long-term planning. Language differences clearly affect how an exporter communicates with potential business partners and how easily agreement can be reached. Language differences mean that labels will need to be translated, and possibly that the exporter's brand name will not be acceptable: consumers may find it too difficult to pronounce or it may have an inappropriate meaning. Cultural differences may also influence whether or not the product will be acceptable, especially if it is a consumer product.

#### · Banking and foreign exchange

Not only will exporters need to understand foreign currencies and South Africa's exchange control regulations; they will also need to understand something of the banking practice in the target market and should seek advice from the foreign or international branch/division of their bank.

#### More complex product standards and specifications

This can be one of the most challenging differences between market requirements in South Africa and those in target export markets. The Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development's export regulations on certain processed fruits, vegetables and nuts are designed to meet many foreign market requirements. Nonetheless, this is one of the first areas you will need to research.

#### 13.2 WHERE CAN INFORMATION BE FOUND?

There is no central source of information covering all the issues of all possible target markets. Some sources, such as the World Trade Organisation, cover certain specific issues for most countries. Others, such as the CIA World Factbook, cover a wide range of aspects of most countries, but only at a macro level, not at a specific marketing level. The following is a guide to information sources:

### HS code

The Harmonised System numerical code by which goods are classified in international trade. The full classification of the product in target markets must be checked to be sure of obtaining the correct import duty information. Help from a freight forwarder.

## Country Information

- South Africa's trade representatives/embassies abroad. For more information visit:
  - ⇒ www.dirco.gov.za
    - ⇒ Websites of SA missions
- CIA World Factbook

- ⇒ www.cia.gov
  - ⇒ Library
    - ⇒ Publications
      - ⇒ The World Factbook
- CBI (Centre for the Promotion of Imports from Developing Countries, The Netherlands):
  - ⇒ www.cbi.eu (see further comments under 13.4)
- International Trade Centre (ITC), Geneva:
  - ⇒ www.intracen.org
    - ⇒ Exporters
  - EU information:
  - ⇒ www.europa.eu
  - ⇒ www.kompass.com
  - ⇒ www.europages.com
  - ⇒ www.euromonitor.com
- Country profiles from local banks; general news media and trade journals in target market.

### Banking infrastructure in target markets

Exporter's bank for basic information.

#### Transport/communications infrastructure

Freight forwarder.

#### Market access

- Freight forwarder;
- Foreign country's embassy/consulate in South Africa.
- SARS website at www.sars.gove.za.
- Dept. of Trade and Industry (the dti) at www.thedti.gov.za.
- South Africa's trade representatives/embassies abroad at www.dirco.gov.za.

#### Import licensing and import tariff system

Foreign country's embassy/consulate in South Africa; freight forwarder; for US, including AGOA.

### Special customs provisions

- Advance rulings on Customs classifications and entry regulations and procedures.
- Freight forwarder.
- Information should be checked with Customs officials during a market visit.

#### Technical, food, health and safety standards

- THe Dept. of Agriculture, Land Reform & Rural Development for regulated processed fruits, vegetables and nuts.
- Foreign country standards body (info from SABS).
- For EU countries consult the CBI website at www.cbi.eu.

### Packaging and labelling regulations

- Foreign country's standards body or trade regulatory body.
- For EU countries consult the CBI website.

#### Documentary requirements

- Freight forwarder should assist.
- The buyer/agent should inform the exporter of foreign market requirements.

#### 13.3 CBI SERVICES

CBI – the Centre for the Promotion of Imports from Developing Countries – is probably the most comprehensive information source for companies wishing to export products to EU countries. All information is provided free of charge and covers general manuals on exporting, exhibiting at foreign trade fairs, and similar issues, as well as specific reports on individual product groups.

Readers of this manual should visit the CBI website and register, which is a once-off simple process. Then go to www.cbi.eu/market-information and select processed fruits, vegetables and edible nuts. A range of issues are available concerning different aspects of exporting this range of products to EU countries:

- Trendmapping: insights and foresights on key European market dynamics
- Market competitiveness.
- Channels and segments.
- Tradewatch, covering trade statistics.
- Buyer's black box: What is on the mind of a European buyer.
- Business landscape.
- Product factsheets.
- Buyer requirements.
- Database of specific market reports.

# APPENDIX 1 PACKAGING CHECKLIST

### PACKAGING CHECKLIST FOR EXPORTERS OF FOOD PRODUCTS

PROTECTION OF HEALTH AND SAFETY	YES	NO
Do all packaging materials used (including items such as printing inks, adhesives, etc.) conform to existing laws and are they approved, if applicable, for direct contact with food?		
Is this certified by the package supplierin accordance, for example, with the internationally recognised regulations of the FDA or the EU?		
Have such regulations been checked and certificates issued in respect of the particular nature of the packed product?		
Have specific regulations for packaging and mandatory labelling to prevent misuse been checked for such products as dietary products, aerosols containing food, etc.?		
Are there any requirements for childproof closures of the packs?		
When perishable foods such as vegetables, meat, fish, seafood, poultry, eggs, dairy products, etc. are packed, are there any regulations on sanitary certification, prescribed packaging materials, use-by-date or other markings in the target markets?		
Are there any specific hygiene regulations for machinery or personnel carrying out the packing operation?		
LABELING	YES	NO
Does the product's name properly describe the product without being misleading as to its nature or origin?		
Does the product name and quality grade conform to international or national standardised nomenclature?		
When a picture of the product in use is shown on the package, can this be considered misleading as to the contents of the pack or as to the actual size of the product packed?		
Are any special claims, such as 'new formula', 'economy size', 'weight reducing' claims for dietary products, and so forth, that might be printed on a package, clearly substantiated and allowed by existing regulations?		
Is the average declared weight/volume or allowance for slack fall within the tolerances of existing regulations?		
Does the text on the package include possible mandatory information on:		
Is the text printed in the prescribed language/languages?		
Does the size of the various elements of the text conform to existing legal specifications?		
Are the text elements positioned in the prescribed places on the package or the label?		
Is the information about the product and its use given in conformity with recommendations issued by local consumer organisations?  The nutritional value of foods?  The mineral, vitamin, etc. content of the foods?  Number and size of servings?  Date of production or latest recommended date of consumption?  The unit price of the product?		
Must the label carry barcode markings of the Universal Product Code (UPC – 9 digits) system or the European Article Numbering (EAN – 13 digits) system?		

ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS		NO
Is the type of package, such as non-returnable, easy-opening can closures, aerosol propellants, and so on, allowed by environmental legislation in the target markets?		
Are there any specific regulations for packaging materials of vegetable origin such as wood, straw, hay, or for used textile sacks, shredded waste paper, and so forth? If applicable, have the necessary fumigation or sterilisation certificates for such materials been obtained?		
Are there any fiscal duties to be paid in the target markets, for example, on non-returnable packages?		
STANDARDS	YES	NO
Does the construction, dimensions, size, capacity and material speci cations of the package conform to possible standards or recommendations issued, for example, by:  ISO or other international bodies?  EC or other regional organisations?  National standards institutions in the respective target markets?  Voluntary industry agreements?  IATA or other international transport conventions?  National road or rail carriers?		

Source: Food Export Programme Manual, Wesgro, 2008

# ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS DALRRD ACKNOWLEDGES THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION SOURCES

South African Revenue Service website www.sars.gov.za

Perishable Products Export Control Board www.ppecb.com

Food Export Programme: Wesgro, 2008 www.wesgro.co.za

> CBI www.cbi.eu

International Chamber of Commerce www.iccwbo.org

Making Exports your Business

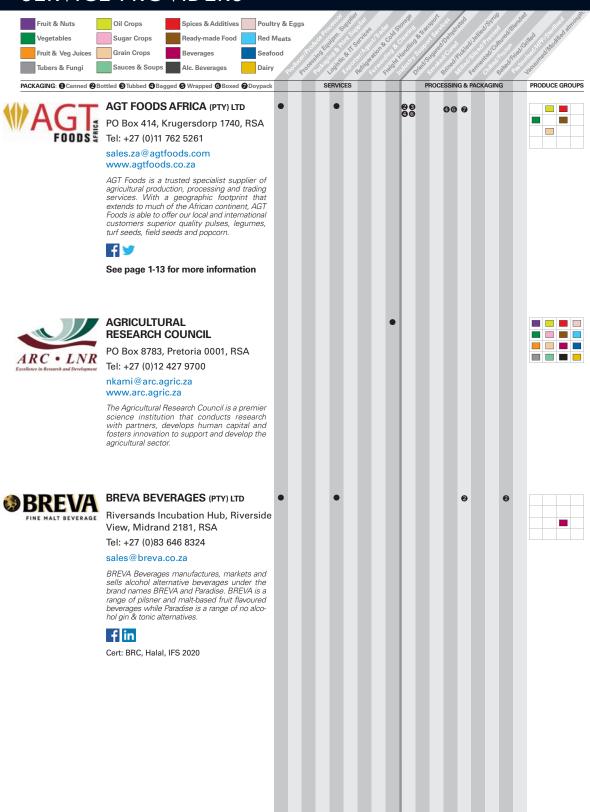
Moore and Beudeker, Western Cape Dept. of Economic Development, 2004

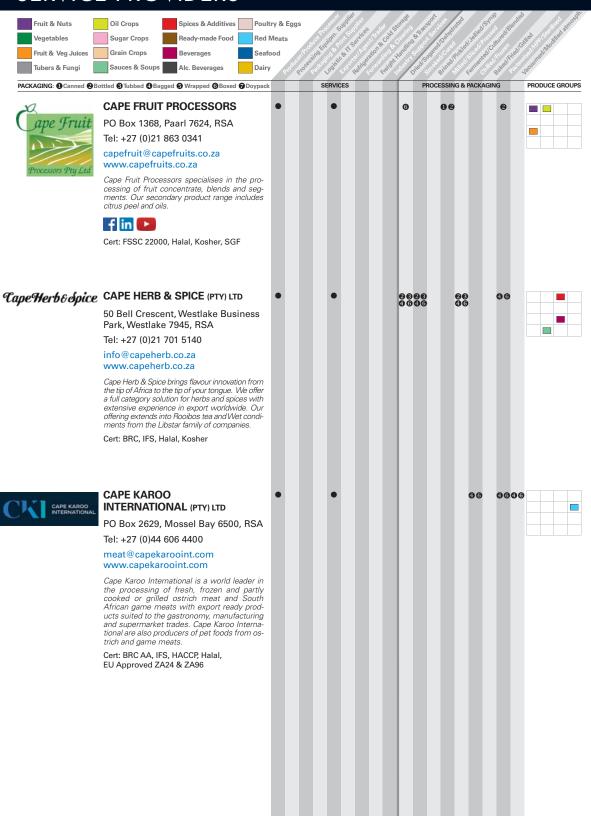
www.capetown.gov.za

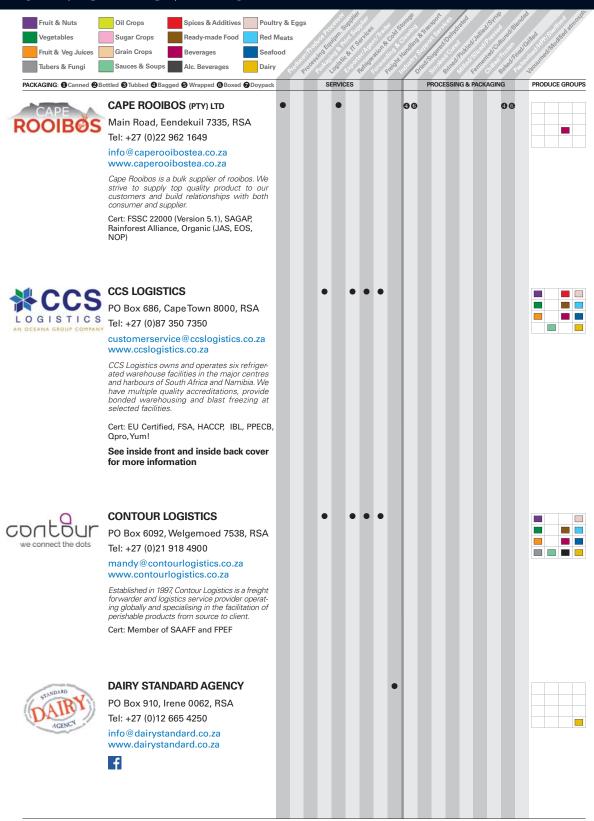
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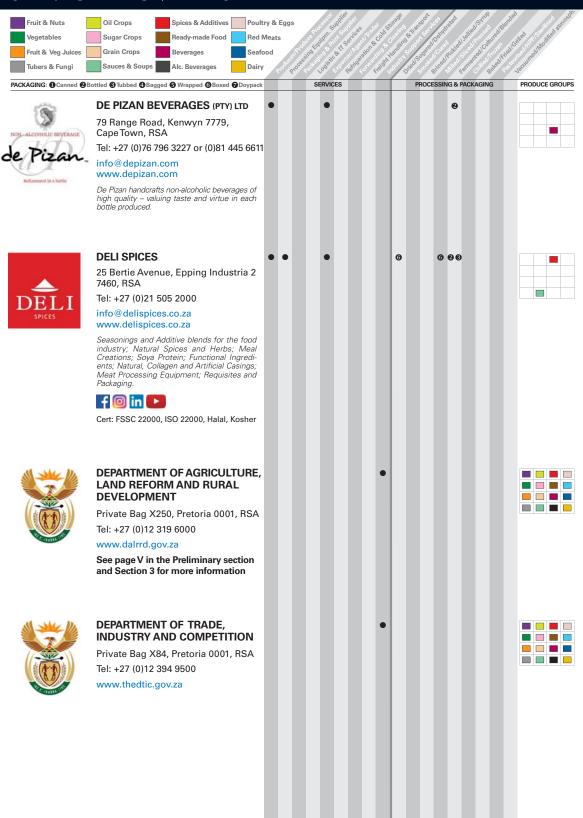
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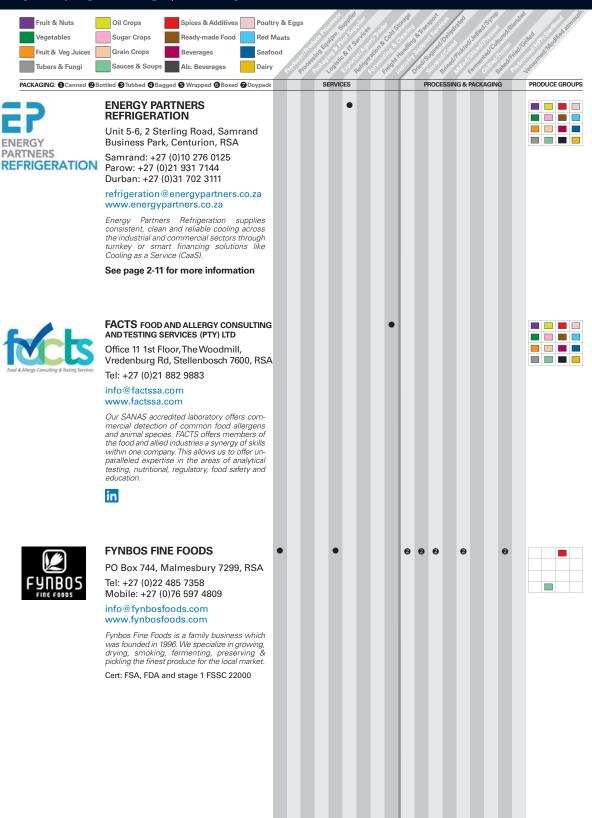


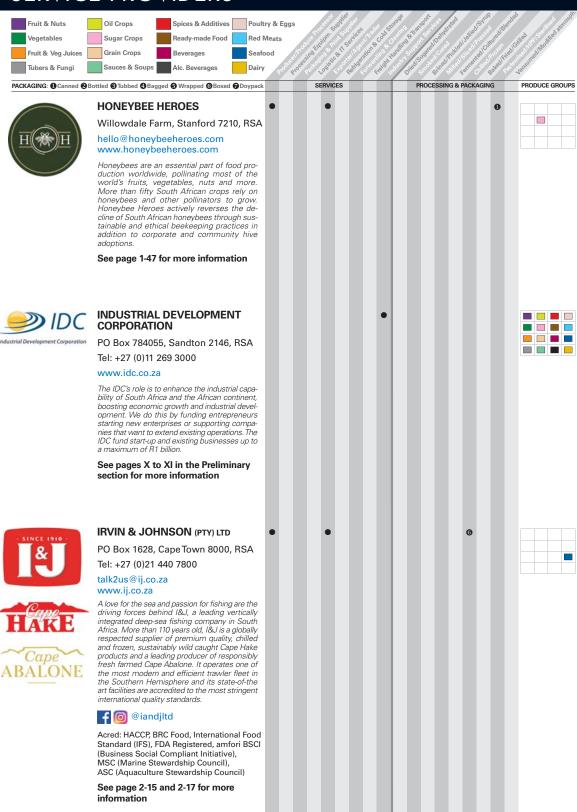


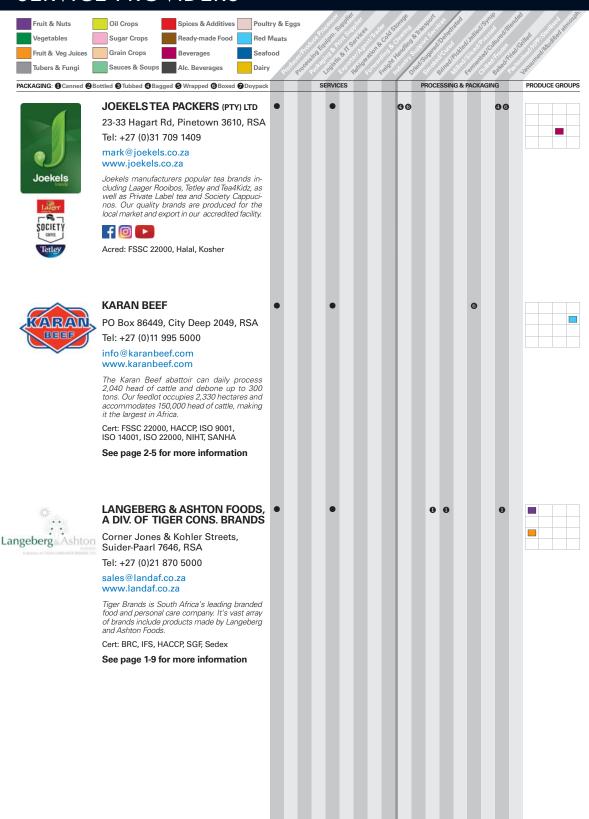


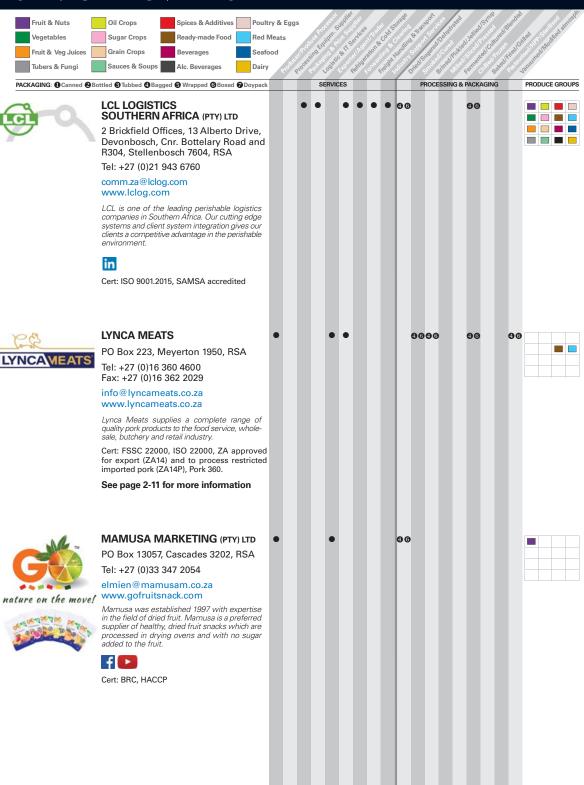


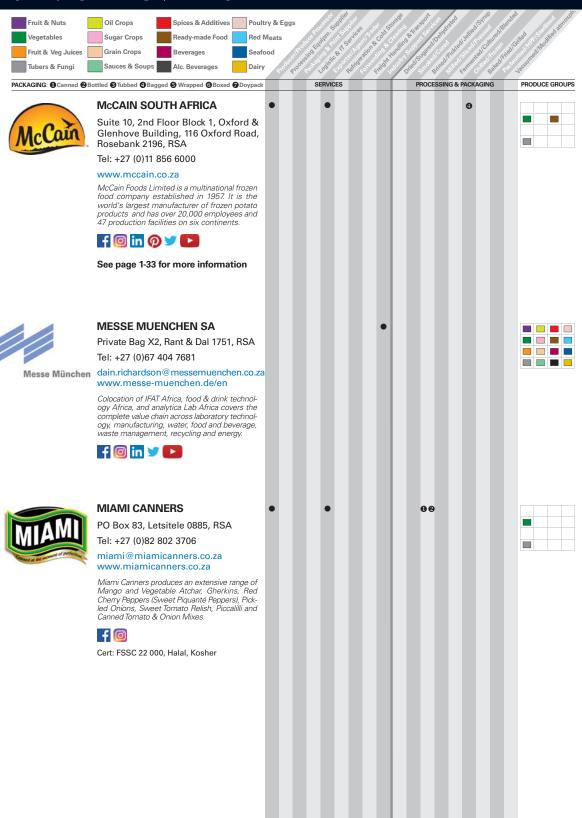




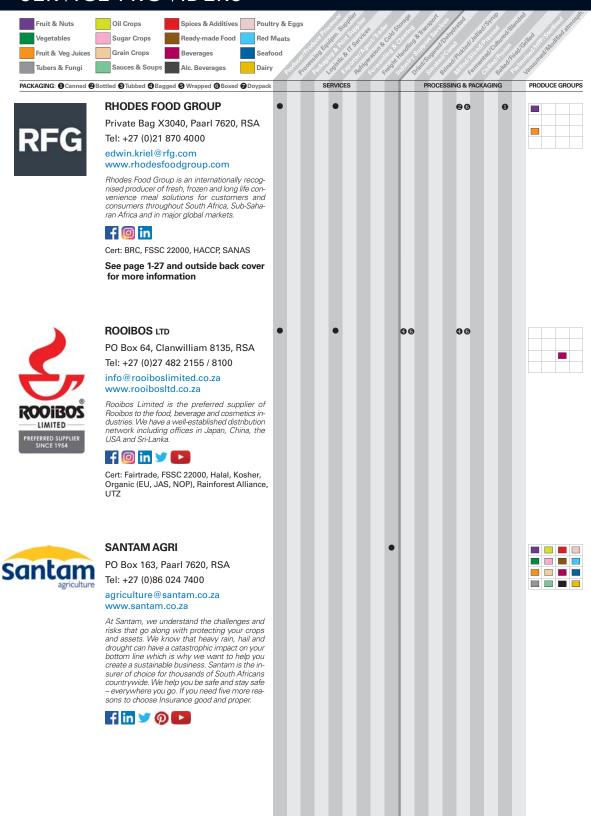


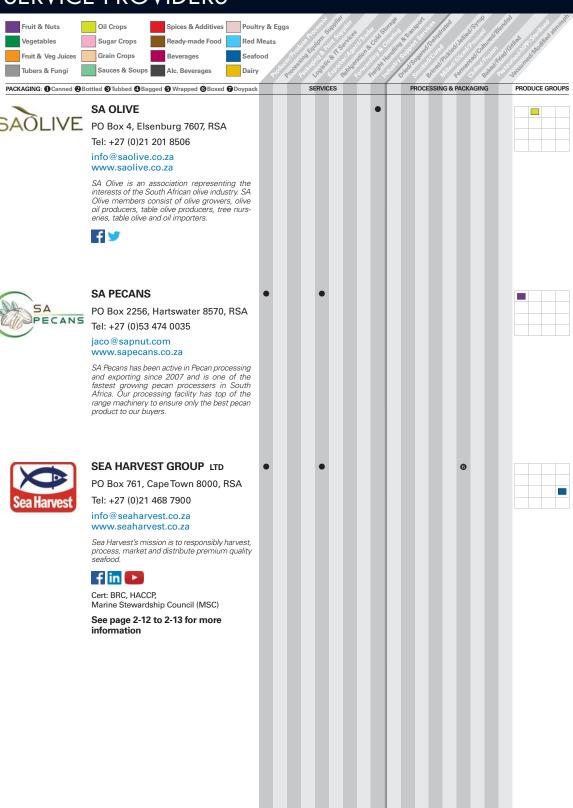


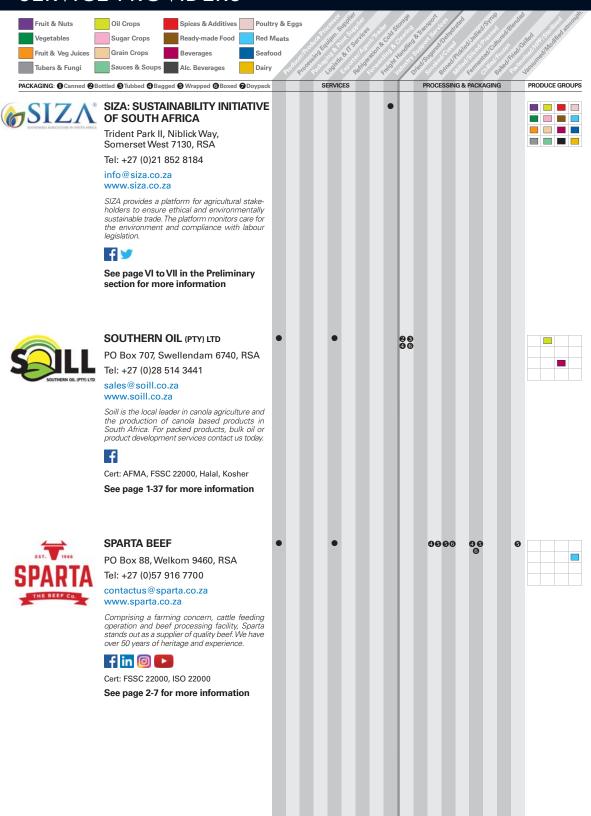


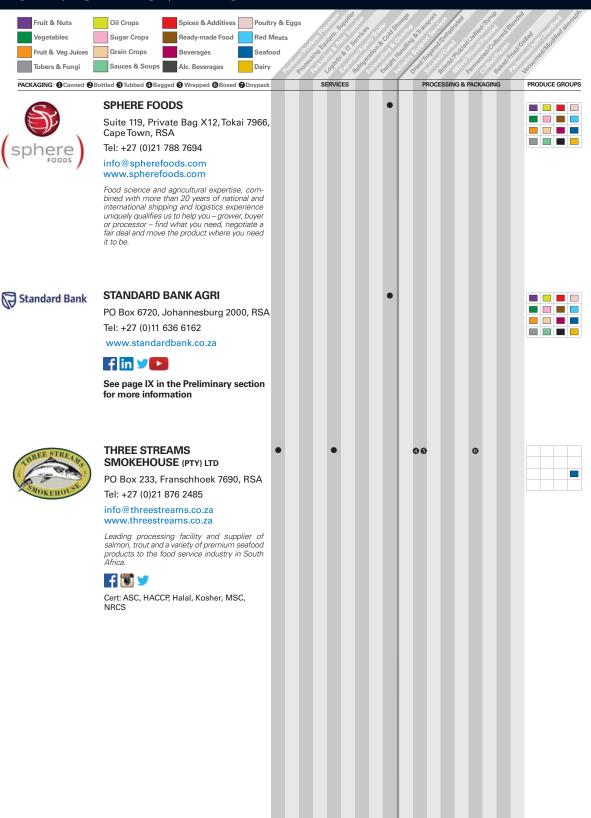


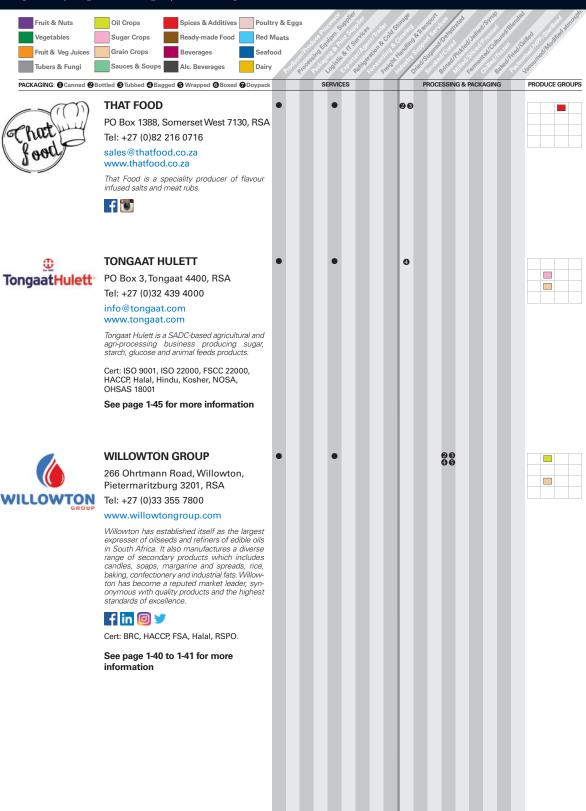
Fruit & Nuts	Oil Crops Spices & Additives Pould	ry & Eggs	dogs fire the fire of the fire	d strosph.
Vegetables	Sugar Crops Ready-made Food Red I	ry & Eggs	ode in a thread it is a particle of the description of the state of th	silled to Seell address at the state of the seelling of the se
Fruit & Veg Juices	Grain Crops Beverages Seafe	Meats , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	School Service Control	ditedirinadinin
Tubers & Fungi	Sauces & Soups Alc. Beverages Dairy	Story States Sorge Today Cho, Being Sount Height	rice Diego Strot Brites Mile Februs Chill Baken See	Vacuity
PACKAGING: 1 Canned 2 Bo	ottled 3 Tubbed 4 Bagged 3 Wrapped 6 Boxed Doypack		PROCESSING & PACKAGING	PRODUCE GROUPS
QUANTUM	QUANTUM FOODS	•	6	
FOODS	PO Box 1183, Wellington 7655, RSA 11 Main Road, Wellington, RSA			
	Tel: +27 (0)21 864 8600			
	coenie.nel@quantumfoods.co.za www.quantumfoods.co.za			
	Quantum Foods is a focused primary agricultural business that has four focus areas namely animal feeds, eggs & layer livestock, broilers and related businesses on the African continent outside South Africa.			
( <b>8</b> )	RAISINS SOUTH AFRICA			
Raisins	9 Groenpuntway, Keidebees,			
South Africa	Upington 8801, RSA PO Box 2536, Upington 8800, RSA			
	Tel: +27 (0)54 495 0283			
	bekkieva@raisinsa.co.za www.raisinsa.co.za			
	f in © 💆			
	See page 1-11 for more information			
redespresso	RED ESPRESSO  30 Zandwyk Park, Old Paarl Road, Paarl 7646, RSA  Tel: +27 (0)21 863 1060 pete@redespresso.com www.redespresso.com		<b>a a</b>	•
	Red espresso® is the international award- winning innovator and producer of rooibos tea espresso and the famous red cappuccino®. We also produce superfood lattes, vegan - friendly chai and other healthy coffee alternatives.			
	f 🞯 💇			
	Cert: CANSA, FSSC 22000, Halal, Kosher, SANHA, UTZ, WW IBL, Sedex			
RAJE	RED MEAT INDUSTRY FORUM			
RED MEAT INDUSTRY FORUM	PO Box 36802, Menlo Park 0186, RSA			
	Tel: +27 (0)79 162 6465			
	manager@rmif.co.za www.redmeatsa.co.za			











# QUICK REFERENCE

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Absa AgriBusiness	Preliminary section IV, 4-2
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AgriSA	Preliminary section XII, XIII, 4-2
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Cape Karoo International	
Cape Rooibos	
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De Pizan Beverages	
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Standard Bank Agri	Preliminary section IX, 4-16
Three Streams Smokehouse	
That Food	
Tongaat Hulett	1-45, 4-17
Willowton Group	1-40, 1-41, 4-17

## **HS CODE & SHORT DESCRIPTION**

	113	CODE & SHORT DESCRIPTION	
07F	Fresh and Processed	2008Sugared	080261Shelled
	All Fresh and Processed	2009All Juices	080262Unshelled
02010		2102All Baking Powder & Yeast	080620Raisins
0202F		2104All Soups & Broths	08029010Shelled or Unshelled
		2105All Ice Cream	090210All Honeybush Tea
	Chilled or Frozen	2106Mixed, Prepared	100490All Oats excl. Seed
0207		2201Pure Water	100590All Maize excl. Seed
	Chilled or Frozen	2209All Vinegar	120810Flour & Meal
	All Game & Venison	2501All Salt	121299All Rooibos Tea
	Prepared Fish Prepared Crustaceans	2936Vitamins 3301Single Source	151211Crude Oil 151219Non-Crude Oil
	Prepared Molluscs	020711Chilled, Whole	160210Homogenised Cooked Meat
0401F		020712Frozen, Whole	160231Turkey
	Concentrated	020713Chilled, Cuts	160232Chicken
		020714Frozen, Cuts	160239Duck & Geese
0404		020724Chilled Whole Turkey	160290Pateurised
0405	All Butter & Fats	020725Frozen Whole Turkey	160413Preserved
0406	All Cheese & Curd	020726Chilled Turkey Pieces	160553Prepared
0407	All Eggs in Shell	020727Frozen Turkey Pieces	160557Prepared
	Prved. Unshelled Eggs	020741Chilled Whole Duck	190110Dairy & Grain Mixtures
0409		020742Frozen Whole Duck	190211Uncooked, Containing Egg
0713		020743Chilled Duck Livers	190219Uncooked, Not containing Egg
0714		020744Chilled Duck Pieces	190220Stuffed Pasta
0811F		020745Frozen Duck Pieces	190230Unstuffed, Cooked
	Partly Preserved	020753Chilled Geese Livers	200110Preserved in Vinegar
08130	Fresh, Frozen or Dried	020754Chilled Geese Pieces 020755Frozen Geese Pieces	200190Preserved in Vinegar
0901		030211Chilled	200410Preserved, Frozen 200490Preserved, Frozen
0904		030243Chilled	200510Homogenised for Infants
0905\	<i>l</i> anilla	030254Chilled excl. Fllets	200510Homogenised Vegetables
09060		030271Chilled	200520Preserved, Unfrozen
09070		030323Frozen	200540Brined
0908		030353Frozen	200551Brined, Shelled
0909		030366Frozen excl. Fillets	200559Brined, Unshelled
0910	Ginger, Curry, Saffron, Turmeric	030383Frozen	200570Preserved Fruit
1101F	lour	030474Frozen Fillets	200580Preserved
1104V	Vorked	030482Frozen Fillets	200599Preserved, Unfrozen
1107		030611Frozen	200600Sugared
		030621Prepared	200811Preparations
1109		030631Chilled	200911Frozen
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15070 15080		030739Preserved 030741Chilled	200919Brix value > 20 200921Brix value < 20
1509\		030743Frozen	200929Brix value < 20
1510 (	Dil Mixtures	030749Preserved	200923Brix value > 20
1511 <i>A</i>	All Palm Oil	030781Chilled	200949Brix value > 20
	All Margarine	030789Preserved	200961Brix value < 30
	All Red Meat	040229All Flavoured Milk	200969Brix value > 30
1602	All Red Meat	071010Frozen	200971Brix value < 20
	All Seafood & Meat Extracts	071021Frozen	200979Brix value > 20
1604F		071022Frozen	200981All Cranberry Juice
	Crustaceans	071029Frozen	200989All Pomegranate Juice
1701		071040Frozen	200990All Juice Blend
	All Sweetners	071080Frozen	210310All Soya Sauce
1703N		071090Mixed, Frozen	210320All Tomato Sauce
1704		071120Prov. Procented	210390All Prepared Sauces
	Containing Cocoa Malt Extract	071140Prov. Preserved 071151Agaricus - Prov. Preserved	210420Homogenised Mixtures 210610Protein Concentrates
1901		071151Agancus - Prov. Preserved	220210All Flavoured Water
1904		071190Provisionally Preserved	220290All Soft Drinks
		071220Dried	220410All Sparkling Wine
2002F		071239Dried	320300Colourants
2003F		071290Dried	330210Mixtures
		071310Dried	330210Flavourants
	Jam, Marmelade, Jelly	071339Dried	





















